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The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta Editor: Syed Abdulla Brelvi

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SOVIET REJECTS PEACE APPROACH

OUT FOR PUPPET RAJ OVER FINLAND

But Adventure Proves Too Costly

PARACHUTE MANOEUVRES FOILED BY GUNMEN

Heavy Russian Losses: Hidden Mines Work Havoc: Advance Held Up By Snowstorms

BERLIN, December 4.

THE Soviet is determined to secure the unconditional defeat of the Helsinki Government and establish that of M. Kuussinen, according to a news agency dispatch from Moscow.

It adds this was presumably M. Molotov's answer when he received the Swedish Minister.

PARACHUTE MANOEUVRES

A London Cable Says:

Soviet manoeuvres to land troops by parachute in the Northern and Southern sectors are reported to have completely failed. The parachutes were either shot down or disarmed before they could do any damage.

FRESH TROOPS LANDED

LONDON, Dec. 4.

Fighting is reported in the extreme north in Petsamo district, where, according to Norwegian correspondents, Russian troops are making no headway. They say that 3,000 troops have been landed from ships.

SNOWSTORMS TO RESCUE

LONDON, Dec. 4.

The fighting between Finnish and Soviet forces has diminished, according to Finnish official circles in London. This is attributed partly to bad weather and snowstorms stated to be raging in many parts of Finland.

HEAVY SNOWSTORM

COPENHAGEN, Dec. 4.

Everyone able to move had left Helsinki by Sunday night, states a dispatch to the newspaper "Berlingske Tidende". Heavy snowstorm is raging. It is feared that many evacuees will freeze to death on icy roads.—Reuter.

NICKEL ZONE ABLAZE

OSLO, Dec. 4.

Refugees, including wounded soldiers, who arrived at the Norwegian village of Svanvik report that Salmipaervi, centre of the Nickel Zone in North Finland is burning. Huge columns of smoke are observed from Svanvik.

It is believed that Russians landed fresh troops in North Finland, hence new operations are expected shortly.

RUSSIAN ADVANCE HELD UP

The military situation is developing in favour of Finland, according to Finnish authorities in London. Following the fall of snow in Lake Ladoga district, Russians are having difficulty in advancing.

Finns on SKIS are able to concentrate at menaced points with great speed and Russian motorised forces are at a disadvantage.

It is claimed that late in the

(Continued on page 7 col. 1.)

EXPULSION WILL BE JUSTIFIED

BUENOS AIRES, December 4.

The Argentine Foreign Minister has telegraphed to M. Avenol that his Government considers that the Soviet aggression against Finland justifies the expulsion of the Soviet from the League of Nations.—Reuter.

Russia Leaves The League?

Not Prepared To Discuss Finland: Council To Meet On Dec. 9

NO SOVIET REPLY TO FINNISH APPROACH

COPENHAGEN, Dec. 4.

The Soviet Union has decided to leave the League of Nations immediately it starts discussing the Finnish question, according to a Riga report to the "Politiken."—Reuter.

NO SOVIET REPLY TO PEACE APPROACH

LONDON, Dec. 4.

The new Finnish Cabinet decided on Sunday night to attempt to bring about an amicable settlement with the Soviet, insofar as it was possible without violating the independence and vital interests of Finland.

The Soviet was approached through the Swedish Legation at Moscow but hitherto no reply has been received.

'READY TO NEGOTIATE'

NEW YORK, Dec. 4.

"I will only say that the Finnish Government is ready to ne-

(Continued on page 7, col. 2)

SWEDEN ALSO PREPARES

Move To Form National Coalition Govt.

STOCKHOLM, Dec. 4.

Negotiations for the reconstruction of the Swedish Cabinet with a view to the formation of National Coalition Government are now in progress, according to the "Aftonbladet."

The paper emphasises that negotiations are an established fact and that the result may be expected at any moment.—Reuter.

ACTIVE SUPPORT FOR FINLAND

Subscriptions are streaming in for a fund to equip volunteers to help the Finns in other ways.

Some 1,500 Swedes have already announced their desire to fight for Finland and many have already left at their own expense after buying their own equipment.

Students of Sweden have presented the King an enormous petition appealing for active support for Finland. Demonstrations in favour of this were held in various places.

HELP TO REFUGEES

Hasty preparations are being being made here to provide food and shelter for Finnish evacuee children who with their parents are at present camping in the forest on the frontier and are suffering acutely from cold and hunger.

Madame Sandler, wife of Swedish Foreign Minister, is forming a Committee to co-ordinate women's organisations and to co-operate with Swedish Red Cross in its efforts to mitigate the plight of the refugees.—Reuter.

SWEDEN CALLING UP MORE MEN

ROME, Dec. 4.

According to a Stockholm dispatch the Swedish Cabinet is calling up more men, and a series of measures have been passed to strengthen national defence in view of aggravation of the international situation.—Reuter.

"DOWN WITH SOVIET"

Fresh demonstrations favouring Finland and against Soviet occurred here. A crowd of students gathered outside the Finnish Legation and shouted anti-Soviet slogans. The Finnish Minister appeared on the balcony of the Legation in response to the calls of the demonstrators, who thereafter continued to march shouting "Long Live Finland; down with the Soviet Union."

The Soviet Embassy is now strongly guarded, while a cordon of troops has resulted in the district being more or less isolated. —Reuter.

ANGLO-FRANCO-SOVIET TALKS FAIL

LONDON, Dec. 4.

Britain and France's refusal to deal in the sovereignty of Russia's small neighbours led to the breakdown of the Anglo-Franco-Soviet talks, it is now revealed by authoritative quarters in London.

According to this statement, the Soviet insisted that Britain and France should induce the Baltic countries and Finland to grant naval bases on the Island of Oesel, Dago and Aaland but **the Allies refused.—Reuter.**

War Clouds Over Hungary

PARIS, Dec. 4.

A report that Germany is concentrating a large number of troops on the Hungarian frontier is declared in a Bucharest telegram to be confirmed from various quarters.—Reuter.

Rajkot Pats Its Own Back

(From Our Correspondent)

RAJKOT, Dec. 4.

A Press Note as a rejoinder to Mahatma's article in "The Harijan" dated 25th November has been issued by the Rajkot State.

In the lengthy Press Note which is not signed by any authority, though written in the first person singular, Mahatma has been accused of misrepresenting and suppressing facts. In an unimpressive and uncivil manner a case is sought to be made out that adult franchise has not been curtailed as alleged by Mahatmaji but the same has been widened. Further Gandhiji has been accused of having deliberately kept quiet on "great step taken forwards towards popular control in the new Constitution, viz., that three nation-building Departments of the State have been handed over to two elected representatives of the people.

Defending the State's action of having reduced the strength of the Assembly and having introduced a new element of nomination it is argued that the former Sabha was of only a consultative character, having powers of recommendations only, whereas the future Assembly, according to the new Constitution has very wide powers of legislation and as such real representatives of people and learned and enlightened men should come forward in the Legislature.

Unfair and grossly unjust as it looks to anyone people of Rajkot have been described as not having developed sufficient political sense and the Note says that Gandhiji has shown a lamentable lack of knowledge of conditions existing in Rajkot.

ALLEGED SUPPORT

A list of six persons who were once nominated on the Parishad Committee, when Sardar Patel was to recommend names according to the terms of the agreement dated 26th December, 1938, has been published in the Press Note, stating that even these persons whom Gandhiji called self-respecting have unanimously accepted the new reforms and shown their satisfaction at them. These persons, are Messrs. Popatlal Malaviya, Popatlal Ananda, Mulla Valji, Dr. Gujjar, Chhotalal Shah and Sobhagyachand Mody. In the name of Bhayats, Muslim Council, and Hindus in general this contended that they are all satisfied with the new reforms and Bhayats particularly have requested the Thakore Saheb that due protection should be given to all from agitation in future and that Mr. Dhebar will be held responsible for any such disturbance that may arise out of it. Cultivators are stated to have been much pleased at the reforms and heaved a sigh of relief at their deliverance from the clutches of Mr. Dhebar and other agitators.

In the end the Press Note remarks that in view of the above facts it is clear that Gandhiji's criticism lacks any foundation in facts and his advice to the people of Rajkot to non-co-operate **is highly improper.**

FIRST INDIAN IN R. A. F.

Son Of Nawab Of Jaora's Enlistment Accepted

LONDON, Dec. 4.

Nawabzada Mohammed Ehtesham Ali Khan, son of the Nawab of Jaora, a Central Indian State, has been accepted for enlistment in the R. A. F. and has already joined a training unit as a rigger mechanic. It was his own wish to start in the ranks.

The Nawabzada is believed to be the first Indian ever accepted for the R. A. F.—Reuter.

ROME-BERLIN TALKS

LONDON, Dec. 4.

Dr. Ley, leader of the German Labour Front, left for Rome at the invitation of the Italian Government. He will stay there for several days.

The German Ambassador in Rome left for Berlin to-day.—Reuter.

PLEA FOR LONGER TERM FOR MAYOR

Satyamurthi On Need Of Permission For Re-election

MADRAS, Dec. 4.

The view that the period of one year was too short for any Mayor to carry out his programme of civic improvement, and therefore the Corporation Councils should be given the option by amendment of the relevant Acts to re-elect the same Mayor for a second term of one year, was expressed by Mr. S. Satyamurthi, M.L.A. (Central), Mayor of Madras, at a conference with local journalists at his residence last evening.

Dewan Bahadur R. Subbayya Naidu, Commissioner of the Madras Corporation, was also present at the conference.

For the efficient working of the departments of the Corporation, Mr. Satyamurthi emphasised that it was essential that the services under the Corporation, high and low, must be provincialised, and favouritism must go.

The Mayor also welcomed constructive criticism in the Press. —United Press.

BURMA COMMISSIONS

RANGOON, Dec. 4.

The Governor of Burma under the new Letters Patent issued by His Majesty the King on November 1 published for information in the "Gazette" Extraordinary to-day, has been empowered to grant Commissions not only in Burma Land Forces but also in any Naval or Air Forces that may be raised in Burma.—A. P.

STOP PRESS

ON WESTERN FRONT.

PARIS, Dec. 4.

A Communique states there was local activity of contact units and some reciprocal artillery action.—Reuter.

STORY ABOUT SOVIET CRUISER.

TALLINN, Dec. 4.

Reports that the Soviet cruiser "Kirov" has been towed here for repairs as the result of a direct hit from the Finnish battery at Hangoe are strongly denied in well-informed quarters here.—Reuter.

SECRET WEAPON AGAINST MAGNETIC MINES

New Method Works Well, Claims Britain

NAZIS PLAN EXTENSION OF BLOCKADE

Hunt For U-Boats: More Ships Sunk: King In France

LONDON, Dec. 4.

A SECRET METHOD FOR DEALING WITH MAGNETIC MINES SOWN BY SEAPLANES IS GRADUALLY BEING INCREASINGLY USED AND IS PROVING VERY SATISFACTORY.

THOUGH IT IS DIFFICULT TO ESTIMATE THE NUMBER OF U-BOATS ACTUALLY SUNK, IT IS ASSERTED THAT THEY ARE BEING SUNK AT MUCH MORE RAPID RATE THAN GERMANY CAN BUILD NEW ONES.

EXTENSION OF BLOCKADE

A BERLIN CORRESPONDENT OF A SWEDISH NEWSPAPER REPORTS THAT THERE ARE RUMOURS THAT GERMANY WOULD DECLARE A FEW MORE AREAS AROUND GREAT BRITAIN TO BE BLOCKADED.

ALL SHIPS ENTERING THAT AREA, IRRESPECTIVE OF NATIONALITY, WOULD BE SUNK WITHOUT WARNING.

EFFECTIVE MINE-SWEEPING

Britain has taken 144 U-Boat prisoners according to an authoritative statement. Thirty-three German merchantmen were put out of action with a total tonnage of 171,390.

Approximately 410 British lives were lost through sinking of merchantmen, while only four Germans lost their lives and that through gunfire from their own U-Boat, which attacked a German ship.

In the week ending December 2, Britain lost 23,282 tons of shipping, representing six ships sunk.

Neutrals lost six with tonnage of 30,932.

Tonnage lost in November was one third of September, attributed to the fact that methods of minesweeping were more and more effective and Germans were prevented from sowing as many mines.

MORE SHIPS SUNK

London steamer "Eskedene" (3,829 tons) was mined and sunk. The crew of 29 landed at a Scottish port.

GERMAN SHIP SINKS

COPENHAGEN, Dec. 4.

Another German guardship today struck a mine and sank south of Langeland Island. The fate of the crew is unknown. —Reuter.

"Watusi" Crew & Passengers Landed Safely

Hundred and fifty-five crew and 43 passengers, including 14 women and two children, from the scuttled "Watusi" landed safely. No lives were lost.

SUNK IN COLLISION

LONDON, Dec. 4.

The steamer "Hamsterley" was sunk as the result of a collision off the Norfolk coast to-day. One Lascar seaman is missing and the remainder of the crew of 23 were landed.—Reuter.

Swedish Boat Sunk

Swedish collier "Rudolf" bound for Malmo from Hartlepool was sunk by a mine off the English coast.

It is understood the entire crew took to lifeboats before the ship sank.

KING GEORGE IN FRANCE

Personal Tour Of Troops In Programme

LONDON, Dec. 4.

The King landed in France this afternoon from a British destroyer.

His Majesty intends to make a personal tour of the troops in France.

The Duke of Gloucester, who has been in England on leave accompanied the King.—Reuter.

"Enemy Submarine Attacked & Destroyed

LONDON, Dec. 4.

The Air Ministry announces that an R. A. F. coastal reconnaissance plane, while on patrol over the North sea, attacked and destroyed with bombs an enemy submarine which was surprised on the surface.

A direct hit was obtained at the base of the Coning-tower.—

It is learned that there are no survivors of the U-Boat which an R.A.F. 'plane destroyed to-day. The crew made frantic efforts to close the coning-tower hatch and crash and dive the submarine when the 'plane was heard, but they were too late.

Parts of the submarine were thrown high by the explosion and the surface of the sea was coated with oil over a large area.

U-Boat Prisoners

LONDON, Dec. 4.

The admiralty announces that a number of U-boat prisoners were landed at a Scottish Port last night as a result of the recent naval operations.—Reuter.

Berlin Confirms Raid On Heligoland

BERLIN, Dec. 4.

In a statement regarding the British air-raid on Heligoland, the German official news agency says, "It is now stated that owing to heavy anti-aircraft

(Continued on Page 7 col. 3).

Our Tabulated Adlets

1 Anna Per Word

Minimum Re. 1

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (up to 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

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is offered to our Adletisers Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE", if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL" will be charged for the "SENTINEL" at half-anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words —Box No. (——), "The Bombay Chronicle",—must be paid for. The management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted immediately. Turner, Blacksmith, coppersmith, boilermaker also railway fitters. Apply "Daboo", Ismail Bldg., 381, Hornby Road, Bombay. (12556)

Applications are invited for the post of a Cashier in the grade of 60—5—110—6—140 for the Vile Parle Municipality from persons holding any degree or diploma in Accountancy and L.S.G.D., with previous experience in Accounts work and will be received by the undersigned up to 5-30 p.m., on the 15th December, 1939. C. D. Barfivala, President, Vile Parle Municipality. Municipal Office, "Nehru Road", Vile Parle. Dated 4th December, 1939. (1503)

Wanted An Experienced Governess to act as English tutor to Rajkumari Saheba. Hindu preferred, apply with minimum salary and qualifications. Dewan Dhrol State (Kathiawar) (1464)

Wanted an experienced accountant. Salary 100|10|150. Apply in writing with copies of testimonials to Jt. Hon. Secretary, Bombay Flying Club, Ltd., Juhu, Bombay. (12547)

327. AGENTS WANTED

'X'—Agents for "Vamaco Fabrics" Madrasi Suiting, Shirting. Commission pay. No security. L. B. Varma Co., Cawnpore 19. (12537)

Wanted Agents and Canvassers for a Movie Magazine on highly paid salary and commisssion basis. Apply "Movie Spotlight" 126 E. Dadar Main Road, Dadar. (12534)

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Karani's Xmas New Year Cards unique collection—Latest designs from Annas Two to Rs. Two.

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Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

NOTICE

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED from B. E.s or D. C. E.s of Poona or Karachi for the posts of Jilla Inspectors in this Municipality in the grade of Rs. 55-5-75 plus Rs. 5-0-0 as cycle allowance. Applications stating age, previous experience, etc., with copies of testimonials if any, should reach the undersigned on or before the 15th December, 1939.

(Sd.) I. R. BHAGAT.
Chief Officer,
Ahmedabad Municipality.

Municipal office:
Ahmedabad. Dated. 30-11-39.

(1501)

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Bai **PUSHPAVATI**, wife of Himatlal Jugaldas, **CHUNILAL GIRDHARLAL, CHHOTALAL HIMATLAL** and **SHANTILAL HIMATLAL**, all of Bombay Hindu Inhabitants, Trustees under an Indenture of Settlement, dated 25th May, 1937, have contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients.

All persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office, situate at 24-26, Dalal Street, Fort, Bombay, within fourteen days from the date hereof otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL that piece or parcel of leasehold land or ground with the messuages tenements and buildings standing thereon situate, lying and being at West Chaupatty Estate of the Board of the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay being Plot No. 32B, containing an area of 446 square yards or thereabouts in the Sub-District of Bombay bounded, on the East by Plot No. 32A of the Board of the Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Bombay leased to Bai Banoobai P. Lentin, on the West by common service passage, on the South by Plot No. 31 of the Estate, on the North by Plot No. 33 leased to Bai Manekbai Sorabji Contractor which piece of land bears New Survey No. 7298 part and Cadastral Survey No. 6380 of Malabar and Cumballa Hill Division bearing D Ward No. 2661(42), Street No. 12B.

Dated this 4th day of December, 1939.

DIVECHA & THAKORE.
Purchasers' Attorneys.

(1504)

Auction Sales

BANKER & CO.

AUCTION SALE TO-DAY (TUESDAY) at 11-30 A.M. to 4 P.M. (S.T.) at 57, Medows Street, Fort, of complete Household furniture, Cottage Piano, Singer Machine, Chubb, and Austrian Safes, Steel Cabinet, Remington portable typewriter, H. M. V. Gramophone, Chesterfield sets, Zunda Cabinet, Remington typewriter, etc.

Legal Notices

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. NOORMAHOMED ABDULLA of Bombay Mahomedan Inhabitant has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our client Mr. FATEHLAL YASIN MISTRY, of Poona Mahomedan Inhabitant.

ALL persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at No. 101, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

THE SCHEDULE OF THE PROPERTY.

ALL THAT piece or parcel of Leasehold land or ground with the messuage, tenement or dwelling house standing thereon situate lying and being at Kingsway, Vincent Road, in the Registration District and Sub-District of Bombay in the City and Island of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 939 square yards or thereabouts being Plot No. 176, Scheme No. 60, Naigaum Estate, and Registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Cadastral Survey No. 51/26 of Dadar-Naigaum Division and in the Books of the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under "F" Ward No. 831 (8) and Street No. 192 G, and bounded as follows:—that is to say, on or towards the East by Recreation Ground, on or towards the West by Kingsway (Vincent Road), on or towards the North by a Passage and on or towards the South by Plot No. 177, and which said premises are occupied by the Vendor's Tenants.

Dated this 2nd day of December, 1939.

KHUNDERAO LAUD & Co.,
Purchaser's Attorneys.

(1498)

Auction Sales

TO INVESTORS IN IMMOVABLE PROPERTIES IN HIGH CLASS AND HEALTHY LOCALITY.

SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVABLE PROPERTY KNOWN AS "FRENY TERRACE" AT WODEHOUSE ROAD, COLABA.

Messrs. SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO., will under instructions from Messrs. Amin Desai and Nanavati, Attorneys for Mr Jamnadas Balubhai and Mr. Manilal Jamnadas, the Mortgagees, and on account and at the risk of Mr. Rustomji Cawasji Billimoria and another, the Mortgagors sell by Public Auction on FRIDAY, the 8th December, 1939, at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.) on the premises the undermentioned property.

All that piece of leasehold land admeasuring about 553 Sq. Yds. together with building thereon situate at Wodehouse Road Colaba being Plot No. 34A of the Colaba Reclamation Estate of the Board, Bombay, bearing Collector of Land Revenue New Survey No. 9705 (Part) and Cadastral Survey No. 1/88 of Colaba Division and Municipal A Ward No. 225 (36A) formerly Street No. 44 and present Street No. 68 Wodehouse Road.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Amin Desai and Nanavati, Attorneys for the Mortgagees, Hamam House, Hamam Street, Fort, or to the undersigned.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.,
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SO WILL MERIT!

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ISLAM'S PLEA TO GENEVA

For Representation On International Court Of Justice

GENEVA (By Air Mail).

In a communication the Governments of Egypt, Iran and Iraq on the eve of the elections to the Permanent Court of International Justice at the Hague, have drawn the attention of the members of the League of Nations to Article IX of the Court's Statutes requiring that persons appointed to the Court shall represent the main forms of civilisation and the world's principal legal systems.

The communication states that by reason of its glorious past and its present widespread influence, the Islamic civilisation unquestionably constitutes one of the main forms of civilisation. Furthermore the Moslem Law, by which a large portion of the population of the globe is governed is an autonomous juridical system with its own sources and peculiar structure and conception.

The Permanent Court, therefore, to comply with the stipulation in Article IX of the Statutes, should include a jurist representing Islamic civilisation and the Moslem Law. It is pointed out that since the 1930 elections, Turkey, Iran and Egypt have joined the League, and that the Moslems of the League formed a group, whose importance cannot fail to receive consideration by League members at the Hague Court election.—United Press.

A TRULY GREAT PICTURE

Is one, Characters from which can carry the audiences into their own moods

Those Who have seen

FILM CORPORATION'S SOCIAL TALKIE HIT

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THIS IS A PICTURE You MUST See with Your family at

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Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.

Released through EMPIRE TALKIE DISTRIBUTORS, BOMBAY, 7.

FOURTH WEEK
WADIA'S

KAHAN HAI MANZIL TERI

LAMINGTON

Daily at 4-30 7 & 10 P. M., Sat. Sun. Matinee at 2 P. M.

"DOES NOT AFFECT FILLING OF REGULAR VACANCIES"

Governor's Proclamation Regarding Elections To Legislature

The Director of Public Information U. P. has issued the following statement to the Press:—

The question has been raised whether the Proclamation issued by His Excellency the Governor on November 3 under section 93 of the Government of India Act, 1935, has, or has not, the effect of postponing the elections to the Legislative Council which in the normal course of events would be held early in 1940.

This question has been examined and it is clear that, though under that Proclamation it is unnecessary to hold an election to fill a casual vacancy in either chamber of the Legislature the Proclamation does not in any way affect the filling of regular vacancies in the Legislative Council in accordance with the provisions of the Act. The elections will, therefore, be held.

800 HAJ PILGRIMS SAIL FROM BOMBAY

500 More To Be Picked Up At Karachi

About 800 Haj pilgrims sailed by s.s. "Islami" of the Mogul Lines limited. The steamer will call at Karachi and pick up another complement of 400 passengers.

The decision of the Government of India to keep open the Arabian Ports to the Haj traffic has been widely welcomed by the Muslims of India and the adjoining countries.

It is noteworthy that the company has this year has taken over the management of catering for the pilgrims and comprehensive variety of dishes at a reasonable cost fixed by the Government of India are available for the pilgrims.

Russia And Japan In Saghalien

TOKYO, (By Air Mail.)

The Japanese Government has instructed its Ambassador at Moscow to file a vigorous protest against oppressive measures by the Soviet Government against Japanese oil and coal rights in North Saghalien. Under the provision of a convention, the North Saghalien Mining Company and the North Saghalien Petroleum Company are obliged to engage Soviet workers in a stipulated ratio, while it is incumbent on the Soviet Government to furnish these employees in compliance with the needs of the companies.

It is complained that the Soviet authorities have been violating this by unreasonably hindering the employment of Soviet workers, thereby restricting the operations of and causing heavy losses to the two companies. The Soviet Government is also reported to have caused extreme inconvenience by restricting the import of materials and unfair judicial decisions.—United Press.

Post-Graduate Course In Tuberculosis

New Delhi. (By Mail).

The Tuberculosis Association of India with the help of the Surgeon-General with the Government of Bengal, the Director, All-India Institute of Hygiene and Public Health and the Tuberculosis Association of Bengal are organising a medical post-graduate course in tuberculosis from the 9th January to the 8th February, 1940, both dates inclusive. The Medical Commissioner of the Tuberculosis Association of India and other tuberculosis specialists will deliver lectures on various aspects of the subject, in addition to practical demonstrations, etc.

Applications are invited, for 30 vacancies for this course, from registered medical practitioners—male or female—whether in Government service or otherwise. Of the 30 seats, 10 are reserved for practitioners of the Bengal Province including Indian States, and the remaining for candidates from other parts of India. Applications should be submitted to the Secretary of the Association through the applicants' Provincial or State Tuberculosis Association or through the head of the Medical or Public Health Department in the respective areas, not later than the 18th December, 1939, in the prescribed form, which can be obtained from the Secretary of the Association (20, Talkatora Road, New Delhi). The selection of candidates will be made in the third week of December and selected candidates will be informed at least a week before the commencement of the course. If by chance a selected candidate cannot take advantage of the selection he should intimate the fact by wire to the Secretary, Tuberculosis Association of India, New Delhi, so that the next on the list may be informed in time.

No admission or tuition fees will be charged from the selected candidates, but they must bear railway, boarding, lodging and incidental expenses. They shall also have to make their own arrangements for boarding and lodging for their stay in Calcutta.

Certificates of attendance will be granted at the termination of the course.

The London Gazette announced that a Writ dated November 28 was directed on Aroon Kumar Sinha summoning him to the House of Lords by name, style and title of Baron Sinha of Raipur in Bengal Presidency which has been passed under the Great Seal, pursuant to a Warrant under His Majesty's Sign Manual.

HOMAGE TO AUROBINDO ASHRAM BY CHINESE PROFESSOR

CALCUTTA, (By Mail).

Prof. Tan Yun Shan, the Director of the China-Bhavan of Visva-Bharati has just returned to Calcutta from Pondicherry where he had gone to have 'darshan' of Sri Aurobindo on the 24th November.

Giving his impressions in the course of a statement to the United Press about Sri Aurobindo and his Ashram, Prof. Tan said:

"From what I have seen and felt, I am convinced that Sri Aurobindo is evolving for the inner regeneration of humanity, is something unique in the history of man's spiritual endeavours. I am exceedingly happy being able to pay my homage to this Maha-Yogi of India. I hope and pray that his dynamic personality will keep on extending the radiation of its exalting influence till his mission is fulfilled. It is also my hope that mankind will soon awaken to the profound truth of Sri Aurobindo's message to his own well-being.

"The Mother's is a very great force which acts in the Ashram through the varied expressions of its life. She is indeed the Mother of all, and everything is taking shape under her direct guidance. The atmosphere is full of peace and harmony. I would like to say that the Ashram overflows in its peace which pervades even the whole of the town of Pondicherry.

"The members many of whom I have met seem to be doing their work under an inspiration" —United Press.

STATES' PEOPLE'S CONFERENCE

Standing Committee To Meet In Bombay

BHOPAL, Dec. 3.

Sjt. Kanhaiyalal D. Vaidya, a member of the Standing Committee of the All-India States' People's Conference and General Secretary of the Central India States' People's Conference, had an interview with Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, President of the All-India States' People's Conference, at Muttra and acquainted him with the alleged repression in the Central India States.

Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru has instructed Sjt. Jainarayan Vyas, General Secretary of All-India States' People's Conference, to arrange for a meeting of the Standing Committee of the Conference.

It is understood that the meeting will be held in Bombay in the last week of December next.—United Press.

PRICE CONTROL AT JUNAGADH

(From Our Correspondent)

JUNAGADH, Nov. 30.

In order to control the rise of prices in the Market the Dewan of Junagadh has issued an Extraordinary Dastural Amal to the effect that:—

With a view to control the undue inflation of prices by unscrupulous merchants under the present conditions of the market, the Dewan Saheb has appointed a Price Control Board which has fixed the prices of different commodities.

It has been brought to the Dewan Saheb's notice that since some days some merchants are charging higher prices than those fixed by the Price Control Board and the public instead of insisting upon the tradesmen to obtain the commodities at the prices so fixed and reporting to the Police cases of tradesmen demanding higher prices, as they should do, pay such higher prices.

Thus instead of assisting the State authorities in their efforts to check the unscrupulous tendencies at profiteering on the part of the merchants, the public are assisting such unscrupulous tradesmen.

The Dewan Saheb has accordingly ordered that all tradesmen should be severely warned to desist from such profiteering practices which if detected will be severely dealt with and all public are invited to assist the authorities in this matter by immediately reporting to the nearest Police Officer any tradesmen demanding higher prices than those fixed by the Price Control Board.

CALCUTTA, December 2.—The Government of Bengal have sanctioned Rs. 3,000 for the improvement of High Schools, construction of roads and uplift of rural societies, village libraries, night schools for the aboriginals and depressed classes and other welfare works in Jessore, Howrah and Bankura Districts.—United Press.

INDIAN OUT-DOOR GROUP GAMES

Baroda Maharaja Shows Keen Interest In Them In Satara Speech

SATARA, Dec. 3.

The importance of group games and the need for an All India organisation, enjoying the privileges of the Olympic Association or the M.C.C., in England was stressed by His Highness Maharaja Pratapsingh Gaekwar of Baroda while presiding over the 10th session of the Maharashtra Physical Culture Conference to-day.

His Highness paid a tribute to the Sharirika Shikshana Parishada who had succeeded in laying down standard rules for Indian games like Khokho, Hututu, Atyapatya, lathi and farigadaga which could now be played on scientifical lines. These were group exercises. They were less tiresome and they abolished all unhealthy rivalry. Best of all they tended to foster a spirit of unity and discipline, qualities through lack of which they had suffered great reverses in the past. "We need these qualities more than ever at this juncture" he said "and I earnestly hope that games which help us to cultivate them will soon enjoy the greatest possible vogue among us."

His Highness went on to say that some of the team games might be adopted from abroad. There was no reason why they should discard the best that others had to offer to them. Calisthenics or Swedish drill for instance would prove a very useful addition to their curriculum of group exercises. That mass drill could profitably be performed to the accompaniment of music as was done in western countries. Gramophones would serve the purpose here when musical instruments could not be available. His Highness also mentioned that Radio had been used in Norway as a powerful agent for the spread of physical culture movement. In fact it acted as a trainer, broadcasted directions every morning and people thronged together in private houses and public grounds to follow those directions and had their mass drill.

Referring to India in international contests His Highness observed, "our records are painfully disappointing in comparison with those of the world or of any western country. We have no international prestige except hockey and if we set aside brilliant exceptions like Gama, our wrestlers do not hold their own against foreign competitors. The Olympic matches in Berlin made it abundantly clear that we are unable to keep pace with them in running or swimming. Our only ray of hope seems to be tennis where Ghaus Mahomed and other players are doing their utmost to secure a place of honour for our country."

The handicaps which made it difficult for India to distinguish herself in international contests, according to His Highness, were mainly three:—(1) lack of organisation, (2) defective training and (3) inferior diet. He deplored the lack of training and direction from skilled veterans that led to India's downfall in the last Olympic tournaments. He urged that it was essential to devise a graded curriculum suitable to students of growing years. It was necessary to make it uniform throughout the country. He expressed appreciation of the experiment started of supplementing physical education by a dash of military training.

His Highness also urged the importance of physical exercise for girls.

Concluding he appealed to Indians to get more interested in physical culture. The final goal of individual physical culture was to increase the martial strength of the nation. Simple physical culture would make them stalwart, well-set citizens but without military training they could never hope to defend their country. The British Government had offered facilities for training young men in Army Navy and air force. He urged them to avail themselves of this opportunity.—A.P.

PRESIDENCY HEALTH CONDITIONS

The Provincial plague figures for the week were 60 cases and 37 deaths against 62-42 reported in the previous week and 69-56 revised figures for that week.

Plague is gradually decreasing in the province. However 14 villages in Sholapur District, 4 each in Belgaum and Dharwar Districts and one in Kanara District are still reporting cases.

CHOLERA

Twenty cases and 8 deaths due to cholera were reported during the week against 23-6 reported in the previous week and 43-20 revised figures for the week.

SMALLPOX

Smallpox figures by districts for the week are: Nasik 54-16, West Khandesh 42-18, Kaira 21-1, Sholapur 15-1, Ahmedabad 11-6, Satara 10-2, East Khandesh 10-0, Thana 9-0, Ahmednagar 6-0, Poona 1-0 and Bombay City 2-1. Total 181 attacks and 45 deaths against 175-28 reported in the previous week and 263 cases and 56 deaths revised figures for that week.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

On The Air

TUESDAY, 5TH DEC.

Delhi I—Programme

338.6 metres (886 kc/s)

8 p.m. Abdul Aziz Khan. 8-20 Faqiruddin. 8-35 Air Strings. 8-40 Light instrumental records. 9 News in English. 9-5 News in Hindustani. 9-10 Special announcements. 9-15 Rani Devi and party. 9-30 For villagers only. 9-45 India as they read it. 10 7-30 Hanuman Prasad. 7-45 Narayanrao Shahane. 8 Rape of the earth. 8-15 Episodes from the Epics. 8-30 Gauhar Sultan. 8-40 Thumri Khamaj on the Vichitra Veena. 8-50 Current events. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 10 Qurtaba Ka Qazi. 10-30 Late news. Close down.

Delhi II—Programme

50.48 metres (4,960 kc/s)

5 to 6-15 As in Delhi 1. 6-15 Narayanrao Shahane. 6-30 Gauhar Sultan. 6-45 Abdul Aziz Khan Beenkar. 7 Faqiruddin. 7-15 to 7-30 As in Delhi 1. 7-30 Rani Devi and party. 7-45 Delhi Radio Orchestra. 7-50 Hanuman Prasad. 8 to 10-30 As in Delhi 1. 10-30 Late news. Close down.

Delhi III—Programme

19.82 metres (15,290 kc/s)

9-10 to 10-30 and 11-30 a.m. to 3-40 p.m. As in Delhi 1.

H-P SAUCE-IT'S THE FLAVOUR THAT COUNTS

with Sal Hepatica

The Laxative Salines in Sal Hepatica cleanse the intestinal tract and keep the whole system sweet and clean.

The Spa Minerals in Sal Hepatica stimulate the liver, gall bladder and kidneys, banish headaches, biliousness, digestive upsets, and rheumatic conditions.

The Balanced Alkalines in Sal Hepatica correct excess acids in the blood by maintaining the alkaline reserve of the body so essential for perfect fitness.

RECOMMENDED BY PHYSICIANS for conditions arising from disorders such as Constipation, Biliousness and Headaches, Liverishness and Digestive Upsets, Irregular Kidney Action, Sleeplessness, Overweight, Colds, Rheumatism and Gout.

From all Chemists and Stores.

Wake up and drink

Sal Hepatica

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that checks BLOOD ACTIVITY

MULLER & PHIPPS (INDIA) LTD. POST BOX 775, ... BOMBAY.

As in Delhi 1.

Bombay—I Programme

244 metres (1,231 kc/s)

8 a.m. Keep fit 8-10 Gujarati Bhajans. 8-15 News in Marathi. 8-20 News in Gujarati. 8-25 Vithalrao Gurav. 8-40 News in Hindustani. 8-50 News in English. 9 E. R. Ali. 9-10 Nissar Ahmed. 9-25 Duets from the Movies. 9-35 P. B. Nippanikar.

12-30 p.m. Bhajans. 12-40 A light selection. 12-57 News in Hindustani. 1 Film songs. 1-10 Mutual understanding. 1-25 Kolhapur Cinetone Orchestra. 1-30 News in English. 1-35 Lunch hour music. 2-30 Musical prelude. 2-35 World history. 1914-1919. 2-50 Ras and Garba. 3 The place of games and sports in schools. 3 Ratanlal and Partosh. 5-3 Bhajans. 5-10 Film songs. 5-25 News in Marathi. 5-30 News in Gujarati. 5-35 Marathi film songs. 5-50 A selection. 6 News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Nissar Ahmed. 6-25 Amrit Lal. 6-40 Mumtaz Hussain. 6-55 Nissar Ahmed. 7-10 Abdul Azib Khan. 7-20 Amrit Lal. 7-35 P. B. Nippanikar. 7-55 News in Marathi. 8-10 News in Gujarati. 8-25 To-morrow. 8-30 Vithalrao Gurav. 8-45 The Bombay Radio Orchestra. 8-55 Talk of the town. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-45 Henri Temianka. 9-50 Chamber music. 10-30 Late news. Close down.

Bombay—II Programme

31.4 metres (9,550 kc/s)

8 to 8-25 a.m. As in Bombay 1. 8-25 Master Shridhar. 8-40 to 9 As in Bombay 1. 9 Bai Gangubai. 9-40 Recitations from Hindustani poems. 9-50 Khayal, Thumri and Sindhura.

For the villages. 6-45 Sakkottai S. Natesa Iyer. 7-15 The echo of a dream. 7-30 Announcements. 7-35 News in Tamil. 7-50 V. Doraswamy Iyengar. 8-45 N. S. Krishnaswamy Iyengar. 9-20 News in English. 9-45 V. Doraswamy Iyengar. 10-30 Late news Close down.

Lucknow Programme

293.5 metres (1,022 kc/s)

6 p.m. News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 Khursheedbai. 6-25 Kumari Pratima Rani Ghosh. 6-30 Hamara Panchayetghar. 7 Khursheedbai. 7-10 Kumari Pratima Rani Ghosh. 7-15 Ek Tha Raja. 8 Our haults. 8-15 Bhola Nath Bhattacharya. 8-20 Jhoota Khwab. 8-45 Kumari Pratima Rani Ghosh. 8-51 Khursheedbai 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English. 9-45 Recorded music. 9-50 India in international tennis. 10-5 Kumari Pratima Ran. Ghosh. 10-17 Khursheedbai.

Madras I—Programme

211 metres (1,420 kc/s)

4 p.m. Children's Educational Broadcasts. 4-5 Things of interest. 4-5 How and why? 4-15 Short story in Telugu. 4-30 Group singing. 4-50 European programme. 5 Carnatic Orchestra. 5-10 News in Telugu. 5-15 News in Tamil. 5-30 Palayur Kanakasbhapathi Iyer. 6 News in English. 6-5 Shrimati V. Sarojini. 6-45 Time must come. 7 Fortresses at Kondapilli and Kondaveedu. 7-15 Market rates and announcements. 7-20 News in Telugu. 7-35 News in Tamil. 7-50 Palayur Kanakasabhapathi Iyer 8-25 Siva Vadivel Pillai. 9 The Climacteric 4. 9-15 Local news and announcements. 9 20 News in English.

Madras II—Programme

50.98 metres (4,920 kc/s)

4 to 6-5 p.m As in Madras 1. 6-5 Rural programme. 6-15 Ateodinarulu Iteduteralu. 6-25 Parasites on poultry. 6-35 Film songs 6-45 to 9-30 As in Madras 1. 9-30 Shrimati M. Deraki Ammal. 10 Siva Vadivel Pillai.

12-30 to 3-15 p.m As in Bombay 1

61.49 metres (4,880 kc/s)

5 to 6-10 As in Bombay 1. 6-10 Vithalrao Gurav. 6-25 Bai Gangubai. 7 A provincial lady speaks. 7-15 P. B. Nippanikar. 7-30 Commercial news. 7-45 H. Moradabadi. 7-55 to 8-30 As in Bombay 1. 8-30 Counts for your character. 8-45 Ramkrishnabuwa Vaze. 8-55 to 9-30 As in Bombay 1. 9-30 A South Indian rag. 9-40 Gangubai. 10-20 Panch-Ragmale.

Calcutta I—Programme

370.4 metres (810 kc/s)

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time)

5 p.m. For the children. 5-40 News in Bengali. 5-45 For the children (contd.) 6 News in English. 6-10 Mastan Gama. 6-30 Harimati. 6 50 Shova Kundu 7-5 Harapriya. 7-50 Sing, learn and sing again. 8-20 Harimati. 8-40 Announcements in Bengali. 8-45 News in Bengali. 9 So this is Calcutta. 9-15 Announcements in English. 9-20 News in English. 9-45 Jharna Dev. 10 Lalit Mohon Mukherjee. 10-30 Late news. Close down.

Calcutta II—Programme

61.96 metres (4,840 kc/s)

5 to 9-30 p.m As in Calcutta 1. 9-30 Freda Gray. 9-45 Massed Military bands. 10 15 Alexander Brailowsky. 10-30 Late news. Close down.

Lahore Programme

276 metres (1,086 kc/s)

6 p.m. News in English. 6-5 News in Hindustani. 6-10 For the countryside. 7 Khurshedbai Hujruwali. 7 20 Kumari Shakuntala Devi Bhatnagar. 7-30 The drive against illiteracy. 4. 7-45 Desh Bandhu Sethi. 8 Nirmala Devi. 8-15 Khursheedbai Hujruwali. 8-30 Women's programme. 9 News in Hindustani. 9-20 News in English 9-50 Ustad Faiyaz Khan. 9-55 Desh Bandhu Sethi. 10-5 Khursheedbai Hujruwali.

Trichy Programme

396 metres (758 kc/s).

5 p.m. Instrumental overture. 5-5 Learn to sing. 5-15 News in Tamil. 5-20 N. S. Krishnaswamy Iyengar. 6 News in English. 6-5

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Authorised Capital ...	Rs.	3,50,00,000
Subscribed Capital ...	Rs.	3,36,26,400
Paid-Up Capital ...	Rs.	1,68,13,200
Reserve and Other Funds	Rs.	1,01,47,000
Deposits as at 30-6-39 ...	Rs.	32,74,84,000

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New York Cotton Prices Reach New High Levels

ACTIVE BOMBAY AND LIVERPOOL BUYING

Mill Selling Towards Close

Bombay, December 4

The New York cotton futures market was dominated by the action of Bombay on Saturday. Prices advanced on Wall Street buying and scarcity of offerings. Finally active Mill selling appeared in July delivery. The department of agriculture announced that cotton sales under the export subsidy plan between August 1st and November 30th amounted to 4,332,000 bales

The market opened firm and advanced to new high levels for the season on active buying of July and October by Bombay Liverpool and trade covering nears but prices reacted on increased hedging, liquidation and New Orleans selling but the market met renewed trade covering and foreign and Spot house buying. Finally active Mill selling appeared with the session finishing barely steady.

WEEKLY REVIEW

The sharp advance in foreign markets stimulated active buying with contracts supplied by scale-up profit-taking, selling for mill account, scattered hedging and commission house liquidation. December notices did not exert any influence on the market.

Japanese were reported as more active buyers recently. The advance of December beyond theoretical level at which loan cotton might be profitably repossessed was followed by reports that growers becoming increasingly bullish might hold any repossessions for higher rates.

Despite shipping difficulties the South reports a steady demand for exports.

Pointing out that trading was the smallest for many years, the annual Report of the New Orleans Cotton Exchange blames the excessive Government control of cotton for the decline in its business.

Apart from a few sizeable print-cloth orders, cotton goods were quiet. In the meantime, while visualising still higher prices, some believe that caution is warranted by the recent sustained advance.

NEW YORK MARKET

The New York cotton market opened at a rise of 10 points with December 10.17 under firm advices from Bombay There was a further rise of one point and December was quoted 10.18 which was the highest level. Later on there was active selling by Mills and prices reacted to 10.07 which was the lowest level. The market closed unchanged to 12 points up. Spot cotton prices declined 2 points at 10.29c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was fairly steady and closed at a rise of 4 to 3 points. Spot cotton prices advanced 4 points at 9.97c. per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton exchange remained entirely closed on Saturday

ALEXANDRIA MARKET

The Alexandria cotton market was steady with scattered buying. Sakels futures closed 5 to 13 points higher and Ashmouni contracts gained 38 to 10 points.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York December highest (10 a.m.) ..... 10.18+11

New York December lowest (10-27 a.m.) 10.07

Messrs. Chunilal Mehta and Co. Ltd. have received to-day the following cable information from their foreign friends:—

New York:—Volkart good buyer distants but towards close Southern mills sold 10,000 July causing twelve point recession. Goods sales continue small.

Messrs. Patel Bros. have received the following cable from one of their Liverpool friends:—

Selling Bombay buying Liverpool looks very attractive to us. Freight shortage becoming increasingly difficult to Liverpool. Expect very tight position Liverpool in New Year.

NEW YORK COTTON

New Contracts

New York, December 2

DECEMBER	10.29+02
JANUARY	10.24+07
MARCH	10.05+02
MAY	9.80+04
JULY	9.48+05
OCTOBER	8.92+12

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Dec. 4.

October	
December	10.09
January	10.04
March	9,84
May	9,59
July	9,27
Middling Spot	10.28
	Nominal

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

New York, Dec. 2.

October	
December	10 19
January	10.13
March	9.95
Middling Spot	9.97
	Nominal

DECLINE IN CITY'S FOREIGN TRADE

NEW DELHI, Dec. 3

The total value of the foreign trade of Bombay in private merchandise for the month of October amounted to Rs. 7.07 crores, a fall of Rs. 1.17 crores from the figures for the same month of the last year.

The total value of imports of merchandise amounted to Rs. 4.34 crores showing a fall of Rs. 98.37 lakhs from the figures for October, 1938.

The total value of exports of Indian produce and manufacture amounted to Rs. 2.25 crores showing a decrease of Rs. 31.31 lakhs as compred with the figures for October, 1938.—United Press.

Bahawalpur War Relief Fund

NEW DELHI, Dec. 3.

The Bahawalpur War Relief Fund Committee met to discuss the activities of the Fund.

The Committee recorded a vote of thanks to H. H. the Nawab for his donation of Rs. 1,500 to the Fund for the purchase of Mobile Cinema for the Indian Forces in Egypt, and also a monthly donation of Rs. 250.—United Press.

SJT. J. N. MEHTA JOINS JAT-PAT TORAK MANDAL

(From A Correspondent)

Sjt. Jamshed N. Mehta, the well-known leader and the Ex-Mayor of Karachi has become a Life Member of the Jat-Pat Torak Mandal. He was watching the movement of the Mandal and was in active sympathy with it for the past many years.

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, December 4

The local bullion market remained entirely closed to-day and is expected to open tomorrow at 11-30 a.m. Expected silver rate is nominally quoted is Rs. 67 but everything depends upon London cables which are expected here at 7 p.m. The market is anxiously awaiting the result of the changed attitude of London Brokers. It is said that Bankers' guarantee is needed owing to war conditions but we have war conditions since the beginning of last September. It may be that present prices being high, brokers are not inclined to assume risks.

WALL-STREET MARKET

New York, December 2

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars.
Elec Bond and Share Common	7 3/4
Elec Bond and Share dol 5 Pfd	58
Int Tel and Tel 1952	43
Amr Tel and Tel	168 3/8
Sun Life of Canada	300
Western Union Telegraph	35 3/4
New York Central	18
Union Pacific	100
Chesspeake and Ohio	41
Amrex Corporation	15 7/8
Union Carbon and Carbide	87
National Biscuits	32
Texas Corporation	44 3/8
Woolworth	39
Socony	13 1/8
Consolidated Oil	7 1/8
United States Steel	65 3/4
Bethlehem Steel	80
National Steel	70
Alleghany Ludlum Steel	31
Republic Steel	22
Pittsburgh Screw and Bolt	7
Int Nickel of Canada	37 5/8
Anaconda Copper Mining	30 3/4
General Motors	52 3/4
Packard Motors	3 5/8
General Electric	38 5/8
Brooklyn Manhatian Transit	14
Columbia Gas and Electric	6
Chase National Bank	35
National City Bank of New York	27 1/2
Reynolds Tobacco 'B'	39

Turnover 980,000 shares.

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay, December 4

Yellow metal sheets	Rs.	85 0 0
Copper sheets	Rs.	110 0 0

Tone:—Firm

COTTON TENDERS

Bombay, December 4

	To-day	Total
Bengal D/J	100	150
Oomra D/J	200	200

PEPPER AND GINGER PRICES

Bombay, December 4

(The Pepper and Ginger Merchants' Association, Ltd.)

Pepper ready Allepey per candy	Rs.	122 0 0
Pepper ready Calicut per candy ..		121 0 0
Pepper Maha Sud 15th per candy		124 8 0
Pepper Chaitra Sud 15th per candy		131 0 0
Pepper ready Lampong in C.I.F. per cwt.		14 8 0
Ginger ready unbleached per cwt ..		24 8 0
Ginger ready bleached per cwt		29 0 0
Ginger Maha Sud 15th per cwt		32 0 0
Ginger Chaitra Sud 15th per cwt ..		5 4 0

American Cotton Figures

	1939-40	1938 39
P P Bales		
Receipts to date 2-12-39	3937000	2721000
Receipts yesterday 2-12-39	42000	10000
Exports to date 2-12-39	2406000	1670000
Stock at Ports 1-12-39	3152000	3143000
Stock at Interior Towns 1-12 39	3531000	3504000
Stock at Liverpool 1-12-39	...	...
Visible Supply 1 12-39	...	8998000
Quantity in sight 1-12-39	8117000	6501000
Quantity out of sight 1-12-39		4228000

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Dec. 4.

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52 91.
3 1/2 per cent G P Notes (Cash) 87-14
3 per cent 1951/54 Loan 92-12
3 per cent 1941 Bonds 100-12
3 per cent 1951/54 Loan 92-4.
3 per cent 1963/65 86
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan 99-4.
4 per cent 1943 Bonds 103-10
4 per cent 1960/70 101-10
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60 Loan 106-4
5 per cent 1940/43 Loan 102-2

TAXFREE LOANS

5 per cent 1945/55 Loan 110-11
4 per cent 1953/63 Mysore Loan 103/1
5 per cent 1955 Mysore Loan 114

CORPORATION DEBENTURES

4 per cent B P T 1974 97
6 per cent M Deb 1959 105
6 per cent M Deb 1954 115/8
6 per cent K P T 1956 115/8
Tone:—Steady.

MONEY MARKET

Bombay, Dec 4

B C RATES—
T T D D 1/5 15/16 March

LONDON—
Bank's selling T T D D 1/5 31/32 Two months.
Bank's selling T T D D 1/6 to end March.
Bank's buying T T 1/6 1/32 One month
Bank's buying D D 1/6 3/32
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 7/32 One month.
Bank's buying 3 months 1/6 9/32 Two months.

NEW YORK—
Bank's selling T T 334
Bank's buying T T 328
Bank's buying D D 327

PARIS—
Bank's selling T T 1299
Bank's buying T T 1340

JAPAN—
Bank's selling T T 81 3/8
Bank's buying T T 80 5/8
Bank's buying 60 days 79 5/8

AMSTERDAM—
Bank's selling D D 85 3/8

JAVA—
Bank's selling D D 85

HONGKONG—
Bank's selling D D 84 1/4

SHANGHAI—
Bank's selling D D 27

SINGAPORE—
Bank's selling D D 157 3/4

BERLIN—
Bank's selling D D .....

CROSS RATE—
Hongkong London 1/3 1/32 4th inst.
Shanghai London 0/4 5/8 4th inst.
Japan London 1/2 7/16 4th inst.
Java London 7.46/56 4th inst.
New York London 3.90 1/4 2nd inst
London New York 4.02/4 2nd inst.
London Paris 176/7 2nd inst.
London Italy 76.75 2nd inst.
London Belgium 24.15/40 2nd inst.
London Switzerland 17.80/95 2nd inst.
London Stockholm 16.70/90 2nd inst
London Amsterdam 7.52/58
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Dull.
Gold £8/8/0 1st inst.
Gold £8-8-0 2nd inst.
Silver London Ready 23 1/2 1st inst.
Silver London Ready 23 1/2 2nd inst.
Silver London Forward 23 5/8 1st inst.
Silver London Forward 23 5/8 2nd inst.
Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 1st inst.
Silver New York Ready 34 3/4 2nd inst.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/4 per cent 1st inst.
London Discounts 3 months 1 1/4 per cent 2nd inst.
London Discounts 6 months 1 5/8 per cent 1st inst.
London Discounts 6 months 1 5/8 per cent 2nd inst.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent.
Money:—Call 1 1/2 per cent.
3 months 2 1/4 per cent
6 months 2 per cent
Tone:—Steady

TATA HYDRO ELECTRIC CONCERNS

Messrs. Tata Hydro-Electric Agencies Limited, Agents for The Tata Hydro-Electric Power Supply Co. Ltd., The Andhra Valley Power Supply Co. Ltd., and The Tata Power Company, Limited, report that the total electrical (Board of Trade) units generated at the three Power Stations (Khopoli, Bhivpuri and Bhira) of the Hydro Group were as follows:—

48th Week (ended December 2nd)—

1937	13,823,900
1938	14,041,200
1939	13,300,000
Total for 48 Weeks (1st January to date)	
1937	604,532,100
1938	681,814,100
1939	637,742,600

ALEXANDRIA COTTON

Alexandria, December 2

SAKEL:—
January ..... 17.30+10
March ..... 16.80+05

GIZA:—
January ..... 15.56+19
March ..... 15.62+13

ASHMOUNI:—
December ..... 14.17+25
February ..... 14.33+16

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, December 2

Broach A/M highest 298 lowest 290 closing at 6 p.m. 290 1/2

Oomra D/J highest 267 lowest 254 closing at 6 p.m. 256

Oomra March highest 270 lowest 258 closing at 6 p.m. 259

Bengal D/J highest 223 lowest 208 1/2 closing at 6 p.m. 210

Bengal March highest 226 1/2 lowest 211 closing at 6 p.m. 212

Night session: Broach A/M opened Rs. 290 highest Rs. 290 lowest Rs 285 1/2 closed Rs. 288

BOMBAY COTTON STATISTICS

Receipts from 1st Sept 1939 to 30th Nov 1939 (by rail and sea)		304,138
Receipts from 1st Sept 1939 to 30th Nov 1939 (by road —estimated)		27,500
		331,638
Same time last year		336,169
Exports from 1st Sept 1939 to 30th November 1939.	1939	1938
United Kingdom	7,992	7,239
Continent	12,951	38,004
China	48,291	10,760
Japan	148,823	262,313
Coast Ports	6,699	10,438
U. S. A.	...	...
Total	224,747	328,754
Total exports by rail, 1st Sept 1939 to 30th November 1939		96,989
Estimated mill consumption in Bombay from 1st Sept 1939 to 30th November 1939		306,352
Same time last year		222,208
Estimated stock of raw cotton held by exporters, dealers and mills in Bombay on 30th November 1939		309,185
Same time last year		396,936

KARACHI STATISTICS

Total receipts of cotton from up-country from 1st Sept 1939 to 23rd November 1939		271,210
Same time last year		369,636
Total cotton shipped from 1st Sept 1939 to 16th November 1939 ..		125,860
Same time last year		193,023

Further Rise In Tata Steel Shares

GENERAL BUYING IN COTTON TEXTILES

Cheerful Tone Of Share Bazar

Bombay, December 4

The local share bazar was fairly firm with continued professional support on firmness of cotton and Calcutta markets. There was active demand for Cotton Mills shares on reports of possible sale of cloth at annas 12 1/2. There was impressive buying in Tata Steel shares which reached new high levels.

The market feeling remains optimistic and with rampant speculation in city markets, there remains utter absence of any important selling and most of the buying is being satisfied by scale-up realising. Most of the popular scrips have registered substantial advances and now the attention of the market is turned to other shares which are comparative cheap. In the present disposition of the market shares of some Mills which took days to exchange hands are being enquired and the market remains cheerful.

The market displays cheerful tone and Tata Steel shares are once again showing increased strength. We have had a continuous rise for the past seven days and it appears that the market is entitled to some downward reaction.

The sensation advance in commodity prices is purely on sentimental reasons and in some markets maximum prices are fixed for the time being which indicates that a dangerous situation is reached. This development clearly points out need for caution. Intrinsically present commodity prices are too high but the unrestricted bullish enthusiasm leaves little room for any considered opinion. There continues war mentality pure and simple and those operators who had the chance to enter in markets at low prices have substantial profits at their disposal to bid up prices to any level and thus force bears to cover. At the same time one must on overlook the fact at higher levels fluctuations are also wider.

On Saturday with the attendance small and fresh incentive lacking, Wall Street traders were not disposed to extend their commitments and the market fluctuated narrowly with group movements not defined and final prices showing fractional changes, well mixed. U. S. Steel and Anaconda Copper were unchanged at 65 3/4 and 30 3/4 respectively while General Motors declined 1/8 at 52 3/4 dollars

Tata Steel Defds opened at Rs. 2100 and steadily advanced to Rs. 2150. At this level there was some realising and prices reacted to Rs. 2135 but again improved to Rs. 2147. Ordinary shares opened at Rs. 408 and closed at Rs. 414 Bombay Dyeing shares opened at Rs. 1160 and after declining to Rs. 1145 advanced to Rs. 1177. Kohinoors rose to Rs. 410 and New Greats at Rs. 462. Associated Cement shares improved to Rs. 150 and Bombay Burmas closed at Rs. 712

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, December 4

Bombay Dyeing (1155) 1160 1155 1157 1145 1175 1167 1180 1177
Century (365) 360 365 359 376 382 384 381
Central India (365) 366 374
Kohinoor (402) 405 400 410 406 402 410
New Great (423) 430 432 426 435 432 432 440 452
Simplex (127) 128/8 129 132 131
Swadeshi (345) 345 343 347 346 350
Associated Cement (149/8) 150 148/8 150/8 150
Andhra (1495) 1500
Tram Ord (131) 131/8 132 133/8
Tata Hydro (157/8) 157/8
Tata Power (1372/8) 1375 1380
T Steel Defd (2105) 2100 2095 2115 2102 2147 2135 2150 2147
T Steel Ord (407) 408 410 407 414 413 412 414
Tata Steel 2nd Pref (134) 134
Bellapur (271) 272 278 276 280 276 277 278
B Steam (342) 342 345
B Burma (705) 695 700 695 715 707 713 712

TEXTILE SHARES

Bombay, Dec. 4.

100	Ahd. Advance	347	8
250	BOM. DYEING	1,177	8
100	CENTURY	381	0
100	CENTRAL INDIA	374	0
100	COLABA	225	0
100	Cooria	107	8
250	David	60	0
250	Dawn	310	0
1	E. D. Sassoon Def.	0-13-0	
100	Finlay	185	0
100	GOKAK	232	0
1000	Hindustan	2050	0
100	Indore	165	0
100	Khatau	146	4
100	KOHINOOR	410	0
250	Laxmi	640	0
250	Madras United	25	0
100	MORARJI	212	0
250	Model	97	0
50	MYSORE	131	4
200	NEW GREAT	452	0
100	Osmanshahi	51	0
100	PHOENIX	312	0
25	Sassoon Silk	90	0
1000	Sholapur	4025	0
50	SIMPLEX	131	0
100	SWADESHI	350	0
100	SWAN	181	0
500	Vishnu	1425	0
500	Western	915	0
	BANKS		
50-100	Baroda	87	0
25-100	Central	32	2
500	Imperial	1,465	0
125-500	Imp. Conty.	356	4
50-100	India	133	8
100	Reserve Bank	103	0
5	Union	5	8
	CEMENTS		
100	ASSOCIATED	150	0
	INSURANCE		
100	Empire	625	0
15-100	Jupiter	9	10
20	Mercantile	50	0
15-75	New India	33	12
200	Oriental	3905	0
15-50	Vulcan	6	12
	ELECTRIC		
100	Ahmed. Old	140	0
1000	ADHRA VALLEY	1,500	0
10	Ajmer	11	0
50	BOMBAY TRAM	133	8
100	Bombay Suburban	165	0
10	Broach	11	8
100	Karachi	191	4
100	Poona	183	8
100	Surat	152	8
100	TATA HYDRO	157	4
1000	TATA POWERS	1380	0
	RAILWAYS		
500	Ahmedabad Prantij	987	8
100	C. Province	98	0
100	Dh. Baramati	93	0
100	Gujarat	97	0
100	Mandra Bhon	93	0
100	Pachora Jamner	73	0
100	Sara Serajganj	97	0
500	Tapti Valley	760	0
	MININGS		
9	Burma Corp.	9	1
2sh.	Indian Copper	3	1
10	Indian Iron and Steel	48	4
10	SHIVRAJPUR	10	0
30	TATA STEEL DEF.	2147	3
75	TATA STEEL ORD.	414	0
	MISCELLANEOUS		
100	ALCOCK	577	8
10	Air Services	6	0
30	BELAPUR SUGAR	278	0
200	Bombay Safe Dep.	591	4
250	BOMBAY STEAM	332	0
125	B. BURMA	712	8
50	B. BURMA CONTY	230	0
8sh.	Br. B. Petrol	6-13-5	
50	BOMBAY TELEPHONE	89	0
100	IND. BLEACHING	145	0
50	Ind. Invest Trust	47	8
100	Ind. Radio Def.	400	0
100	I. Radio Ord.	405	0
30	Port Canning	79	8
30	PREMIER CON	91	0
15	Scindia	27	10
25	Tata Oil Mill	56	8
100	Western I. Match	156	4
	PREFERENCE		
7	p.c. Andhra Valley	1327	0
6	p.c. Bombay Steam	300	0
7	p.c. Bom. (T.F.)	74	0
5	p.c. Central India (T.F.)	550	0
6	1/4 p.c. Prem. Const. 1st	107	0
6	1/4 p. c. Prem. Const. 2nd	100	0
7	p.c. Tata Hydro	140	0
7	1/2 p.c. Tata Power	1457	8
7	p.c. Tata Steel 1st Pref	190	0
7	1/2 p. c. Tata Steel 2nd	134	0
7	p.c. Vishnu	875	0
	DEBENTURES		
3	3/4 p.c. Andhra Valley	100	0
6	p.c. Andhra Valley	103	8
4	p.c. Bombay Telephone	49	11
7	p.c. Sholapur	75	10
6	p.c. Tata Hydro	103	2

(Capital letters indicate shares Forward list)

INDIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Bombay, December 4

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

3 1/2 per cent Paper 87/8; 4 per cent 1960-70 101/6; 5 per cent 1945/55 110/12.

BANKS

Bank of Baroda 97; Bank of Hindusthan 25; Bank of India 133/8; Central Bank 33/8; Imperial Bank F P 1465; Imperial Bank P P 356/4; Indian Overseas Bank 17; Reserve Bank 103; Union Bank 5/8

TEXTILES

Ahmd New Textiles 600; Ambica 295; Arun 260; Arvind 1345; Asok 265; Bharatkhand Textiles 2300; Bombay Dyeing 1175; Buckingham and Carnatics 228; Calico 790; Central India 373/2; Century 380; Colaba 223/12; Elgin 165; Gokak 231/4; Hukumchand 165/10; Indore Malwa 65; Jubilee 300; Khatau Makanji 143/12; Kohinoor 408/12; Laxmi Cotton 640; Madhusudan 290; Marsden 128/2; Morarji 211/4; Mysore 120; Nandlal Bhandari 77/4; New Great 450/10; Raipur 760; Rajnagar 190; Sijjan 97/8; Sassoon and Allinace 88; Sholapur 4025; Simplex 130/5 Swadeshi 348/12; Vishnu 1395

HYDRO ELECTRICS

—Andhra Valley Ord 1497/8; Tata Hydro Ord 156/14; Tata Power Ord 1377/8

ELECTRICS

Ahmedabad Electrics 142/8; Ajmer Electrics 10/12; Amalgamated 10/12

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON THREE POINTS UP

Better Enquiry On London Stock Exchange

INCREASED ACTIVITY IN WHEAT AND LINSEED ON GOOD LOCAL SUPPORT

London Silver Featureless

Bombay: December 4.

Owing to continued freight difficulties and better Liverpool and Bombay advices New York cotton displayed better tendency, but there was absence of follow-up on buying side.

In Bombay cotton market Broach touched Rs. 297/8 on speculative support, but eventually hedge selling depressed the price to Rs. 293/8.

London Stock Exchange was very steady on improved enquiry. Gilt-edged securities, too, were in request.

Local Bullion and Seed markets remained closed to-night.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK

COTTON PRICES

MARCH 1940.

New York: December 4.

Previous closing	9.84
To-day's opening	9.88
Difference	+4
To-day's closing	9.87
Difference	+3

LIVERPOOL COTTON

JANUARY 1940.

Liverpool: December 4.

Previous closing	7.55
To-day's opening	7.61
Difference	+8
To-day's closing	7.44
Difference	—9

Broach April/May Expectation .... Rs. 294

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York: December 4.

The New York cotton market continued to be buoyed up by continued difficulties in freight situation and the upward trend in Bombay, but lack of stimulating factors at home checked the enthusiasm with movements subsequently restricted.

The trading in March began at 9.88, i. e. 4 points higher than the last closing. Prices advanced on higher Liverpool cables and improved Bombay cables, but lack of follow-up caused slight reaction with March falling back to 9.87.

BOMBAY COTTON

Late Trading

Bombay: December 4.

In the local market Broach after opening at Rs. 294/8 declined to Rs. 291, but again firmed up to Rs. 297/8 on speculative support. The closing was steady at Rs. 293/8.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York: December 4.

Following were the opening ranges on New York Cotton Exchange:—

December (10.18/10.17) 10.15/10.14
March (9.95/9.93) 9.88/9.88
May (9.69/9.67) 9.62/9.61

LONDON COMMODITIES

JUTES

London: December 4.

Dundee December (£52) £59
Lightning December (£49) £55

SEEDS

Castorseeds December January (£19 1/2 quoted) £22 quoted.
Linseed Calcutta December January (£30 1/2 quoted) £32 quoted.
Linseed La Plata December January (£14 1/2 quoted) £14 7/8 quoted.
Groundnuts Coromandal December January (£14 1/2 quoted) £14 1/2 quoted

Liverpool Cotton

Liverpool: December 4.

American January (7.59) 7.56
American March (7.57) 7.56
Giza January (8.61) 8.59
Giza March (8.75) 8.75

RUBBER

spot (11 7/16 paid and buyers) 11 3/8 paid and value.
Forward January March (11 7/16 paid and buyers) 11 3/8 paid and value.

METALS

Tin (£230 quiet) £230 quoted.
Glasgow Iron (111 sh.) 111 sh

EXCHANGES

CROSS RATES

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York: December 4.

Previous closing	3.90 1/4
To-day's opening	3.90 3/4

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London: December 4.

Previous closing	4.02 to 4.04
To-day's opening	4.02 to 4.04
To-day's closing	4.02 to 4.04

T. T. LONDON ON PARIS

London: December 4.

Previous closing	176 to 177
To-day's opening	176 to 177
To-day's closing	176 to 177

LONDON EXCHANGES

London: December 4.

London Exchange opened with the sterling dollar at 4.02 to 4.04 which is officially fixed rate.

Franc was officially fixed at 176 to 177

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1 6) 1-6
Paris on Bombay (13 33 3/4) 13.23 3/4
New York on Bombay (30.20) 30.16
London on Milan (75.75) 76.75
London on Shanghai (0-4 1/4 buyers, 0-4 5/8 sellers) 0-4 1/4 buyers; 0-4 5/8 sellers.
London on Kobe (1-2 7/15 buyers; 1-2 17/32 sellers) 1-2 7/16 buyers; 1-2 17/32 sellers.

DISCOUNTS

3 months (1 3/16 to 1 1/4 per cent) 1 3/16 to 1 1/4 per cent.
4 months (1 5/16 per cent) 1 5/16 per cent
6 months (1 1/2 to 1 5/8 per cent) 1 1 to 1 5/8 per cent

WHEAT AND SEEDS

Latest Night Quotations

Bombay: December 4.

Wheat January	4 11 6
Wheat May	5 3 0
Linseed May	9 13 0

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York: December 4.

The following are the opening quotations:—

General Motors (dol 53) dol 53
Anaconda Copper Mining (dol 31 1/8) dol 30 1/4 ex div.
U S Steel Common New York (dol 65 7/8) dol 65 7/8
U S Steel Preference (unquoted) unquoted

BULLION

Influx (nil) nil
Withdrawal (nil) nil
Silver 23 1/2d.
Gold (£8/8/0) £8/8/0.

LONDON SILVER CABLE

Bombay: December 4.

The following cable regarding London silver market was received here to-day:—

India bought. Business small. Market quietly steady.

LONDON SILVER

London: December 4.

Spot (23 1/2d) 23 1/2d nil
Forward (23 5/8d) 23 11/16d +1/16

LONDON GOLD

London: December 4.

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£8-8-0) £8-8-0

3½ P.C. STERLING LOAN

London: December 4.

3 1/2 per cent Sterling Loan closed to-day at £81 1/4 Ex Div.

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

INDIAN LOANS

London: December 4.

3 per cent Indian Stock (£92 1/4) £92 1/4
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (£81 1/4 ex-div) £81 1/4
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1950/55 (£105 1/4) £105 1/4
4 1/2 per cent 1958-68 (£104) £104
4 per cent Indian Stock 1948/53 (£100) £100
5 per cent Indian Stock 1942/47 (£103 1/2) £103 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian Stock 1954/59 (£94) £94

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

5 per cent 1945/55 (£102 1/2) £102 1/2

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£67 5/8 ex-div) £67 7/8
3 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£92 3/4) £93
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£100 5/8) £100 5/8
4 per cent Funding Loan (£105 1/2) £105 5/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£92 1/4) £92 3/8
4 1/2 per cent Victory Bonds (£105 1/8) £105 1/4

INDUSTRIALS

Standard Motors (11-7 1/2) 11-6
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (51 9) 52-1 1/2
Hydro Electric (dol 3 1/8) dol 3 1/8
Elec Music Industry (6-10 1/2) 7-3
Princhin Johnson (19-10 1/2) 19-10 1/2
Imperial Chemical (30-6) 30-6
Woolsworth New Ordinary (60-6) 61-0
San Paulo 7 per cent Coffee Rates 1937 (£25) £25 1/2
Dunlop Rubber (27-6) 27-9
Unilever Ordinary (29-9) 29-9
Ford Motors (14-0) 14-0
Cables and Wireless New Ordinary (£53 1/2) £53 1/4
British American Tobacco Ordinary (92-6) 91-10 1/2
Carreas 'A' (£5 7/8) £5 5/8 ex-div
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (116-3) 116-3
P and O Def (21 6) 22-0
Distillers (66-0) 65-0
Bredfords Dye (4-9) 4-7 1/2
British Celanese (6-7 1/2) 6-6
J and P Coates Ordinary (28-3) 28-6
Courtaulds Ordinary (33-3) 33-3
Fine Cotton Spinners (4-9) 4-9
Vickers Limited Ordinary (16-6) 16-6
Inter Nickel (dol 47 1/2) 47 1/4 ex div
Indian Iron (67-6) 66-3

TEA SHARES

Assam (17-3) 17-6
Donaro Tea (32-6) 32-6
Empire of India (22-6) 22-6

JUTES

Barnagore (£11 3/4) £11 1/2 ex-div

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (27-9) 27-9
Gula Kelampong (21-6) 21-6
Rubber Plant Inv. Trust (32-10 1/2) 32-9

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (31-10 1/2) 31-10 1/2
Burma Corporation (11-10 1/2) 12-1 1/2
Rio Tintos (£13 3/4) £13 3/4
East Rand Properties (46 3) 46-3
Rand Mines (£7) £7

MINE SHARES

Crown (£14) £14
Associated Portland Cement (67-6) 67-6
Trinidad Leaseholds (76-3) 76-3
Sub Nigel (£10) £10
Spring Mines Split Shares (24-4 1/2) 24-4 1/2
Union Corporation (£5 5/8) £5 5/8

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (24-4 1/2) 23-1 1/2 ex-div.
Anglo-Persian (58-1 1/2) 57-6
Burma Oil (60-7 1/2) 60-7 1/2
Mexican Eagle (5-9) 6-6
Shell Transport (81 3) 81-5
Royal Dutch (£31 1/2) £31 3/4

RAILWAY SHARES

Great Western Ordinary (£28 3/4) £30 3/4
London Midland Ordinary (£11) £11 1/8
London North Eastern Def. (£2 1/4) £2 1/4
London Southern Def. (£10 1/2) £10 7/8
London Transport 5 per cent (£110 1/2) £110 1/2
London Transport 'C' (£65) £66

SUDDEN RISE IN INDIAN IRONS

Calcutta: December 1.

Messrs. Bhagwanlal Nanavati and Co. have issued the following report:—

The outstanding feature of the period under review was the sudden rise in the price of Indian Iron and Steel and the sister Company Steel Corporation of Bengal. The former jumped up to Rs. 49/12 from Rs. 40/4 during Thursday and Friday sessions but the close was easier round 47, the latter shot up to 29/10 from 24, but closed easier round 27/8. The upward movement of the shares can be attributed to faith in the shares for long term capital appreciation. The passing events in the present European Conflict lend support to this sober view. We are definitely of the opinion that the Iron and Steel shares will go a long way for Capital appreciation in the near future. The Bombay markets have taken a very bullish view of the Engineering shares. The Jute shares have remained quiet but steady and it seems for the time being the attention of the bears has been diverted to Coal and Cotton shares. The Cotton section has been markedly bullish and almost all the leading counters registered substantial gains. A strong purchasing movement was noticeable in Bengal/Nagpurs, Bowreahs, Cawnpore Textiles, Dunbar with scrip difficult to obtain in some cases. The Paper mills issues were very prominent especially India Paper Pulp, Titaghur.

JUTE

As indicated above, this section has remained more or less stagnant in spite of rising prices in Hessians and Raw Jute. It is little disconcerting that the manufacturing profits dwindle down in view of abnormally high price of raw jute. The manufactured goods price though firm do not go "pari passu" with raw material price. Nine porter hessians fluctuated between Rs. 20 and 24/8 close being in the region of Rs. 24. Raw Jute recorded a rise of about Rs. 20, 89 and 113 being the low and high levels. The speculative counter Howrah did not register rise as anticipated. The price crept up to 66/8 but declined immediately to 64/12. Anglo-India came to business at 450, Kamarhatty 605, Kankanarrah 502, Gourepore 795, India were good at 430, Fort William found buyers at 310, Ganges changed hands at 382, Kinnison 729. In Bird Group Auckland were good at 262, Dalhousie 440, Lansdowne 206. In Yule group New Central went up to 390 from 380, Orient 236, Lothian 340, Caledonian 475. Bally were good at 268, Barnagore at 153. In small issues Adamjee hovered round 25/4, Agarpara 28, Clive 32, Nuddea 75, Reliance 70, Presidency 7/1.

COTTON

As indicated above, there was a buoyant undertone and buyers predominated business being done at rising prices. Dunbar closed around 255,. Kesoram 8/10. New Victoria ord Rs. 2, Cawnpore Textiles 7, Bengal/Nagpur 19, Muir 320.

COAL

There was a buying movement at the close of the period under review. Bengal Coal were good at 385, Equitable 39/8, West Jamuria 35, Mundulpore 10/8, Dhemo Main 16, Burrakur 17, Bokaro Ramgarh 19, Borrea 17, Hurriladih 15, New Beerbhoom 21, Katras Jherriah 30, Union 34, Rewa 26/12.

MISCELLANEOUS

The Engineering group were a rising market. Indian Iron closed at 47,* Steel Corporation Ord at 27/10, Indian Steel and Wire Products Ord jumped upto Rs. 54 from 49 and Deferred to 44 from 38. I. Standard Wagon found buyers at 66, Burn 372, Saran Eng. 8/12, Kumardhubi 6/8, Steel Products 3/8, Marshalls 3, Assam Saw 3/12, National Iron 8/4, Indian Galvanizing 8/12. Hukumchand Steel 11, B. Building and Iron 11/8. In mining issues, Burma Corp. shot up to 8/14 from 7/12, India Copper to 3/3 from 2/12, B. B. Petroleum changed hands at 6/4. In Sugar Section Carew were prices at 17/4, Cawnpore at 27, Murree Brewery 14/8, Samastipur 10/4, Balrampore 9/12. Midnapore Zemindary shot up to 90 from 80, Indian Cables 17/4, Dunlop Rubber 27/8. B. I. C. ord were good at 5/1, Ivan Jones 3/4. In Paper issues, Titaghur were good at 29, Paper Pulp at 165, Orient Paper 10/8, Shreegopal at 9/8, Mysore at 17/8. Consolidated Tin were good at 5/12, Tavoy Tin at 1/11, Rhodesia Copper changed hands at 1/12. India General were wanted at 100.

SILVER DEALINGS IN CALCUTTA

Bullion Association's Decision

Calcutta: December 4.

Owing to abnormal fluctuations in the Silver Market during the last few days, the Executive Committee of the Calcutta Bullion Association at a meeting this morning, adopted a resolution deciding not to trans act any business above Rs. 70/4 and Rs. 71 per 100 tolas of Kartick and Mangser settlement of silver, respectively upto Dec. 8.

The resolution added that in the meantime, on the reopening of the Bombay Silver Market, the Committee may meet again to consider further steps to be taken in regard to the matter. Members have also been requested to refrain from entering into fresh commitments.

The market opened at Rs. 70 at 1 p.m. today and closed at Rs. 67/11 per 100 tolas for Kartick settlement.—A. P.

CALCUTTA STOCK EXCHANGE

Coals And Speculatives Strong

Calcutta: December 4.

Jutes ruled steady after the week-end and fair amount of business took place. Coals continued strong and a large volume of business changed hands at much improved rates. Cottons remained unchanged. Teas were in fair request and a fair turnover took place. In miscellaneous section almost all speculative issues ruled very very strong on strong buying support. Government securities were quiet but steady.

Following are the quotations:—

Government securities: 3 per cent loan 1941 100/12; 3 1/2 per cent G P 87/12; 4 per cent loan 1960/70 101/14 c t; 5 per cent loan 1945/55 110/12; 5 per cent U P Bonds 1944 105/10 s lot.

Banks:—Reserve Bank 102.

Cottons. Bengal/Nagpur 20/7; Bowreah 321; Cawnpore Textiles 7/10; Dunbar Ord 255; Kesoram 9/3; New Victoria 2.

Coals: Bengal 407; Bhalgora 7/10; Bokaro and Ramgur 20/4; Burra Dhemo c 7/8; Burrakur 18/10; Central Kurkhend 17/12; Churulia 2/13; Deoli 12/4; Dhemo Main 19/8; East India 25/4, Equitable 41/11; Equitable 42/2; Hurriladih 17/12; Katras Jherriah 34/4; Mundulpoor 12/9; Nazira 11/8; New Beerbhoom 25/4; New Tetturya 5/4; North Damuda 8/6; Ondal 15/4; Raneegunge 33/12; Samla 3/12; Searsole 5/6; Sendra 18/4; Singaran 'A' 1/15 s lot; South Karanpura 8/4; West Jamuria 36/4.

Jutes: Adamjee 27; Barnagore 156; Budge Budge 406; Clive 32/10; Craig 2/3; Ft. Gloster 635; Gourepore 808/8; Howrah 66 ex-div; Hukumchand 11/7; Megna 43; National 28/6; Nuddea 79/12; Orient 243; Presidency 7/9; Waveriey 3/3.

Miscellaneous: Burma Corporation 9/2; Consolidated Tin 6/6; Indian Copper 3/2; Rhodesia Copper 2/2; Tavoy Tin 3; Dalmia Cement Pref 95; Britannia Building and Iron 12, Burn and Co Ord 383; Hukumchand Steel Ord 10/15; Indian Iron 48; Indian Steel and Wire Products Defd 51; Kumardhubi Eng 7; Marshalls 3/4; Steel Corporation Ord 27/6; Steel Corporation Pref 101 ex-div; Bengal Flour 18/15; British Ceylon Corporation 7/10; Dunlop Rubber Ord 28/4; British Burma Petrol 6/13; Indian Paper Pulp 181; Mysore paper 17/2; Orient Paper 11/2; Star Paper 9/10; Titaghur Paper Pref Ord 5/2; Titaghur Paper 'A' and 'B' Ord 29/11; Buland Sugar 17/4 ex-div; Carew and Co 17/4; Murree Brewery 16/4.

Teas: Baghmari 5/8; Bateli 5/6; Debentures: 3 1/4 per cent 1956/66 Howrah Bridge 91; 7 per cent 1936/51 Mahaswastika Sugar 97.—A. P.

AHMEDABAD SHARE MARKET

Ahmedabad: December 4.

Following are the closing quotations of the Share Bazar of 4th Dec.:—

Ambika 299; Calico 788; Gujarat Cotton 22/8; Jubilee 298/8; Jupiter 138; Motilal Hirabhai 38; Marsden 128/8; Monogram 84/8; Ordinary 413.

MADRAS SHARE MARKET

Madras: December 4.

Cotton mill shares were quiet but steady in the local market, but Sugar shares were very firm, especially Travancore Sugars spurting up to Rs. 13/8. In the Miscellaneous shares Engineerings were steady and Paper shares were easier.

Exchange transactions: Buckinghams 228; Maduras 36/8; Cambodiasaayu Jan. Tropicals 19/6; Kalpettas 21; Cochin Malabars 7; Chembras 3/3; Thirumadis 1/10/6; Midlands 5/3; Periakaramalai 18/4; Balanoora 6; Mysore Sugars 45/8; Deccan Ordy 220; Deccan Ordy (small) 56; Travancore Sugars 14; Mysore Papers 17/6; Indian Steel Rolling Mills 8/2.

CREDIT OF Rs. 50 LACS FURNISHED

Silver Deadlock Ends

BOMBAY, Dec. 4.

As heavy buying orders were placed on the London silver market from India on last Friday, London brokers were bewildered and they raised the question of Bank guarantee for credit. This deadlock came to an end to-day as Bombay Chokseys furnished credit amounting to nearly Rs. 50 lakhs.

Despite heavy Indian buying, the London silver market was featureless and prices for spot as well as for forward were fixed unchanged and 1/16d. higher respectively.

It is generally believed that all buying orders were executed at the quoted rates. The price for silver was nominally quoted around Rs. 65—66. The local market will re-open on Tuesday morning.

In the Calcutta market the maximum silver prices for the upper settlement has been fixed at Rs. 71.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, December 4

The local cotton trade is anxiously awaiting the decision of the Bombay Government regarding option business but in the meantime, a certain amount of caution seems to have become a crowning virtue and we find fairly large long liquidation over Rs. 300 level. Thus the market is adjusting and consolidating the rise. Bears still claims that our prices are about Rs. 50/1 per candy above American cotton and that large quantities of California cotton to the extent of about 80,000 bales are bought. This may be true but American cotton growers are holding their cotton firmly and even there is no inclination to offer any loan cotton which can be now re-possessed at profit. The situation is very complicated and it is difficult to form any reliable opinion but we feel that the rise is overdone and extreme caution is needed.

Following a rise of 2 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened today at Rs. 290/8 for Broach A/M delivery and advanced to Rs. 295/8. Later on there was some realising and prices reacted to Rs 292/8. The market was narrow and fluctuations were confined to narrow range.

Prices advanced to Rs. 296/8. Liverpool market opened at a rise of 9 points and in the local market there was scattered selling and Broach A/M was quoted at Rs 295/8. The market was steady.

There was increased buying and prices advanced to Rs. 300/8. Later Liverpool was 5 points up again 9 points higher. In the local market there was scattered realising and prices were quoted at Rs. 297/8. The market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

F G M G Broach:—			
April/May	Rs.	298	0 0
Fine M G Oomra:—			
Dec/January		261	8 0
March		264	0 0
F G M G Bengal:—			
Dec/January		212	0 0
March		214	8 0

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, December 4

	Extra	Sprfine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
M G Bengal U P	..	216	213	210	207	
M G Punjab	..	216	213	210	207	
M G Oomra No 3		265	262	259	256	..
M G C P No. 1		276	273	270	267	..
M G C P No 2		271	268	265	262	..

Ready Cotton Quotations

Bombay, December 4

Bengal Fine 216-17 December +3 1/2 January +3

Punjab Fine 218-20 December +4 January +3 1/2

C P 1 276-82 December +15 January +12
C P 2 266-67 December +7 January +6
Berar 264-65 December +4 January +3
Khandesh 250-55 December —7 January —20
Jalna Sallu 250 53
Ahmednagar 248-52
Broach February +2 1/2
Punjab 4 F December +22/25
Punjab 289 F December +55/60
Sindh N T 337-43 December +42/48

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES.

Bombay, December 4

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY

Since 1st Sept

In full-pressed bales	2-12-39	This year	Last year
Khandesh	340	451	4,228
Central India	10	8,359	38,198
Barsi and Nagar	403	21,589	6,287
Hyderabad Gaorani	252	2,887	321
Berar	1,640	26,463	20,537
Central Provinces	647	6,997	12,486
Total Oomras	3,292	70,446	82,057
Dholera	159	6,229	40,974
N W Provinces	315	14,738	335
Rajputana	90	5,756	4,997
Sind Punjab	1,671	102,807	54,795
Broach		133	11,408
Coompta and Dharwar	138	12,246	10,129
Westerns Northerns	3	9,869	7,551
Coconada			1
Tinnevelly and Cambodia		28	1,583
American		128	512
Egyptian, African and Sudan	406	102,783	104,683
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		1,247	6
Total	5,974	326,387	319,211
Arrived by road to 30th November 1939		27,500	

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

1st Sept to 30th Nov

In full-pressed bales	2-12-39	This year	Last year
Europe	1,618	20,943	45,243
Japan and China	3,100	197,114	273,073
Coast Ports	.	6,690	10,438
Up-country by Rail		96,959	79,933
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	.	6,301	2,704
Total	4,718	328,007	411,391

BOMBAY YARN QUOTATIONS

Bombay, December 4

Yarn No. 6 1/2s:—			
December	Rs.	145	0 0
February		146	0 0
April		147	0 0
Yarn No. 10 1/2s:—			
December		170	0 0
February		172	0 0
April		174	0 0
Yarn No. 20 1/2s:—			
December		213	0 0
February		215	0 0
April		219	0 0
Yarn No. 40s:—			
December		273	0 0
February		276	0 0
April		276	0 0

SUGAR MARKET

Bombay, December 4

Fine White Java sugar per cwt:—			
Ready (small grain)	Rs.	21	8 0
Ready (large grain)		21	10 0
Shipment November F B H		12	2 0
Shipment December F B H		12	2 0
Shipment Jan-Feb-March F B H		12	3 0
Indian sugars ready		21	0 0
	to	21	6 0

Tone:—Steady.

GROUNDNUTS & SEEDS

Bombay, December 4

Groundnuts February:—			
Opening	Rs.	47	13 0
Highest		47	13 0
Lowest		47	4 0
Closing		47	11 6
Castorseeds May:—			
Opening		51	12 0
Highest		52	0 0
Lowest		51	10 0
Closing		52	0 0
Cottonseed January:—			
Opening		29	11 0
Highest		29	12 0
Lowest		29	8 0
Closing		29	12 0

Sugar Production & Stocks

NEW DELHI, Dec. 3.

On the basis of returns received under Sugar Production Rules, 1935, the Director of Imperial Institute of Sugar Technology, Cawnpore, reports the following figures for sugar production and stocks in respect of Central Sugar factories in India for the fortnight ending 31st October, 1939:—

Opening stock (at factories)—1,006,994 maunds, production of sugar (for the fortnight)—57,459 maunds, despatches of sugar (for the fortnight)—460,939 maunds and closing stock (at factories) —603,514 maunds.—United Press.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Monday.

A verdict of death due to shock from burns accidentally sustained from a coal 'sighri' was returned by the City Coroner's jury at the inquest held on the body of Radhabai Krishna Chawan (60).

LORRY DRIVER KNOCKS DOWN PEDESTRIAN FATALLY AND ABSCONDS

At the inquest held on the body of Vithal Balwant, the jury returned a verdict of death due to rash and negligent driving on the part of Ganpat Bala who absconded on November 24.

The jury also recommended that Ganpat Bala should be prosecuted under Section 304 I P. C. when traced.

On certain information that "Charas" was being illicitly stored and sold in a hut in the garden situated at Sandharst Road, the Maharbouri Police raided the place yesterday and arrested Mohamed Alias Pahelwan son of Wali Mohamed and Dwarka Parshad Lalla.

Both the accused were placed today before Mr. T. T. Barodawala, Presidency Magistrate at Girgaum Court, who ordered them to release on bail till the 11th December.

Five men were arrested in different parts of the city, during the week-end on a charge of possessing opium and charas.

They were placed before the Magistrate, at Mazagaon Court, to-day, and remanded into police custody.

LORRY DRIVER ON MURDER CHARGE

On a charge of committing culpable homicide Kifaitullah Khan Akbarkhan was arrested by the Mahim Police and was produced before Mr. G. A. Sabnis, Presidency Magistrate, Dadar Court, to-day. Accused was offered bail till the 18th instant.

CHARGED WITH CASHING FORGED LOTTERY TICKET

Arrested on a charge of cheating a 'bidi' shop keeper at Wadgadi, Akbarali Rajaboli was placed before the Magistrate at Mazagaon Court, to-day and was ordered to be released on bail.

A LINER MYSTERY: MOTHER AND CHILD MISS.

When a liner from England arrived on Sunday at Alexandra Dock No. 5 a lady and her child were found to be missing.

Mrs. Royston the lady in question and her child, it is understood, were last seen at 6-30 in the morning on Sunday at teatime.

It is understood Mr. Royston is in India, somewhere up country.

The Yellow Gate Police are investigating the mystery.

ALLEGED BRANDING OF WIFE

Dattaram Bhagwan and Taibai Dattaram were arrested on a charge of assaulting a woman with a hot iron.

Accused were placed before Mr. I. S. Haji, to-day, at Mazagaon Court, and were ordered to be released on bail.

EX-SEPOY CAUGHT RED-HANDED AT V.T. AND JAILED

An interesting story of a carefully-planned attempt to commit theft from a public telephone booth was related today before Mr. Oscar Brown, Presidency Magistrate, Third Court when Krishna Baloo an ex-sepoy was charged with attempting to commit theft from the cash box of the public telephone at Victoria Terminus.

The accused admitted seven previous convictions and was sentenced to nine months' rigorous imprisonment.

RAIDED FOR RACE

On receipt of information that betting was being carried at Kalachowki Deputy Commissioner N. M. Kamte of Crime Branch, Bombay, C.I.D., accompanied by Sub-Inspector A. H. Ismail Ali of the Anti-Gambling Squad, on Saturday raided the premises at the Yeswant Swadeshi Cloth Stores of Y. D. Neekam situated on the ground floor of Anandji Ladha Building at Lal Baug Tram Junction and arrested two persons on charges of receiving race bets.

The names of the accused are: Y. D. Neekam and B. B. Dalvi.

Both the accused were placed today before Mr. J. M. Barot, Fourth Additional Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Police Court, and remanded till December 11 for further investigation. The accused are on bail.

Three persons were sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 15 each or in default to suffer one month rigorous imprisonment, by Mr. I. S. Haji, Presidency Magistrate, Mazagaon Court, to-day on a change of importing liquor to Bombay.

WOMAN LEAPS FROM BUILDING ON FIRE

Sustains Severe Injuries And Dies In Hospital

In a fire which broke out at 3rd Bholwada lane, on Sunday evening, a part of the Laxmikant building was burnt to ashes.

People first witnessed the flames issuing from the first floor of the building.

On discovering that the building was on fire, Hiralaxmibai Shankarlal (27), a tenant living on the third floor, finding no other means of escape, jumped from the verandah and sustained multiple fractures.

She was removed to the J. J. Hospital where she succumbed to her severe injuries the same night.

Altogether, seven persons were injured in the fire.

The inquest on Hiralaxmibai has been adjourned to December 19.

SHIPPING & INDIAN PORTS

NEW DELHI, Dec. 3.

British and foreign ships continue to enter and clear India ports safely. In November upto 25th day, 291 steamers entered Indian ports and 303 cleared them bringing the total number to 594.

In August the total number of steamers was 607,279 entering Indian ports and 378 clearing them.

In September last owing to war the total number fell to 501,233 steamers entering and 268 clearing Indian ports. The total, however, rose in October and surpassed the figures for August. As many as 384 ships entered and 311 cleared Indian ports bringing the total to 659. The total figure for November, may, however, be higher than that of October last.—United Press.

GRASS RATES FOR YEAR

(From Our Correspondent)

JUNAGADH, November 30.

To facilitate the supply of grass to the cattle owners, for the current year, (Samwat 1996), the Revenue Member Saheb Junagadh State has fixed the rates of the new grass as follows:—

(1) Sale to local Khaouts and State servants getting horse allowance, at Rs. 12-8 per 1,000 lb.

(2) Sale to State servants for private use at Rs. 15 per 1,000 lb.

(3) Sale to State departments at Rs. 10 per 1,000 lb.

(4) Sale to State public at Rs. 16 per 1,000 lb.

JUBBULPORE. The Muslim League Conference will be held at Jubbulpore from 26th December onwards for three days, and it will be attended by several All-India leaders.

Reduction In India's Trade With Japan

SUBSTANTIAL DECREASE IN BOTH EXPORTS TO AND IMPORTS FROM INDIA

Owing to the Sino-Japanese conflict which necessitated the promulgation of certain restrictive laws and ordinances by the Japanese Government, there was a considerable reduction in India's trade with Japan during 1938-39.

Both exports to and imports from India in 1938-39, as compared with 1937-38, showed substantial decreases, viz., 28 per cent. in exports and 30 per cent. in imports.

Imports into India from Japan, were, as in recent years, distributed over a large variety of items of which the more important were cotton manufactures, artificial silk, silk manufactures, wool manufactures, glass and glassware, iron and steel, machinery and mill work, earthenware and porcelain, toys and requisites for games, and hardware, chemicals, paper and pasteboard and stationery, raw silk and rubber manufactures, electrical instruments and apparatus, and paints and painters' materials. These together represented 84 per cent. of the total imports in 1938-39 as compared with 82 per cent. in the preceding year.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY

Summary of Meteorological observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 4-12-1939:—

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours —042 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 73.4 deg.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 66.0 deg.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 88.3 deg. (0.8 above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 69.4 deg. (0.2 below normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 55 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. E N E.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 13 miles per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 137 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 19 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10), 0.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 4-12-1939

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time) and temperature 76.8 deg. F. a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.19 inches and a compensated aneroid 30.00 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

SHIPPING NEWS

EXPORTS

Bombay: December 4.

1079 bales cotton fly L O Vora; 400 bales cotton waste M Chandulal and Co; 450 bales cotton waste G M Vyas and Co; 575 bales cotton waste C Jairam and Co; 75 bales cotton twist waste C Jairam and Co; 50 bales cotton twist waste G M Vyas and Co; 109 bales cotton twist waste L O Vora; 55 bales woollen rags The Overseas Cotton Waste Co; 7250 bags groundnut oil cakes meal Ralli Bros Ltd; 300 tons manganese ore The Shivrajpur Syndicate Ltd; 200 bales cotton waste P D Vora and Co; 100 bales cotton twist waste P D Vora and Co; 242 bales cotton twist waste Champaklal and Co; 70 bags gum D Mavji and Co; 40 bales grey cotton yarn Pavri Sons and Co; 50 bales cotton G M twist B'bay Imp and Expt Agency; 250 bales raw cotton K Devchand and Co Ltd; 1000 bales raw cotton T M Kaisha Ltd; 200 bales raw cotton N Manilal and Co; 300 bls raw cotton Nissho Co Ltd; 300 bales raw cotton N Futehally and Co; 213 bales raw cotton L O Vora; 130 bales raw cotton Chaihaty and Thackersey Ltd; 250 bales raw cotton Podar Trading Co Ltd; 220 bales raw cotton A Clayton and Co; 65 bales raw cotton Volkart Bros; 15 bales cotton grey yarn Advani Bros; 2683 bags groundnut oil cake exp M Bhuta and Co; 14 bales wool raw Vijayangh and Co; 286 bales cotton waste M Narotamdas and Co; 150 bales cotton fly V A Save and Co; 75 bales cotton twist waste V A Save and Co; 200 bales raw cotton Japan Cotton Trading Co Ltd; 100 bales raw cotton S R Tulshan and Co Ltd; 50 bls raw cotton C Jairam and Co.

IMPORTS

2692 bags betelnuts; 8092 bags copra; 750 bags cassia; 2250 bags sulphur; 300 cases pineapples; 100 cases firecrackers; 68 cases transmission conductor; 1890 bales strawboard, 1755 cases rayon yarn; 763 cases porcelainware; 683 bundles flat bars; 238 cts tiles; 60 cases elect goods; 65 cases umbrellaware; 147 cts chestwoods; 860 cases green tea; 139 drums dyestuff; 82 bundles empty gunnies; 121 cases printed cotton jeans; 60 cases bobbins; 51 cases toys; 433 cases glassware; 78 cases clocks; 592 packages empty glass bottles; 375 bales staple fibre yarn; 451 cases cotton yarn; 35 cases shell buttons; 64 cases rayon goods; 113 cases silk piecegoods; 782 cases rayon piecegoods; 340 cases art silk yarn; 880 packages paint; 464 cases cotton piecegoods; 95 cases wire nails; 180 cases glass bangles; 100 bales brass strip; 340 cases iron panel pins; 190 drums aniline dye; 49 cases brass circles; 50 barrels Nordant colour; 238 bales white printing paper; 85 bales cotton remnants; 116 cases elect bulbs; 40 cases art silk ground edgings; 61 cases weaving machinery; 125 packages copper wire; 90 cts tin plates; 200 cases refined camphor; 200 bags calcium carbonate; 266 drums caustic soda; 489 bales raw silk; 120 drums indigo; 89 bales auto tyres; 150 cases fresh apples; 980 cases beer; 72 cases rubber insertion; 37 c

BOMBAY and SUBURBS

Local Engagements

To-day

Hindu: Kartik Vad 9, 1996
Muslim: Shavvaal 23, 1358
Parsi: Tir 1, 1309
Hightide: 6-09; 19-25
Lowtide: 00-00; 13-14
Sunrise: 6h. 58m.
Sunset: 6h. 1m.

Domestic Occurrence

BIRTH

Mrs. M. Davidson gave birth to son on 17th November, at Ahmednagar. Mother and the child are keeping good health. On 24th December, 1939, the child will be baptised at St. Saviour Church, Ahmednagar, at 5 p.m. Relations and friends to please accept this as an invitation. Tea party at 10 a.m. on 25th December, 1939, at Kowlari, Ahmednagar.

C. S. PAST STUDENTS' ASSOCIATION

The above association will celebrate its Foundation Day to-day (Tuesday) at 8-30 p.m. in the C. S. S. High School, Wagle Hall.

BOMBAY BANKERS' CLEARING HOUSE

Cheques delivered through the Bombay Bankers' Clearing House during the week ending 1-12-1939 were as under:—Number of cheques—104,373. Amount of cheques—Rs. 20,89,88,067-10-4.

MAHAGAI CONFERENCE RECEPTION COMMITTEE

A meeting of the Reception Committee will be held to-day (Tuesday) at 8-30 p.m. in Indira Building, Parel, Bombay.

PUBLIC MEETING AT NAGU SAYAJI WADI

In pursuance of the instructions of the Working Committee's resolution to explain the Working Committee's resolution in general and Constituent Assembly in particular, a public meeting will be held at Nagu Sayaji Wadi, at 5-30 p.m. to-day (Tuesday).

PUBLIC MEETING AT LABOUR CAMP

Under the auspices of the "G" Ward District Congress Committee a public meeting will be held to-day (Tuesday), at 9 p.m. at Matunga Labour Camp to explain the Working Committee's resolutions in general and Constituent Assembly in particular.

B. P. ADULT EDUCATION ASSOCIATION

Prof. Lawande and Dr. Raman Vasa will begin their lectures on "Ethics" and "French Literature" in the University South Wing, to-day (Tuesday), at 6-30 p.m and 6 p.m. respectively. The other Adult Education classes for the day will meet as usual.

BOMBAY STUDENTS' BROTHERHOOD

The general meeting of the Brotherhood will be held on Sunday, the 17th instant at 9 a.m. in the Muslim Students' Union Hall, Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge, Chowpatty for Election of President, Vice-President, and the Managing Committee for the current year.

TELEGRAPH NOTIFICATION

All telegrams to Burma are subject to heavy delay due to interruptions.

SAFETY FIRST ASSOCN. OF INDIA

Lecture on "All Night Driving" by Mr. G. R. Genge, at 6-15 p.m. to-day (Tuesday) in the Conference Hall, Electric House. Open to members.

THE GATHA SOCIETY

A meeting of the Gatha Society will be held to-day (Tuesday), at 6 p.m. (S.T.) at the K. R. Cama Oriental Institute, 134-136, Apollo Street, Fort, Bombay, when Mr. Sorabji Nowroji Kanga, B.A., will give a further discourse in Gujarati on "a detailed examination of the Farvardin Yasht." The lecture is open to the public.

RAMANA JAYANTI AT MATUNGA

The Ramana Satchidananda Samaj has been shifted from Parel to Matunga and the worship is being carried on in Bhuta Nivas No. 1, Vincent Road. It has been decided that the Jayanti of Ramana Maharishi should be celebrated between the 24th Dec. and 1st Jan., 1940 in the buildings' compound with a fitting programme.

KARNATAK NOOTHAN SANGIT SABHA

The following members are elected as office-bearers for the year 1939/'40:—

Dr. N. D. Kanchan: President. Mr. G. K. Amin: Vice-President. Mr. K. S. Krishna Rao and Mr. V. S. Puthran: Jt. Hon. Secretaries. Mr. N. A. Kotiankar and Mr. R. P. Karkera: Jt. Hon Treasurers. Mr. G. D. Kanchan: Librarian. Mr Bhasker Kotianker, Mr. C. K. Puthran Mr. B. M. Kotian, Mr. B. G. P. Karkera, Mr. Narayan Uchil, Mr. H. K Puthran and Mr. R. C. Shriyan: Members.

SWAMI VIRAJYANANDJI IN BOMBAY

His Serene Holiness Sriman Swami Virajyanandji, the President of Ramakrishna Muth and Mission, Belur Muth, Calcutta, will be returning to Bombay from Poona, to-day (Tuesday) at 7-30 p.m. by Poona Express. He will stay at the Ramakrishna Ashram, Khar Road, for a couple of days and then he leaves for Calcutta via Nagpur. He has consented to give a further talk on his reminiscences of Swami Vivekanand on Thursday (7th inst.) at 7-45 p.m. at Ashram Library Hall, Khar. All are cordially invited.

SHRI CUTCH FAMINE RELIEF COMMITTEE

The Secretaries of the above Committee write:—

Cutch is in the grip of terrible famine. Scarcity of water is beginning to be felt and severe human distress has commenced. Winter has set in and with it biting cold has aggravated the distress amongst the poor. Great want of clothes for protection against cold is severely felt.

Shree Cutch Famine Relief Committee hereby appeals all charitably disposed people to send clothes—new or half-worn. All Cutchhi and non-Cutchhi volunteer corps are earnestly requested to take up this work of collection of clothes for the poor in Cutch.

The Committee is confident that in this work of service, everyone will do his best to help relief in Cutch.

Sindhi Bankers' Appeal To Premier

At a meeting held at Sindhi Bankers' Association, at Erode, on Nov. 27, resolutions were passed deeply regretting the communal riots at Sukkur on the 19th Nov. and condemning the consequent bloodshed, murders of innocent Hindus, incendiarism and serious other offences which should have been prevented by timely action of the authorities and sympathising with the victims of such violence and drawing the attention of the Premier of Sind and his Cabinet, more especially the Hindu Ministers, to take adequate measures to protect the lives and properties of the Hindu minority of the province and safeguard their honour and self-respect.

Amusements Of The Day

CAPITOL—"The Unknown Soldier Speaks". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Stanley and Livingstone". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
METRO—"Merry Widow". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Each Dawn I Die". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
NEW EMPIRE—"Intermezzo". Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
LAMINGTON—"Kahan Hai Manzil Teri". Daily at 4-30, 7 and 10 p.m.
PATHE—"On the River." Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Kangan". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
WEST END—"Mera Haq". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Pukar". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
KRISHNA—"Aulad". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"As you Please". Daily at 4-15, 7 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Admi". Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
DIAMOND—"The Spider's Web" Daily at 4, 7 and 10 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Bhagya Zenda". Time as usual.
PLAZA—"Sukhacha Shodha". Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m.

High Court Warns City Editor

Sequel To Comment On "Jame Jamshed" Case Judgment

The Chief Justice issued a warning against Mr. S. Sadanand, Editor and Publisher of "The Free Press Journal" in delivering judgment yesterday in the application made by Mr. Murzban, Editor and Publisher of "Jame Jamshed" asking for action to be taken against him for contempt of court.

The complaint was in respect of an article published in the "Free Press Journal" of August 31, 1939, commenting on the judgment of the High Court in the appeal filed by "Jame Jamshed" against the order of the Chief Presidency Magistrate under Section 144 of Cr. P. Code prohibiting publication of certain matters without the previous approval of the Public Relations Officer.

Sir Chimanlal Setalvad, who appeared for the petitioner, said that the article, which was published as an editorial in the "Free Press", openly suggested that the judgment of the Chief Justice was not based on the merits of the case but on personal prejudices and predilections. Counsel referred to a passage which stated "it is essential that the Court should keep politics separate from the interpretation of the law and should also prevent prejudices and predilections, not based on the record of proceedings before the court, from influencing them."

The Chief Justice observed that he had no objection to that remark and that it was the duty of the court.

After reading other passages from the article, Sir Chimanlal observed that the innuendo in the article was that personal and political considerations had swayed the Chief Justice in delivering the pudgment. "One cannot conceive of a grosser contempt of court. If this were allowed to go unnoticed, the impression would be abroad that one could say this about the Court with impunity."

JUDGMENT.

In delivering judgment the Chief Justice observed that journalists who thought that an order of the Court was wrong were entitled to say so when the matter was disposed of and was not still pending in any court. But they were not entitled to impute unworthy motives to judges for the very good reason that judges could not defend themselves. In the present case, no doubt, the author of the article did suggest that the judgment was based on political motives. A copy of the article was sent to his lordship on the day it was published, and it seemed to him that it was a rather foolish article and that it was not worthwhile taking any action in the matter.

His lordship did not think that the course of justice was going to be affected by an article of this sort. But the editor of the paper must understand that he would not be allowed to abuse judges and he had better be more careful in future. His lordship made no order on the application.

Popularising Congress Demand For Constituent Assembly

To popularise the Congress demand for the Constituent Assembly the 'G' Ward District Congress Committee has been celebrating a Constitutional Assembly Week from the 3rd Dec. to 9th Dec.

The first meeting of the series was held on Sunday, at Dadar Choupati sands. The meeting was presided over by Mr. M. N. Valanju, who in his speech explained the meaning and implication of the Congress demand and urged the necessity of national struggle to achieve it. The meeting was attended by a large number and was addressed by Messrs. Therwal, Upadhyaya and Mr. B. N. Ambardekar.

The meeting at DeLisle Road was attended by about 800 workers. Mr. P. K. Kurane, the Secretary, 'G' Ward District Congress Committee addressed the gathering and explained the significance of the demand and its importance in the background of the imperialist war.

SUIT AGAINST SECRETARY OF STATE

Shipping Co.'s Claim To Recover Penalty

The suit filed by Brunsaagard Klostrirul Dampkibo Aktieselaskal and Co. against the Secretary of State for India in Council was disposed of by Mr. Justice B. J. Wadia at the High Court.

The plaintiffs were a Norwegian Shipping Co. It appeared that one of their tankers brought oil to Bombay, and when the oil was landed, it was found that there was a deficiency in the quantity actually landed as compared with the quantity mentioned in the manifest as having been loaded on the vessel.

As no reasonable explanation was forthcoming, the Customs authorities, under Section 167 of the Sea Customs Act, levied a penalty of Rs. 11,000 which the plaintiffs paid under protest.

PLAINTIFFS' CASE.

The plaintiffs then filed this suit to recover the amount of the penalty from the Government.

They contended that there was no deficiency in the oil landed and that there was no proper adjudication of the deficiency under the Act, inasmuch as the measurement of the oil was not taken on board the ship when the ship arrived, but that the same was taken after the oils had been discharged into the tanks at Sewri—5 miles from the ship—by means of pipes from the ship.

His lordship held that there was nothing in the Act to show that measurements must be taken on board the ship and nowhere else. There had been a proper adjudication, and the penalty was properly levied.

His lordship also held that this was a matter concerning revenue and therefore under the Government of India Act the Court had no jurisdiction to entertain the suit.

RAJAM IYER'S RECITAL

New Artistes Make Good Impression

Under the auspices of the South Indian Sangeet Sabha, Mr. Rajam Iyer and party gave a recital on Sunday at Matunga. Mr. Rajam hails from Vaithinatha Iyer's family which has served Karnataki music for two generations. Carrying the traditions of his father and grand father, his is music with pedigree and the grandeur of his style reminds one of the flow of Cauvery before the days of Mettur dam. Mr. Rajam was at his best in 'Karaharapriya and Malayamarutham' and he built a veritable sky-scraper out of 'Mohanam.' His stylisation was graceful and original. He has the flair of Maharajapuram and the superb intonation of Chembai. Mr. Jayarama Iyer, the violinist has improved much since he made his appearance along with Alattur Brothers in Bombay. His play was flawless and he could have made a better impression with more 'flourishes.' Mr. Raghavan ably accompanied the artistes in Mridangam.

K. A. C.

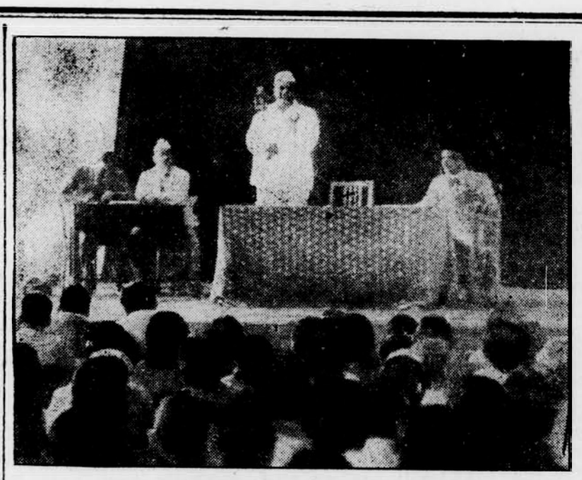
ALL-INDIA ECONOMIC CONFERENCE

The 23rd session of the All-India Economic Conference will be held at Allahabad on January 2, 3, 4 and 5, 1940. A strong Reception Committee with Pandit Amaranatha Jha, Vice-Chancellor of the Allahabad University as Chairman, has been formed.

The Conference will be presided over by Mr. L. C. Jain, Professor of Economic of the Punjab University. Professor S. K. Rudra of the Allahabad University who is the Local Secretary of the Conference is, in collaboration with his colleagues in the Department, making necessary arrangements in connection with the sittings of the Conference and the accommodation of the delegates. An interesting programme with some excursions to places of economic interest has been drawn up.

BENARES HINDU UNIVERSITY

The staff and students of the Engineering College, Benares Hindu University are celebrating their annual "College Day," on 21st and 22nd December, 1939. All old students are cordially invited.



Prof. P. K. Atre addressing the Marathi Literary Conference at the Wilson High School.

INQUIRY INTO CITY MUNICIPAL ESTABLISHMENT EXPENDITURE

Criticism Of Working Of Municipal Printing Press

The Mayor disposed of a number of items of the December agenda on Monday and thus cleared the way for the Xmas holidays which are coming within the next few days. Most of the items disposed of were however of an informal nature having come for approval from statutory committees, like the Standing Committee and the Improvements Committee and a few from the Works Committee. One resolution moved by Dr. J. V. Vora evoked some discussion, which was in regard to the report of Mr. J. A. Neale, Superintendent of Government Printing and Stationery on the working of the Municipal Printing Press together with his remarks thereon.

Mr. Neale remarked that the press was not maintained in an orderly and tidy manner and he could not say whether the press was run on economical lines as this could be ascertained after a correct system of accounts and work orders were introduced.

Dr J. V. Vora moved to record the report.

WORKING OF PRESS

Mr. R. S. Nimbkar alleged that certain members of the staff were victimised as they belonged to the Red Flag Union. Then there were certain employees who were directly related to a Press official.

The Municipal Commissioner replied that he had made enquiries regarding alleged victimisation and found that nobody was dismissed because he belonged to the Red Flag Union. Two employees were reduced because there was no work for them and one man was dismissed for breaking a galley. In regard to the allegation that a certain official had employed his own relatives, he assured the House that he would make enquiries.

Mr. Soonderdas Morarji moved an amendment to request the Municipal Commissioner to issue a report on the working of the Press.

The amendment was carried as a substantive proposition.

ESTABLISHMENT CHARGES

The following resolution of Mr. Mathradas Tricumji was agreed to by the House unanimously:

"That in view of the rapid increase in the expenditure on establishment during the last few years and with a view to effect retrenchment wherever possible, the Commissioner be requested to place before the Corporation through the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee a statement showing the variations in the number of employees in various grades and in various departments shown in the Budget from the year 1935-36 with a general explanation for the same.

That the Law, Revenue and General Purposes Committee be requested to scrutinise the statement, when received, and to place it before the Corporation with such recommendations in the matter as they may consider necessary.

Mr. Mathradas said establishment charges had gone up by Rs. 10 lacs and there should be some check over it.

The House then adjourned till Thursday.

SALES TAX ON PIECE-GOODS NOT TO BE ENFORCED

Bombay Government's Decision

The Public Relations Officer, Bombay writes:—

The Governor of Bombay has decided, in consultation with his Advisers, not to proceed with the sales tax on manufactured cloth which was authorised by the Bombay Sales Tax Act, 1939.

When the Sales Tax Bill was under discussion in the Legislature, a number of representations were made to the effect that the piece-goods trade in this Province would be seriously affected by the proposed tax. It was urged that the wholesale markets in Bombay and Ahmedabad, which are the distributing centres for a large part of India, would be seriously disorganised by a wholesale tax, particularly because there was no simple method of obtaining refunds on export.

With regard to a tax on retail sales, it was urged that it would be necessary for a large number of petty traders—some of whom might be illiterate—to maintain accounts and to submit them for examination to Government Inspectors. The tax would thus be both irksome to the tax-payer and expensive to Government. For these reasons, alternative schemes were examined by Government. At the time the late Ministry resigned, however, no decision had been taken and the difficulties which would have to be met in enforcing this sales tax had been found to be considerable.

His Excellency considers that it is not in the best interests of the trade it should be kept in suspense any longer on this issue, and has, therefore, decided that the decision not to proceed with the "ad valorem" sales tax on manufactured cloth should be made known.

SCOURGE OF T. B. IN INDIA

Dr. Mukerjee Lays Stress On Hygienic Education

The following are the extracts from the statement of Dr. Biswanath Mukerjee, L.M.S., M.L.A., President, All-India Homoeopathic Medical Association who writes from Gorakhpur.

The scourge of tuberculosis is daily assuming its seriousness and mortalities from its ravages are on the rapid increase. India can not be too grateful to Her Excellency Lady Linlithgow for all that she is doing for this country in the shape of anti-tuberculosis funds. It is reported that few years back a sum of nine and half lakhs were contributed by the people of India towards these funds and now these funds have increased ten times this amount. Major-General Jolly, Chairman of the Central Committee of these funds was right when he observed that this striking change in the finances of this movement against tuberculosis in India was indicative of the increased interest in the disease and a persistent determination on the part of her people to tackle it.

PLIGHT OF MIDDLE CLASSES.

The middle classes and the people in the lowest strata of society are the greatest sufferers in this respect and this is because of the unwholesome food they eat and the insanitary dwelling houses they live in. The middle classes, who are generally overworked and are addicted to a diet which sorrowfully lacks in nutrition, prematurely break their health and then ultimately fall victims to tuberculosis from which it is very difficult to have an escape. In big metropolitan towns their miseries increase ten fold as for want of funds they fail to afford to live in healthy and comfortable hygienic houses.

In my humble opinion major portion out of the Anti-tuberculosis funds should be spent on the hygienic education and improvement of the economic condition of those who are always in the cruel grip of T. B. Moreover, these sanatoria at Bhawali, Almora and other centres in India are still a very expensive business and out of the reach of the type of people about whom I have mentioned above.

The public as well as the Government of the country have to perform a serious and solemn duty towards this and the sooner it is done the better it will be.

ABDULLA FAZALBHOY TECHNICAL INSTITUTE

The following are the results of the Final Examinations held in November this year:—

PHOTOGRAPHY COURSE
PASSED

Rank.	Names.
1.	Mr. Taraporewalla J. I.
2.	Miss Paymaster P. B.
3.	Mr. Badruddin N. C.
4.	Mrs. Patwardhan P.
5.	Mr. Jain Moti Ram.
6.	Mr. Bhagwagar C. D.
7.	Mr. Bootwala M. L.
8.	Mr. Ayer Subramaniam.
9.	Mr. Gaigah R. S.

SOUND RECORDING COURSE
PART II
PASSED

Rank.	Names.
1.	Mr. Raju D. V.
2.	Mr. Lyall Gian Singh.
3.	Mr. Athuru V. Rao.
4.	Mr. Chandrasekharao B.
5.	Mr. Chandrasekhare Rao P.
6.	Mr. Sohoni B. W.
7.	Mr. Bhagat K. G.
8.	Mr. Asthana R. N.
9.	Mr. Madhava Rao K. S.
10.	Mr. Laxshmanrao D.
11.	Mr. Choudhary A.
12.	Mr. Sarawal Dharmendra.
13	Mr. Bhattipralu J. Rao.

PROJECTIONIST COURSE
PASSED

Rank.	Names.
1.	Mr. Godhia R. F.
2.	Mr. Ernaky Venkata S.
3.	Mr. Shenoy M. D.
4.	Mr. Yar Khan A.
5.	Mr. Khajakhan M.
6.	Mr. Subramanian Chanthan.
7.	Mr. Patri S.
8.	Mr. Chandra Adiah Paul.

RADIO SERVICE COURSE PART II
PASSED

Rank.	Names.
1.	Mr. Chopra H. L.
2.	Mr. Sharma V. V.
3.	Mr. Nianan A. C.
4.	Mr. Raza Mirza Mohd.
5.	Mr. Srinivas Sunderaj.
6.	Mr. Trivedi R. T.
7.	Mr. Chachane B. M.
8.	Mr. Mehta R. G.
9.	Mr. Panicker K. F. D.
10.	Mr. Verma D. N.
11.	Mr. Gandhi I. C.
12.	Mr. Faiz Victor N.
13.	Mr. Mukerjee R. K.
14.	Mr. Mahwa N. M.
15.	Mr. Marathe V. R.
16.	Mr. Qayam Beg M. A.
17.	Mr. Padmanabhan Krishnan.
18.	Mr. Hari Ram.
19.	Mr. Khanna M. K.
20.	Mr. Gokhale K. R.
21.	Mr. Asokan M. J.

WIRELESS TELEGRAPHY II
PASSED

Rank.	Names.
1.	Mr. Berry F. R.
2.	Mr. Menon. A. C. P.
3.	Mr. Peryalwar, C. N.
4.	Mr. Srinivasan R.

Concert Of Bombay Choral & Philharmonic Society

The first concert of the Bombay Choral and Philharmonic Society came off at the Sir Cowasji Jehangir Hall yesterday evening. Bombay has had little opportunity of listening to vocal talent of the type, except through very rare visits of companies from the West and occasional recitals by the Male Voice Choir, which seems defunct though attempts are being made to revive it.

As art music grows, folk and Choral music tends to go out of use. But the effect produced by getting a certain number of voices to go together seems to have attracted attention as far back as the fourteenth century in the West, and the Church was largely responsible for encouraging and fostering this aspect of musical art. With the popularity of the opera, attention centred upon the individual singers, but Choral music survived through the oratorio where prominence of the soloist is immensely toned down, and is more on a level with the other elements of effect.

The Choral songs of mixed voices still hold sway was olearly proved by the evening's concert. Everything considered, it was a very creditable performance. The orchestra sounded rather thin in the first number Mozart's "Overture" from Figaro, but Cecil Mendoza, the conductor was very good in Grieg's Pianoforte Concerto, though his phrasing seemed touched by the music he plays every evening at the Taj.

The voices were particularly effective in Brahm's "Weigenlied", German's "Shepherd's Dance" from Henry VIII and in Robinson's "Summer Days and Winter Days" though they started off somewhat hesitant in the beginning. The popular pieces in the second half were none too good, the Volga Boatman by the Male Voice Chorus being particularly so.

Elgar proved an effective conclusion and we hope further recitals will be given and greater support will be forthcoming.

INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT IN BARODA

GWALIOR, Dec. 3.

The Publicity Officer, Gwalior Government states:—

The annual report of the Commerce Department for the year 1938-39 states that the Department has continued its policy of attracting new industries by giving concessions and facilities to the promoters of mills, ginning and pressing factories and other industrial concerns.

Paper industry, Glass factory and Electric bulb manufacture are receiving the attention of the Government. Six new Joint Stock Companies were registered.

To finance the Mercantile community a sum of Rs. five lakhs is set apart.

Rajkot Water Supply Plan

RAJKOT, Dec. 4.

A notice has been issued by the Officer-in-Charge of Rajkot Civil Station regarding the steps being taken by the Agency authorities to meet with the water supply problem

A list of various works which are under construction for obtaining water supply has been published.

Lucknow, December 4.—The unveiling ceremony of a memorial to His late Majesty King George V was performed by His Excellency the Governor of the United Provinces this morning before a large and distinguished gathering on a spacious ground opposite to the Central Telegraph Office.—United Press.

LAY AWAKE IN AGONY WITH NEURITIS

Spent Sleepless Nights Tossing With Pain

KRUSCHEN SALTS EFFECTED A COMPLETE CURE.

Ordinary headaches are bad enough, but they are as nothing compared to the awful pains of neuritis in the head, says this woman. Read how Kruschen completely banished the pain:—

"I had neuritis in the head and right arm. I suffered untold agony with my head, and I dare not think what might have happened had it continued. Everybody knows what a headache is like, but it is as nothing compared with the awful pain of neuritis in the head. I spent sleepless nights tossing with pain. I began taking Kruschen Salts, and after some months of the treatment I have effected a complete cure."—(Mrs.) L.M.

Neuritis, like rheumatism and sciatica, has its roots in intestinal stasis (delay)—the unsuspected accumulation in the system of harmful waste matter which leads to the formation of excess uric acid. The knife-edged crystals of uric acid pierce the tissues and nerve sheaths, and cause those excruciating pains.

Two of the ingredients of Kruschen Salts have the power of dissolving uric acid crystals. Other ingredients of Kruschen assist Nature to expel these dissolved crystals through the natural channels.

Kruschen Salts is obtainable at all Chemists, Stores and Bazars.

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PUBLIC REVIVAL!

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MOST THRILLING ADVENTURE KNOWN TO MAN!

Twentieth Century-Fox presents
Darryl F. Zanuck's Production of

STANLEY and LIVINGSTONE

with the finest acting cast ever assembled!

SPENCER TRACY
NANCY KELLY
RICHARD GREENE

Free List Suspended

Need For Changes In Rent Restriction Act

BOMBAY TENANTS APPEAL TO GOVERNMENT

The General Meeting of the Bombay Tenants' Association was held in the Soman Building, Girgaon Road, last Sunday. The following are a few of the many resolutions passed at the meeting:—"The Meeting of the Bombay Tenants' Association requests the Government of Bombay to enact at an early date a Rent Restrictions Act for Bombay, based on the recommendations of the Rent Enquiry Committee with the necessary changes suggested by the Association and thus give relief to poor and middle class tenants, particularly having regard to the high prices and the profiteering tendency, prevailing at the present time due to war."

The Meeting requests the Government of Bombay to extend the life of the temporary Rent Restrictions Act of 1939 till such time as the Rent Restrictions Act, based on the recommendations of the Rent Enquiry Committee's Report has been enacted."

Whereas a great bulk of the population of Bombay, particularly the millhands, have come from the Konkan side and whereas they find it too expensive, tiresome and inconvenient to go to their native villages for the betterment of their health, this meeting of the Bombay Tenants' Association requests the Bombay Government and India Government to continue the steamer service on the Konkan line, or to lower down the railway and bus rates and to lay an effective control on them and thus to remove the greatest inconvenience caused to the Konkan people."

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: TUESDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1939

LEAD FROM U. P.

The U. P. Political Conference, held at Muttra last week, has given a lead in pointing out how the whole country can be prepared for the coming struggle on the lines suggested by the Working Committee under Gandhiji's guidance. Its resolution on the Constructive Programme is of a detailed nature and provides useful suggestions for proper organisation and propaganda. An outstanding feature of the resolution is the creation in a Mandal in each district a centre of intensive activity with the charkha as "the centre of activities." "The Mandal", says the resolution, "should be made a live and active organisation,' "every village in the mandal should begin to treat the mandal offices as the real centre of political power", and the masses are to be "organised on the basis of their economic demands and the Congress demand for a Constituent Assembly". Finally, Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, President of the Conference, whose genius for organisation and dynamic activities is to be discerned in the resolution itself, is to tour the entire province, taking the Congress message from village to village. Indeed, he has already begun the tour with a mass meeting at Agra where he called upon the people to discipline themselves through the Constructive Programme and be prepared for any contingency that might arise at any time.

Need For Communal Unity

The U. P. Conference also declared that "the need for communal unity must be emphasised" and the leaders are giving their most serious attention to the Hindu-Muslim problem. We have already referred to certain suggestions for the solution of this problem, offered by Dr. Katju, formerly Congress Minister for Justice in the U. P. Cabinet. It is now understood that the Congress leaders of the province have accepted his suggestions and propose to carry on an extensive propaganda to popularise them and also to give effect to them. These general efforts for communal unity will be for the most part of a non-political character in which the common people have to play a prominent part; for instance, the prevention of clashes in connection with music before mosques or the killing of cows. It is true that at present the problems uppermost in the minds of both Hindu and Muslim leaders are of a political character. But these are best considered in the first instance by the leaders themselves and will doubtless be considered in the course of the forthcoming Jinnah-Nehru talks.

Coalition Ministries

Perhaps the most important political question just at present is that of Coalition Ministries including the accredited leaders of the important minorities as well as of the Congress. When this question was mooted first before the general elections, many believed in the possibility of Coalition Ministries, and with that belief the Congress and the Muslim League contested the elections in several places almost on a joint ticket. But immediately after the elections, when the implications of such ministries were not clearly understood and when the differences between the policies of the Congress and the League were unconsciously exaggerated on either side, coalitions came to be distrusted and rejected. Since then, however, it has been found that a Coalition is possible under conditions which are far from impossible. We stated the other day that the proposal for coalition ministries deserved careful consideration by the Congress. In an article in a recent issue of the "National Herald" Mr. Gopinath Srivastava, who was formerly Parliamentary Secretary to the Congress Minister for Revenue in U. P., says that an attempt should now be made to ensure "co-operation in every sphere and coalition in the political." Most Congressmen will endorse his view that by working together in a common cause the prejudices which to-day take the form of insurrmountable barriers will disappear, and a large-hearted mutual understanding will gradually descend on every act. We trust Congress leaders will explore all possibilities of ensuring the co-operation of minorities in the common tasks of administration.

Hitler Isolated

The Russian invasion of Finland has, as we noted, yesterday, antagonised a whole world against Russia. But it has also done a welcome service. It has served to sharpen the isolation of Germany. Friends, already manifestly uncomfortable and hesitating, are now definitely adopting an unfavourable attitude. The reactions to the Russian aggression in two countries are deserving of notice in this connection. In Spain, the Official Agency itself has openly criticised the foreign policy of the Fuhrer, who has now lost whatever sympathy General Franco may still have entertained for him.

But even more significant and very far-reaching, indeed, in its possible consequences, is the effect on Italy. A London report in the "National Herald" of Lucknow says that Signor Mussolini had been sending arms, aeroplanes and ammunition to Finland and was even arranging to send Italian volunteers. Whether that report is true or much exaggerated, it is noteworthy that the Fascist authorities allowed a thousand Italians to demonstrate before the Soviet Embassy in Rome the other day. Italy is gravely perturbed because she believes that the Soviet will now turn to the Balkans. Signor Mussolini is already annoyed with Herr Hitler. And it is for a Mussolini in such a mood that the Fuhrer is preparing, according to a Bucharest report, a veritable bombshell, that is to say, a probable attack on Hungary. If that happens, the Fuhrer will succeed where Britain and France have failed so far: in driving Signor Mussolini into the arms of the Allies.

Finland's Offer

If Poland was beaten and broken by Nazi Germany in two weeks Russian might should not have taken more than a couple of days to defeat Finland. But the Finns are still fighting. What is more, they are fighting with more success than failure as is virtually admitted by the *Pravda* itself. Finnish gallantry deserves all the tribute that can be paid to it. But the fact remains that Finland, however magnificent her resistance, is no match for Russia and her eventual fate is sealed. Finnish statesmen knew the impossible odds against them. That is why they made every effort to win a friendly settlement with Russia. Even now they are trying to make peace consistently with the independence of their country and its vital interests. But we doubt if M. Stalin will accept the offer made by the Finnish Government through the Swedish Legation, except on his own terms.

Our European Letter

Nazi Threat To Neutrals

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT)

PARIS, Nov. 29

Considerable attention is devoted in the European press to German moves in the direction of extending pressure on Holland. It is known that for a while, practically ever since the end of the Polish campaign in an active military sense and a disappointment felt over the firmness displayed by the Western Powers regarding the "peace proposals" as advanced by Hitler in his last Reichstag speech, Berlin has been devoting attention to increase the pressure on Holland.

A short while back, this took a very serious turn. Heavy concentrations of troops were made along the Dutch frontier, as indeed close to the Belgian one. It almost looked as though an attack on Holland was imminent. The nature of the protective measures adopted by Holland extended weight to reckonings of a German attack German attention in extending a sharp and serious pressure on Holland is widely viewed as influenced by considerations of gaining Holland and Belgium to support Hitler's plan of a "peace"; securing certain commercial advantages; and above all, projecting the picture of a closer threat on Britain.

If Germany for the while has actually desisted from the plan of an attack on Holland, it is above all due to fear of diplomatic and military repercussions that the step was seen as suited to cause. Among other factors, there stood also as one of no small weight, apprehension of American opinion drifting further and actively against Germany. The projection of closer threat to Britain, did not go to influence a British course or shake a stand of Britain. This is well reflected in the British response to the joint declaration on the peace question issued by the King of Belgium and the Queen of Holland. Berlin is disappointed and furious about this.

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German threat to Holland does not disguise an estimate of opinion in Holland and Belgium, despite their remaining neutral keeping a favour to the Western Powers. Berlin probably has been inclined to hold up the idea of giving a check to this by casting a threat. Holland and with Holland also Belgium have manifested that while they retain care to preserve neutrality a forceful drive against them will be actively resisted. What is more it has been made fairly evident to Germany that aid for them when needed, will be immediately forthcoming from the two major Western Powers.

In certain circles, it is considered, that dissatisfied about the echo to a pressure increasing drive against Holland, Germany in near future might turn to give closer attention to extending a grip over Hungary. Such a move, if adopted, as matters are, especially in the light of a new phase in German-Russian relations, is bound to evoke a very critical care in Rome and assert in a keenly disadvantageous way upon German-Italian relations. As it is, the Rome-Berlin Axis is not what it was a while ago or what it was expected to be.

Basically, Germany's care remains concentrated upon a situation in the West held up by the opposition of the Western Powers. The sharper reaction for the while of Berlin against Britain follows; speculations of causing concern in London by setting out pictures of unfavourable reactions in the light of British Empire interests with the war going on; rather crude estimates of causing a drift in a joint Anglo-French stand; and considerations of a consequence feared about the blockade. Though Germany now has desisted from the plan of an offensive against Holland, it does not necessarily mean, complete abandonment of a project to which influential circles in Berlin are known to have devoted close care.

Not only Holland, but also Belgium and Switzerland, retain an alertness to German designs in the West. Caught under considerations of gaining of internal difficulties with prolongation of war or calculations of the forces of the Western Powers tending to gain—in association with the latter much anxious attention is directed to the lifting of the Arms Embargo by the United States—Germany might rush to precipitous moves. The Western Powers, it is evident, take good note of this. France has advanced to extend the system of fortifications in the northerly direction. Also the Maginot Line is being further strengthened. No illusions are maintained about a comparative lull in operations. From the French side the lull proceeds much according to a plan.

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The negotiations between the Soviet Union and Finland have not yet come to a positive conclusion. Once again a break has happened, though both in Moscow and Helsinki, this is described as cessation for the while of conversations and not as marking definite rupture. It is understood that Finland indicated unwillingness to accede to Russian terms that were viewed in Helsinki as extremely wide, and there is no overlooking of the acceptance of the Russian terms resulting in Finland being kept in a state of much subservience upon Russia. While full details relating to the Russian demands are not published, it would appear, according to generally well-informed sources, that they extended to granting of naval base at Hanko right at the northerly entrance to the Gulf of Finland and practically opposite to the Island of Dagoe at the southerly entrance, where from Esthonia, Russia has already gained a naval base; ceding of various small islands in the Gulf of Finland; giving of right of fortification at different places on the Karelian Isthmus north-westerly to Leningrad; moving of the frontier near to Leningrad by several miles; and handing over of the Rybachi Peninsula in the north indicated as essential for the protection of Murmansk, but suited at the same time to give Russia command over Pestamo, Finland's one and important port in the Arctic Ocean.

Finland was offered by way of compensation certain territorial concessions in Soviet Karelia. It is apparent that Russian objective is to secure a dominant position over the whole of the Baltic, with

(Continued on page 9 col. 5.)

The War Goes On!

Mars Sweeps On Finland

(By Our Special Correspondent)

The War Goes On—engulfing more countries in its constantly spreading flames.

The latest victim is Finland. Few seem to have heard of this little country sandwitched between the Baltic and the Arctic until Japan decided to abandon the 1940 Olympic games and Finland offered to play host to the gathering of sportsmen from all over the world. During the last few days, however, much light has been thrown on the various aspects of life in this ill-fated country which is fighting a heroic battle in the face of overwhelming odds.

Non-Aggression—And How!

A few of these tit-bits provide strange and significant sidelights on this latest phase of the war.

A non-aggression treaty between Finland and Soviet Russia was signed as early as 1931.

Finland was one of the countries that extended an invitation to U.S.S.R. to join the League of Nations in September, 1934.

Among all the debtor nations, Finland has been the only one that has not defaulted in payments to the United States.

And, to complete this strange tale, on the very day that their country was being invaded by the Soviet aggressor, the Finnish Government paid their annual subscription to the League of Nations. The price of Peace? Now that Finland has demanded that a meeting of the League Council and Assembly should be held, it remains to be seen if Geneva will add one more to its long series of betrayals.

Not the least strange aspect of the situation is the attitude of holy indignation taken up by Italy and Japan who seem to have very conveniently forgotten their record in Abyssinia and China.

Whither U. S. A.?

The United States seem to be contemplating a "moral embargo" against Russia and the War Department has already announced that it will not give clearance to further military shipments to Russia. The President, without specifically naming any Power, has issued a statement that American exporters of aerial equipment would bear in mind the Government's policy in condemning "unprovoked bombing of civilians." This is more than was done in the case of Abyssinia, China or Poland.

The statement of ex-President Hoover advocating the withdrawal of the American Ambassador from the Soviet is not without significance, for no such action was demanded at the time of Japan's invasion of China or the series of German aggressions. In any case, it seems clear that the United States are coming closer to the state of affairs in Europe and definitely breaking the bonds of self-imposed isolation.

The Russian aggression in Finland puts a completely different complexion on the war situation and reveals Soviet Russia to be almost as important a factor as Germany. Besides U.S.A., Italy and even Spain have evinced keen interest in the Finnish question and from all appearances an enlargement of the theatre of war and, possibly, realignment of Powers seem imminent.

Allied Navy Reasserts

With the world attention riveted on Finland, very little is being heard about those magnetic mines that had loomed so large on the horizon last week.

They have done some more damage, of course, several British and neutral ships having been sunk during the last few days. But the graph shows a definite downward curve and no longer does one dread the mines as an infallible weapon.

On the other hand, the British and French navies have been most successful in their recent campaign against German submarines, as many as 30 of which are claimed to have been destroyed. A few German vessels actually have been captured while one German liner which had quietly slipped out of Mozambique was intercepted by British bombers and, on being ordered to proceed to Simon's Town scuttled herself. On the whole it would appear that the Allies

(Continued on page 8 col. 5.)

Frankly Speaking

Germany And Oil

Within a week of the British aerial raid on the seaplane base at Borkum, the R. A. F. has carried out another raid on Heligoland, which is admitted in Berlin also. It is possible that material damage inflicted by the attackers may be unimportant. But its moral value for Britain in terms of its effect on the German population is not negligible. The raid incidentally draws attention to the fact that for over a week Nazi aircraft has been remarkably inactive against Britain. This inactivity is interpreted in certain quarters as being due to Germany's heavy consumption of petrol in the Polish campaign. Much of the reserve of oil was used then and the Nazis have been able to receive very little of fresh supplies since. There is thus a shortage of petrol already in Germany. And American circles suggest that the oil situation has become a serious problem for Herr Hitler. If this is the position and if the Allied blockade does not fail, the war need not take long to end.

Indians And The Navy

Presiding over the prize giving ceremony of the training ship "Dufferin" the other day, Sir Purshotamdas Thakurdas paid a deserved tribute to the Indians' capacity for a sea-faring life. There are enough Indian young men in India who, if given the training and the chance, can entirely man the Indian navy and the mercantile marine. But both adequate training and adequate chance of service to trained men are denied. It is sadly depressing state of things, and it is creditable that the trained cadets of the "Dufferin" have, in spite of their handicaps, given an excellent account of themselves whenever and wherever they are given a chance. Sir Purshotamdas remarked that both the Government of India and the non-Indian shipping companies required to be continually reminded that duty to the land they had elected to serve required that the youth of that land should have first preference in matters concerning the merchantile marine. But even after continuous reminding the response is still far from satisfactory. And Indians are left to remind themselves that, after all, blood is thicker than water.

Mahratta Journalists

By one of the resolutions passed by the Conference of journalists working in Marathi Press, an association of Mahratta journalists is to come into existence to look after their many grievances and demands. Several of these would be found on closer scrutiny to be common to all journalists. It would be, therefore, in the interests of newspapermen that they pulled their weight in a single association. The objective should be to secure certain minimum, uniform conditions of service. The conference, whose proceedings were was very businesslike, also made a fearless claim for complete freedom of the press, including that of committing errors and suffering the consequences. The conference was divided on the point of regretting the use of the Press Emergency Powers Act and Section 144 of the Criminal Procedure Code against public men and political journals by some of the Congress Governments, but on the question of principle of complete freedom of the press, it was unanimous.

The "Trikal" Case

It is a pity that the "Trikal," the well-known daily of Poona, has had to cease publication, being unable to make a fresh deposit after the old one of Rs. 3,000 was forfeited last week. That deposit was forfeited on the ground that the paper published in August last a report under the caption "Rumour of a mutiny in the Indian Army at Singapore" and an article headed "Meaning of the Sepoys' mutiny," both the articles having been considered objectionable under the Indian Press (Emergency Powers) Act. The seriousness of such publication in war times is obvious but the articles in question were published before the war was declared and press regulations were made stringent. In the circumstances a warning might have sufficed. To forfeit a deposit of Rs. 3,000 and to demand a fresh one is an unjustifiably heavy punishment.

Roy's Challenge

It was bad enough for the Punjab Government—and they proudly proclaim themselves democratic!—to close the Punjab against Mr. M. N. Roy. But it was infinitely worse to imitate the old bureaucracy and make allegations against him, as Sir Sikandar Hayat did, from the safety of his place in the Punjab Assembly. In the guise of certain oratorical questions the Punjab Premier insinuated that Mr. Roy was an advocate of violence, bloodshed and even Fascism! He never substantiated his insinuations which have naturally provoked a challenge from Mr Roy. Will the Honourable Premier meet that challenge? Elementary fairness, to put it no higher, demands a response from Sir Sikandar as obviously due to the man he has maligned.

TETE-A-TETE

WITHOUT COMMENT

A Lucknow report says that the grand procession of the Muslim League "goodwill deputation" (a rose by any name and all that sort of thing, you know) was disturbed by a bull running amuck.

* * * *

Apropos of the *Manchester Guardian's* proposal that Mahatma Gandhi should be invited to broadcast, the *Times of India* suggests that a similar invitation should be extended to Mr. Jinnah.

We support the suggestion unconditionally. But the Junior Colleague insists, and with so many good reasons, upon the recognition of the recognised claims of the other 52 who gave the benefit of their advice to the Viceroy.

* * * *

In reply to certain complaints in the Bengal Assembly, Moulvi A. K. Fazlul Huq, formally requests Hindu leaders "to furnish him with concrete instances of alleged oppression of Hindus" in Bengal.

The champion of Muslim grievances in ex-Congress Provinces must think again.

* * * *

In a recent speech "Mr. Eden gave a warning that it would be foolish to under-estimate the magnitude of the Allies' task".

Would Mr. Eden persuade the wise Lord Zetland to take it?

* * * *

FACTORS FAVOURING FINLAND

Paris And London Opinion —Headlines.

Quite so. But, on the other hand, factors favouring Russia are Moscow and Leningrad action.

* * * *

One theory just advanced by a friend of ours about the Russian invasion of Finland is that M. Stalin wanted to divert the attention of neutrals from the Anglo-French embargo on German exports.

We don't mind accepting the practical truth of it.

* * * *

The "Russo-Finnish" Treaty has been duly signed at Moscow by M. Molotov and M. Kusunen in the presence of M. Stalin, Marshal Voroshilov and M. Zdanov.

Our tip to students of International Affairs is: Watch the last named.

By the way, how does he pronounce himself?

* * * *

On receiving from the Polish Ambassador a memorandum about the horrors of the German regime in Poland, Lord Halifax expressed profound indignation and promised to give the memorandum the fullest attention".

We are profoundly moved and expectantly excited.

* * * *

The British claim that two cruisers were among the German warships successfully attacked by the R.A.F. at Heligoland.

We are almost inclined to believe it because the Nazis say that the raiders sank a fighting boat.

* * * *

"I painted that portrait in two sittings and thought nothing of it", boasted the artist.

"I don't think much of it, either", said his friend.

POINTED PARAGRAPHS

Silence is a difficult argument to beat.

If delays are dangerous, lawyers must be brave.

It is one thing to talk and another to say something.

It's a mean bachelor who advises a girl to marry and then fails to propose.

One seldom hears life referred to as a lottery except by men who have drawn blanks.

Russian Advance Held Up

(Continued from Page 1.)

afternoon Petsamo was still in Finnish hands.

HIDDEN MINES WORK HAVOC

HELSINKI, Dec. 4.

An official resume of activities alleges that north of Lake Ladoga, the Russians behaved brutally towards the inhabitants who have not evacuated their homes

It is claimed that a large number of Soviet troops were blown up in a mined forest near Terijoki The Russian losses are placed at several thousands and eighteen more Soviet tanks are reported to have been destroyed.

12 Soviet 'Planes Brought Down

The annihilation of a complete squadron of twelve Soviet bombers at Imatra is reported by Helsinki correspondent of the "Telegraaf" who says that the planes were trying to bomb a huge electricity plant which serves the whole of South Finland. Anti-aircraft fire shot down eleven, and the twelfth made a forced landing.

67 Kelled In Air Raid

According to Finnish official figures 67 people were killed and 36 wounded in al. raids. Fifteen houses were destroyed and 253 were damaged.

STRATEGIC ISLANDS CAPTURED

According to the latest reports from the Finnish border, the Finns are still holding Petsamo. Three Soviet divisions are reported to be concentrating with a view to cutting Finland off from Norway and Sweden.

The news of the capture of the strategic islands of Hogland, Seiskaari, Lavassaari and Tyterstri by units of the Soviet Baltic Fleet is contained in a communique issued by the Leningrad Command.

SOVIET TRIBUTE

Having recovered from the first blow, the Finns are "resisting more and more strongly," according to the "Pravda."

The paper adds that the retreating enemy leave behind machine-gunners and snipers concealed in bushes and crevices. Railway bridges and empty houses all conceal mines as well as snipers.

USE OF POISON GAS

One correspondent accuses the Finns of using poison gas.

The Soviet's allegation that the Finns used poison gas is denied in a Finn'sh official 'communique,' which adds that the General Staff state emphatically that they never considered the use of poison gas.

The Finnish Government, who consider that "it is not out of question that the Russ an accusation is a pretext for their future use of poison gas."

The Government is ready to allow a neutral commission to make exhaustive enquiries.

ITALIAN 'PLANES FOR FINLAND

Six Italian fighter 'planes are reported to have arrived in Finland to-day. They are part of an order for 25 recently placed with Italy

Italian newspaper headlines acclaim the gallantry of the Finns and their heroic resistance but state that there is little hope that they would be able long to withstand the Bolshevists.

Stress is la'd in Rome on Russian aims in South-eastern Europe, which Italy has been working to counteract since the outbreak of the war.

Struggle May Continue Over Long Period

The flight of civilians to Northern Finland is being covered by five or six divisions, which, according to a Finnish official statement, have recaptured Petsamo and taken 800 prisoners.

Military observers think the Finns may make a determined stand between Petsamo and Revaniemi. There is only one main road in this region, which could easily be blocked. The Finns hope to maintain resistance for a long time in the bewildering maze of forests and lakes of Northern Finland.

"Donau" Leaves Helsinki

LONDON, Dec. 4.

Steamer "Donau" left Helsinki according to German wireless carrying several hundred Germans, 150 Italians and 40 members of Russian embassy.—Reuter

American Appeal To Belligerent Nations

Replying to President Roosevelt's request to Finland and the U. S. S. R. to avoid resorting to "inhuman barbarism", the Finnish Government has stated through the United States Minister at Helsinki that the civilian populations in unfortified towns will not be bombed provided the U. S. S. R scrupulously observes the same rules of warfare

The State Department stated that no reply had yet been received from Moscow.—Reuter.

American Muslims Back Congress

Appeal For Co-operation In Fight For National Emancipation

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 4.

According to a cable received by the A.I.C.C. Office at Allahabad from the Muslim Association of America it appears that the Hindusthanis residing in California assembled under the Muslim Association there to offer their sympathy and support to the Congress fight for freedom requesting all other organisations to cooperate with the Congress for national emancipation.—United Press.

More Powers For Frontier Village Councils

PESHAWAR, Dec. 3.

The Village Councils at Paroa, Paniala and Potah in the Dera Ismail Khan District have been granted full criminal and civil judicial powers by the Government under sections 20 and 23 of the Village Councils Act from December 1 1939.—United Press

CONGRESSMEN EDUCATE MASSES IN MAHARASHTRA

NASIK, (By Mail)

Great enthusiasm prevails among villagers to understand the Congress attitude towards the present war and its implications, as is evidenced by the large numbers in which they come from innermost villages to attend meetings addressed by Congress leaders who are on a whirl-wind propaganda tour in the District.

Mr. G. H. Deshpande, M.L.A., Secretary, Maharashtra Provincial Congress Committee and Member, A.I.C.C. and several other Congress leaders have addressed mass meetings at 20 important centres in Malegaon and Chandor Talukas in the Nasik East Constituency, in the last four days.

Among other things, the leaders explained the resignations of the Congress Ministries and the Congress attitude towards the present war, the demand for the Constituent Assembly, the probable implications of the developments, as also the work done by the Congress Ministers while in office.

War Against Profiteers In U. P.

LUCKNOW, Dec. 4.

The "United Press" understands that the U.P. Government are contemplating drastic action under the Defence of India Act against those who are indulging in profiteering in staple commodities.

It may be mentioned that during the last week the prices of staple commodities in the Province have shot up, bringing in its trail sufferings to consumers.—United Press.

X-Ray Pioneer Dead

PARIS, Dec. 4.

The death has occurred of Prof. Vaillant, the X-Ray pioneer who successively lost his fingers, wrists and lower arms as a result of his experiments. He recently underwent his fourteenth operation.—Reuter.

PROPHET OF "NEW INDIA"

Vaswani's Warm Tribute To Keshub Chandra Sen

At a recent meeting of men and women held in the Mira Building, Hyderabad Sind, Vaswaniji paid a warm tribute to Sri Keshub Chandra Sen, the great preacher of the "Nava Vidhan." Vaswaniji spoke of Keshub as a "Prophet of New India." The secret of Keshub's dedicated life was daily communion with God. Keshub was essentially, a man of prayer. "Prayer," Vaswaniji said, "is the Veda of life and prayer is the Guru. For prayer links the soul to the Lord of Love.

In the heart of this man of Fire flamed one message—the message of the Mother, the message of God as the Spirit of Love. Vaswaniji said: "Men have wandered far in search of God, forgetful of the fact that in the heart of man is the throne of God. Look within! and behold the Living Love yearning to bless you and make your life beautiful and radiant with the Light of Love!"

PLANNING WITHOUT POWER AT CENTRE

Manu Subedar Calls It A Dream At Prof. Beri's Lecture

That until the central authority was in National hands and a reconciliation with the provinces was attained as also between the sectional interests and a National spirit pervaded the whole Nation in an atmosphere of non-violence, no National planning and progress in the real sense was possible was the plea made by Mr. Manu Subedar while presiding over a lecture on 'National Planning' delivered by Prof. S. G. Beri under the auspices of the Commerce Graduates Association on Monday evening Prof. Beri said that planning in India was primarily motivated by a desire to tackle the problem of poverty and raising the standard of living. The National Planning Committee aimed at doubling the production of the country while keeping in view the above objective viz. the raising of the standard of the people.

Proceeding the lecturer said that it was time for India to plan not only for a peace economy but also to consider the defence or military aspect.

He said, frankly speaking the policy of the State so far in India was one of free trade in theory but in practice, it was disastrous to the country.

Referring to the war now on, the lecturer said that it opened up fresh avenues to Indian industry.

KEY INDUSTRIES.

The heavy industries of the country and the chemicals' industry which were the key-industries were certain to get a fillip and the various committees set up by the Government of India were dealing the problem. But the plea of the Indian Chamber of Commerce that Industrialists should not be left half-way at the end of the war in view of the experience in the past war, was to be respected if Capital was to be attracted towards the financing of the intended ventures.

The policy and functions of the Economic Resources Board and 'war and the Indian industries' were on the agenda of the Industries Conference which was about to meet in the middle of December in Bangalore—a fact which was heartening to the industrialists.

PLANNING DISTRIBUTION.

The lecturer also stressed the need of planning the distribution, that wealth may not be concentrated in the hands of a few. He would warn the state that a minimum wage amounting to a decent standard of living should be ensured to the people if they were not to face with a revolution. There was also need of devising a graded scale of increased payments in proportion to the increasing profits in wartime through profit sharing schemes or bonuses in view of the rising prices.

Mr. Manu Subedar said that unless National Planning was restricted, its objectives were bound to be frittered away in the face of irreconcilable standpoints.

POWER AT CENTRE.

Mr. Subedar was of the view that a large dose of Capitalism, a little of co-operation, and a pill of State socialism would lead them no where. It was essential to take into consideration the teaming millions of Indians living in villages. He agreed with Gandhiji's philosophy in regard to the revival of cottage industries.

As regards industrial planning he was of the opinion that there should be control that there may not be overlapping of interests as thereby the output did not increase, for opening a few mills at one place might lead to closing down elsewhere.

Concluding he said that a plan without authority to put it into practice immediately tended to be a dream. Only control at the 'centre' in the interests of the Nation would enable them to have a proper National plan.

SOCIALIST INTERNED

LAHORE, Dec. 4.

Mr. Bakhshi Ram, a Socialist, has been served with an order by the Punjab Government directing him to remain within the municipal limits of Lahore, not to take part either by speech or writing in any political movement, and to report to the Police once a day. The order will be in force for a year.—United Press.

Kamath Appeals For Forward Bloc

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 4.

Mr. H. V. Kamath (Forward Bloc) addressed a public meeting at Muhammad Ali Park this evening, appealing for money and volunteers to carry on the national struggle under the leadership of Babu Subhas Chandra Bose—United Press.

53 JEWS EXECUTED IN POLAND

Baby Nations To Confer On Foreign Trade

LONDON, Dec. 4.

FIFTY-THREE JEWISH INHABITANTS OF WARSAW HAVE BEEN EXECUTED ON A CHARGE OF RESISTING GERMAN SOLDIERS, ACCORDING TO A BERLIN TELEGRAM RECEIVED HERE

The Foreign Ministers of Latvia, Lithuania and Estonia are meeting in Tallinns on December 7 and 8.

It is stated the principal topic of discussion at the meeting would be the economic situation especially foreign trade in connection with the economic warfare.—Reuter.

Non-Aggression Pact With Russia Not In Jap. Programme

TOKYO, Dec. 4.

"A non-aggression pact with Russia is not in the Japanese programme," declared a Foreign Office spokesman. "Japanese policy regarding Soviet Union at present centred round a solution of pending issues."—Reuter.

CHINA'S WARRIOR-POET DEAD

TOKYO, Dec. 4.

The death of China's warrior and poet, Marshal Wu-Pei-Fu, is announced by the Domei agency.—Reuter.

Sir Edwin Stockton Dead

LONDON, Dec. 4.

The death has occurred of Sir Edwin Stockton.—Reuter.

(Sir Edwin Forsyth Stockton was a prominent businessman being connected with several well-known concerns including Lloyds as director. He was M. P. 1922-23; Knighted in 1927).

Freud Leaves £22,000

LONDON, Dec. 4.

Sigmund Freud left over £22,000.—Reuter.

War Purposes Fund

LONDON, Dec. 4.

The India Office announces that the War Purposes Fund already exceeds £450,000.—Reuter.

BERLIN ADMITS RAID ON HELIGOLAND

(Continued from Page 1)

fire the enemy was only able to drop a few bombs which did very slight material damage. One fighting boat was sunk".—Reuter

Graphic Account Of R.A.F. Attack On Heligoland

LONDON, December 3.

It is learned that two cruisers were among the German warships successfully attacked by R. A. F. bombers in the vicinity of the heavily protected naval base at Heligoland.

The cruisers were lying close to a flotilla of six or seven destroyers.

The leader of the British attacking force reports that when he ordered the attack, heavy anti-aircraft fire was opened and the British aircraft fell out of formation but was able to regain height and returned home with the others.

There were no casualties among the R. A. F. personnel. Photographs were taken during the bombing. Among the German ships on which direct hits were obtained was one of the cruisers.

Menace To Dutch Shipping

THE HAGUE, Dec. 4.

A large number of mines, both British and German freed by storms, are drifting towards Dutch coast. Twenty-five were washed ashore on Sunday near Schevininger, several of which exploded without causing considerable damage.

Dutch naval experts rendered the rest harmless. The drifting mines are constituting a serious danger to shipping near the Dutch Coast.—Reuter

Cultural Conference To Be Held On Saturday

The Secretary, Bombay Students' Brotherhood, writes:—

A Cultural Conference is being organised under the joint auspices of the Bombay Students' Brotherhood and the Muslim Students' Union on 9th December at the Jinnah Hall and on 10th December at the Blavatsky Lodge. Practically every subject that touches life in its various forms will be discussed in this conference.

Free Admission Cards to the public can be had from the Secretaries at the Muslim Student's' Union Hall, Blavatsky Lodge, French Bridge. Detailed programme of the conference is given in the Free Admission Cards.

MONUMENT OF NIZAM'S REIGN

Osmania University Arts College Building Opened

(From Our Correspondent.)

HYDERABAD, Dec. 4.

A very pleasant function came off this evening when the Nizam performed the opening of the new Arts College building of the Osmania University constructed at the cost of about thirty lakhs.

There was a huge gathering of guests on the occasion including the Prince and Princess of Berar, Prince Moazamjah and his consort Sahibzada Basalathjah and his consort and other members of the Royal family.

The Nizam arrived at the university according to scheduled time and was received by Sir Akbar Hydari and Members of the Executive Council and also members of the University.

Two addresses were presented to the Nizam on behalf of the University and the University Union to which the Nizam replied in suitable terms and declared open the Arts College buildings whereafter the Vice-Chancellor of the University presented a silver model of the building to the Nizam followed by presentation of nazars.

"The greatest advantage of a residential University lies in its collective life which inspires generous friendship, mutual contacts broadmindedness and chilvalrous toleration of others who are your companions" observed H. E. H. the Nizam declaring open the Osmania University Art College buildings this evening and appreciated the invaluable services rendered by Sir Akbar Hydari, President of the Executive Council, who had been continuously associated with the establishment and administration of the University. Regarding Osmania University as marking the great achievement in the period of his rule H. E. H. the Nizam characterised the building as a glorious monument of it.

SYMBOL OF HARMONY

"The chief characteristics of this University", proceeded the Nizam "is that its medium of instruction is Urdu—a language derived from personal contacts friendly relations between Hindu and Muslim races, their common heritage, spoken and understood, generally throughout India."

"This building, added His Exalted Highness, symbolises close contacts and friendly relations subsisting for centuries between the various classes of my subjects, as the result of which people of my State have always in past lived in harmony with each other. Therefore I deem it my duty and expression of love for my people to maintain those relations between them. The Osmania University should not only be repository of Hyderabad's best traditions and model its high culture, but it should also aim at broadmindedness and mutual toleration and unity among the students, for in that ideal lies the well-being and prosperity of the State."

SAD CONDITION OF CULTIVATORS IN JAIPUR

HINDAUN, (By Mail).

The District Political Conference under the auspices of the Jaipur Rajya Praja Mandal resumed its sitting on the 27th November and passed a resolution expressing concern at the plight of the cultivators and regretting the attitude of the Jaipur Government who were not taking any practical steps to ameliorate the sad condition of the cultivators.

Gwalior Concessions To New Industries

GWALIOR, Dec. 4.

The Commerce Department of the Gwalior Government has continued its policy of attracting new industries by giving concessions and facilities to the promoters of mills, ginning and pressing factories and other industrial concern, says the annual report of the Department for the year 1938-39.

Permission was granted to several enterprising capitalists to erect factories and put up new flour mills at Dabra, Bhind and Shujalpur, besides other 125 small flour mills and oil mills diffused over the State.

The number of factories and industrial concerns has increased from 455 to 529 during the year Applications have been invited, the report says, for starting an artificial silk mill at Ujjain.—United Press.

"MIRACLE" WOMAN ON MURDER CHARGE

Experiment On Brother's Life Miscarries!

BURDWAN, (By Mail.)

A woman named Radharani Dasi has been committed to sessions by the Sardar Sub-Divisional Magistrate on a charge of murdering her brother in amazing circumstances.

The woman had been staying with her brother since her widowhood at a very early age. In January she built a hut outside the family house and there she performed her religious rites. Not long ago her sister-in-law fell seriously ill so much so that doctors pronounced the case as helpless. It so happened, however (according to the prosecution), that she with her "mantras" succeeded in curing her.

Apparently encouraged by her performance she felt within herself that she was capable of working wonders and was possessed of supernatural powers. She was styled "guru" by the members of the family who began to blindly follow her in all matters. In a word she became the dictator of the household and she so developed confidence in herself as to think that she could bring the dead back to life.

With a view to making an experiment (the prosecution went on) she absorbed herself in meditation for weeks together and on September 29, just before sunset, she asked the other members of the family to leave the house and directed her brother, Gourmohan Ghosh, to lie before her. The command was unhesitatingly obeyed and the woman killed him with a "dao" Thereafter she called the others who were staying out and consoled them by saying that she would soon restore her brother to life. Immediately she had a bath and sat at worship which she performed all throughout the night, but declared on the following morning that the chances of survival were gone.

The villagers soon appeared at the scene and the police took up the case.—A. P.

BURMA'S POLITICAL FUTURE

Dominion Status Promised?

(From Our Correspondent)

RANGOON, (By Mail)

Following the Congress tactics the Burmans asked the Government to declare the constitutional objective of Burma but the Government's statement reaffirming the declaration made by the Secretary of State for India on 20th January 1931, disappointed the Burmans and created a great dissatisfaction both in the press and the public. Two of the present Ministers issued statements expressing a sense of dissatisfaction and the Council of Ministers pressed the Premier U Pu to ask again the Secretary of State to clarify the future of Burma since India has definitely been promised to have Dominion Status as her goal. The Forest Minister in his statement sounded a note of warning and openly expressed that failure on the part of the British Government will lead to serious consequences in Burma. Since then the Governor of Burma under, the authority of the British Government has made a fresh statement in which he says: "I am now in my turn as Governor of Burma authorised on behalf on His Majesty's Government to state that in their judgment the natural issue of Burma's constitutional progress through the gradual development of self-governing institution with a view to the progressive realisation of responsible government in Burma, is the attainment of Dominion Status.

But the Opposition Leaders are not satisfied with this statement of the Governor as it does not indicate when that constitutional objective will be in operation and how long this present constitution which they have condemned will be worked on. The Opposition Leaders have started a counter-propaganda in the country both against the Ministry of U Pu and the present constitution. Dr. Ba Maw, the ex-Premier is leading this propaganda with the assistance of the Leaders of the Dobama Association as well as some of the prominent members who formerly belonged to the present Ministerial Party.

INDIA GOVT.'S AGENT

Mr. R. H. Hutchins, C.I.E., the Agent of the Government of India is leaving tomorrow on a long tour of Upper Burma to see the conditions in the districts and study the position of Indians there.

B. P Students' Convention At Amalner

(From Bombay Presidency Students' Federation)

It is proposed that a Student Convention be called this year instead of the usual annual Conference. It is not possible to have the Conference under the present circumstances.

The Convention will be called on the following lines:—

All members of the Executive Committees of the different Unions affiliated to the B.P.S.F shall represent their Unions

The Executive Committees shall also be entitled to co-opt five more members over and above the members of the present Executive.

The Convention will be called in the middle of January according to the convenience of the Amalner Students' Union. The Convention shall be called at Amalner.

DAVAR'S COLLEGE OF COMMERCE

(Established 39 Years)

INDIA'S FUTURE DEPENDS ON EXPERT SALESMANAGEMENT BANKING, INSURANCE, COMMERCE AND JOINT STOCK COMPANY EXPANSION

Aspiring students of Commerce should therefore give all attention to the study of specialised courses such as Salesmanagership (A. I. S. M. A.); Bank officers (C. A. I. B.), insurance managers (A. C. I. I.), Registered Private Secretary (F. Inst. P. S.) Company Secretaries (F. C. C. S.); and general commerce course (L. C. C., D Com., I M. C.) for which there is an unlimited field and specialised accountancy (R.A., A.A.I.A.) may wherever desirable be tacked in as additional course as that Profession is over crowded

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RUSSIA AND THE LEAGUE

(Continued from Page 1)

gotiate regarding the demands presented to us to the utmost limit to which it can, without violating either our Independence or Policy of neutrality", declared the Finnish Premier, M. Ryti, in a broadcast to the United States.

M. Ryti said that nobody had promised help to Finland and nobody had advised her to fight with promises of assistance.

He added: "The events have simply led to an armed struggle for the defence of our liberty.

FRENCH RESERVE

PARIS, Dec. 4.

Complete reserve is maintained in French official circles regarding Finland's appeal to the League.

It is pointed out that all Member States must be consulted before a meeting of the Council can be held and France "has not yet taken up its position."

GENEVA RESPONDS

GENEVA, Dec. 4.

M. Avenol announced that a meeting of the League Council would be called for December 9 in response to Finland's appeal to call a meeting of the League Council and the Assembly as soon as possible. He added that the Assembly would meet on December 11.

Belgium To Preside

PARIS:—Belgium is expected to preside over the League Council on December 9 to consider Finland's case.

Friends' Jolly Club Office-Bearers

The General Secretary, Jolly Friends' Club, Dadar writes:—

The extra-ordinary general meeting of the Jolly Friends' Club, was held under the presidentship of Dr R. K Gavande, on Saturday last. The president congratulated the members for their move in establishing a centre in Labour Area with a volunteer corps for the social, intellectual and political uplift of the masses

After passing the Secretary's report of the work done by the Club since its inception the Managing Committee for the ensuing year was unanimously elected with Dr R. K Gavande as President, Messrs. Bhakre and Salaskar as Vice-Presidents, Mr. D. B. Surve as General Secretary, Mr. M. R. Mondker as Treasurer, and Messrs. V. L. Hadker, Khot, Todanker and Kelusker as Secre-

PRAJA MANDAL'S ULTIMATE AIM

Jawahar On Attainment Of Responsible Govt.

MUTTRA, (By Mail.)

A number of prominent workers of Rajputana States who were here in connection with the Rajputana Workers' Conference, met Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, President of the All-India States' Peoples' Conference, and acquainted him with the conditions prevailing in their respective States and sought his advice in regard to the future programme of work.

Pandit Nehru is reported to have asked them first to fight for securing civil liberties and thereafter to use such liberties for attaining their goal, namely, responsible Government. Pandit Jawaharlal, expressed great indignation at the promulgation of the Registration of Public Societies Act in some of the Rajputana States. He emphasised that the ultimate aim of every Praja Mandal should be the attainment of responsible Government in States:—United Press.

Reconstitution Of Assam Cabinet

SHILLONG, Dec. 4.

The "United Press" reliably understands that the final decision has been taken with regard to the following persons who will be sworn in to-morrow afternoon as fresh members of the Saadulla Cabinet: Miss Mavis Dunn, Khan Bahadur Saiyidur Rahaman and Maulvi Abdul Matin Chowdhuri.

The constitution of the Cabinet might be complete to-morrow by the addition of the 10th Minister if the decision regarding the personnel is made before oath-taking to-morrow

Among the new adherents to the ministerialist ranks are Mr. Rabi Chandra Kachari, Mr. Dhirsing Deuri, Mr. Khorseng Terang and Maulvi Amiruddin.—United Press.

"Now Bent On Dividing India"

(From Our Correspondent.)

ETAWAH, (By Mail.)

The Foreign and Inland deputation committee of the A. I. Muslim League sent the Goodwill deputation from the Majority Muslim Provinces to Minority provinces which reached here on Wednesday afternoon. A public meeting was addressed by all the three members of the deputation when members gave the messages of the Musalmans of The Punjab, N. W. F. and Sind as well as from Mr. M. A. Jinnha.

One member said "We are now bent on dividing India into two the Muslim India and the Hindu India."

Labour Day In Ahmedabad

AHMEDABAD, Dec. 4.

(From Our Correspondent.)

The labour day was celebrated to-day by the workers of Ahmedabad to commemorate the inception of the Labour Movement in Ahmedabad 22 years back on December 4 1917. All mills were closed for the day and the workers celebrated the day as a holiday by gaily decorating Mohollas and organizing 'Bhajans'. There were a number of meetings in working-class localities where workers were addressed by Officials of the Union Workers were exhorted to achieve solidarity and pave the way for a better and cultured life by internal efforts. A general meeting of workers will be held this evening in the compound of the Labour Association.

Faction Fight In Miraj

HUBLI, Dec. 4.

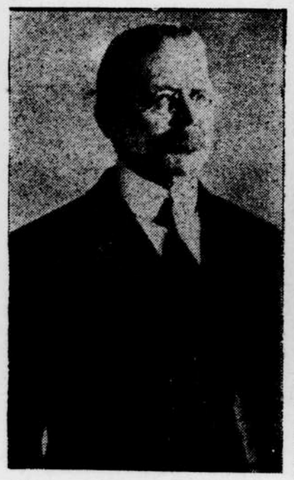
News has been received here of a faction fight in Balehosur village, Miraj Junior State in which one man was killed and a dozen others injured.

It is stated relations between members of a tribal community known as "Ghantichoudaru" and other villagers were strained following a theft in one of the villages. About two hundred members of the Ghantichoudaru community made a mass raid on Balehosur village.

On hearing of this Diwan with an armed police went to the scene and effected eighteen arrests.—A. P.

Pillars Of Finnish State—Till Yesterday

Mr. Kyosti Kallio, President of the Finnish Republic.



Mr. A. K. Cajander, Prime Minister

Mr. Eljas Erkko, Minister for Foreign Affairs.

Field-Marshal K. G. Mannerheim, the "Dictator" of Finland

Co-operative Notes

Thakkar Bapa's Work In Debt Redemption

(From A Special Correspondent.)

Bombay paid its tribute of respect and admiration to Thakkar Bapa on Wednesday last that being his 70th birthday. There are so many facets to the life work of this pre-eminent champion of the lowly and the down-trodden that it is but natural that some of them may not catch people's eyes. No avenue of service to his fellow men is unknown to him and, therefore, we find Thakkar Bapa in the midst of his multifarious activities sharing time for the red tape and routine of the co-operative organisation whenever he thought that it could effect the end in view, namely, ameliorating the lot of the Harijan or the Bhil. He was an associate of the late Mr. G. K. Devadhar in the work of the debt redemption societies started for the sweepers of Bombay in the days just prior to the Great War. In the Bhil tract of Dohad and Jhalod, he organised the Bhil Seva Mandal which is a great source of strength to the official agency looking after the co-operative societies formed there for financing the Bhil cultivators. He has also been organising societies of Harijan workers in the various municipal towns wherever he goes. After the floods of 1927, he helped the authorities of the Baroda State on organising Co-operative Housing Societies for Harijans dishoused owing to the floods. The good work done for the Bhils of the Broach and Panch-Mahals District by Thakkar Bapa and the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Bank has long been recognised even in official circles and proposals were made to organise similar work in the Bhil areas of the West Khandesh District. Nothing, however, happened till Congress came into Office. The Congress Government invited Mr. Thakkar to turn his attention to the Bhils of West Khandesh and he organised there also work on the lines of the Bhil Seva Mandal at Dohad.

Constitution Of Central Banks

Reference was made in these columns on the 6th October last to the proposal of the Registrar to empower him to nominate three persons on the board of directors of Central Co-operative Banks, and the views of the board of representatives of the central financing agencies on the same. Government have published for public information a draft notification to add a new rule No. 51 to the rules framed under the Bombay Co-operative Societies Act to give effect to the above proposal of the Registrar. The draft will be taken into consideration by Government on or after 15th December 1939. The new rule runs as follows.—

"51. (1) Except when otherwise directed by the Provincial Government by a special or general order, the committee of a Central Bank, shall, notwithstanding anything contained in its by-laws, consist of:—

(a) Six representatives of agricultural societies;

(b) one representative of other societies;

(c) two representatives of individual shareholders, each of whom has to his credit not less than Rs. 500/- as fixed deposit in the bank;

(d) three representatives of individual shareholders; and

(e) three nominees of the Registrar.

(2) Representatives of societies and individual shareholders shall be elected in accordance with rules made by the Registrar or with the previous approval of the Registrar by the bank concerned.

(3) Nothing in this rule shall apply to the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Bank or to any Banking Union. The new Rule is as uncalled for objectionable as, if not more so than the circular issued by the Registrar.

New Constitution For Co-operative Institute

More protracted than the discussions of the Knights of the Round Table leading to the Government of India Act, 1935 have been the confabulations of Co-operators in our province as regards the shape and form their propagandist organisation, the Co-operative Institute, should take. At long last on Sunday the 26th November a Special General Meeting of the Institute adopted a constitution framed mainly on the lines of the Government Resolution issued on the Mehta-Bhansali Committee's Report. The Constitution does away with the district branches in accordance with the behests of Government, but power has been taken to appoint regional committees as and when necessary. More importance has been given to federations of different types of societies than to the individual societies. There has been genuine opposition to the main features of the constitution in some quarters. They would, however, be well advised to give the new constitution a trial, for as Mr. B. V. Jadhav, the President of the Institute, said "The revised constitution will put new life into the Institute and when it is properly worked the Institute will again be in a position to start district committees and carry on co-operative education and research on a wider and more intensive scale."

Training In Marketing

As the Co-operative Department has embarked on a programme of organising multi-purpose societies which, in addition to the existing co-operative sale societies, will be charged with the responsibility of marketing the agriculturist's produce the central banks which finance them will be intimately concerned with the marketing of agricultural produce. Hitherto, the Institute has been holding classes for the training of the staff of these institutions in co-operative banking. In view of the new responsibilities it has been decided to hold a training class for the staff of the banks to provide instruction in various aspects of the question of co-operative banking. It is proposed to hold this class in Poona some time in January and the period of training is expected to be one month. The class will be conducted under the auspices of the Bombay Co-operative Banks' Association.

Haribandhu Samajdar Released

NEW DELHI, Dec. 4.

After the expiry of the full term of sentence for eight years Haribandhu Samajdar, a political prisoner, was released this morning from the Delhi District Jail.

After release he was served with a notice by the Local Government directing him to leave Delhi within 24 hours and not to participate in public meetings and processions while in Delhi.—United Press.

POLITICS, AN ART

Jawahar's Exhortation To Students

(From Our Correspondent.)

MUTTRA, (By Mail.)

Addressing the Muttra Students Federation in the Mando Bai Hall, presided over by Principal Shivasingh, Pt. Jawaharlal Nehru, before leaving Muttra said: "You have appreciated my renunciation; but when I go before my countrymen who are forced to renounce everything. I feel that such statements of appreciation about my Tyag do not fit in."

Pt. Nehru further said, "a question is often asked what part the students should play in politics. The question is useless. Even then it is raised because we are not free. In free countries the answer is only one. And it is that the students should devote themselves to the preparation for future life. The first duty of students is to learn. Politic is a great art which requires experience, efficient training, honesty and hard labour, and he has got to deal with living material."

MARS SWEEPS ON FINLAND

(Continued from page 6.)

ed Navy is reasserting itself on the High Seas.

Indeed, the Allies are now assuming the offensive and the R.A.F. raid on Heligoland, a German naval base, resulted in serious damage being done to several destroyers lying in the harbour.

The total German merchant tonnage captured or sunk since the beginning of the war is 145,307 tions. Britain captured 16 ships. (tonnage 59,754) and France three vessels (tonnage 16,122), while 15 vessels (of tonnage 69,425) were sunk or scuttled.

Bad Weather

Except for occasional minor skirmishes, the Western Front continues to be "quiet." Rain has made artillery and tank movement difficult and even the air forces of both sides are inactive owing to bad weather conditions.

For the next few weeks it appears most of the fighting will be done on the Finnish front where the Soviet troops hitherto have only succeeded in capturing a few strategic islands. Everywhere else they are meeting with determined resistance and the Finns may hold them back for several more days before they are overpowered.

From Mozambique to Moselle, from Heligoland to Petsamo, the War Goes On!

MADRAS COUNCIL ELECTIONS IN 1940

MADRAS, Dec. 4.

The Madras Government propose to hold elections to the seats in the Legislative Council falling vacant by the retirement of one-third of its members in 1940 according to Sec. 61 of the Government of India Act. Of the 54 members in the Council (forty-six elected and eight nominated), nineteen will retire next year.

A Proclamation has been issued by H. E. the Governor under Sec. 93 of the Act, which says: "It is unnecessary for an election to be held for the purpose of filling up any casual vacancy in either Chamber of the Provincial Legislature." This, it is stated, does not preclude the holding of elections to the Council in respect of the seats falling vacant by the retirement of one-third of its members, but relates only to "casual vacancies".—United Press.

FREE GERMANS ALLOWED TO LEAVE INDIA

NEW DELHI, Dec. 4.

The Associated Press understands that the Government of India have decided not to put any ban on men and women of German nationality to leave India if they wish to do so. They have also decided that each German will be allowed to take Rs. 1,500 with him if he has got money. The Government of India will make every effort to secure shipping facilities for them. It is expected that a large number of German women will take advantage of these facilities, which are being offered by Government.

THIS ONLY APPLIES TO THOSE GERMANS WHO ARE AT PRESENT FREE AND ARE AT LARGE.

Peshawar, Dec. 3.—Departmental action following an inquiry has been taken by the Governor against Mr. Rajah Ali Khan, Extra Assistant Director of Agriculture, Northern Circle, on charges of irregularities in the execution of his duties.—United Press.

The Half-Column By "Dim"

Herr Hitler thinks that Comrade Stalin is giving undue importance to Finnland. He doesn't know that Bolshevism is all-embracing. And Germany's turn will also come, when Russia has a little more time and inclination.

* * *

A distinguished slip of the tongue last week occurred when Sir Cowasji Jehangir opening the Photographic Exhibition said: "I hope that in the years to come India will build another Taj Mahal Hotel." What he probably meant was another Greens or did he perhaps mean the Taj at Agra?

* * *

My "Parsee gentlemen on Nepean Sea Road" is supposed to have been in court recently and when the judge asked: "Who has made this allegation?", he promptly got up and said: "Milord I am the alligator."

* * *

Mr. Sabhavala told Mr. Hirjibedin on the floor of the Corporation last week that for his support of the Chemboor scheme the Congress Government would present him (Mr. Hirjibedin) with a "lungoti" with the hallmark of the charka on it. Really the tone of the debates seems to be rising day by day, Mr. Mayor.

* * *

News of great importance to many of his fans is that Teddy Weatherford is coming back to Bombay to open here on December the 23rd I understand that he is still for Peace and Prohibition.

* * *

What a horse is Finalist that he leaves some of the finest horses in India standing—six lengths away. Certainly he has made racing history in India and if I am not mistaken has a few more chapters yet to write.

No. 123

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Is your problem a natural tendency to put on weight? If so, you can solve it without fasting, dieting or violent exercise. Just take two Bile Beans regularly every night at bedtime and you'll slim while you sleep.

Bile Beans not only bring a welcome return to slenderness, but they definitely improve your health and looks and make you doubly attractive.

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MUTT AND JEFF—And to Think That Somebody Invented the Loudspeaker — By BUD FISHER

I SAID, WHERE IS 383 PARK PLACE?
AND I SAID, THIS IS 383 PARK PLACE!
ALL RIGHT! YOU DON'T HAVE TO YELL IN MY EAR LIKE THAT! I'M NOT DEAF!
MAYBE NOT, BUT I AM!
WELL, IS THAT ANY REASON WHY YOU SHOULD SHOUT IN MY EAR?
IT CERTAINLY IS!
I WANT TO HEAR WHAT I'M SAYING TOO!

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OUR READERS' VIEWS

Claims Of Minorities

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—A great hue and cry has come to my notice by the Muslim Leaguers about the rights of minorities. I feel it my duty to put my views on the subject before your readers. I believe it is known to the public that Sir Sikander Hyat Khan, the Premier of the Punjab, is a member (if not one of the leaders) of the Muslim League. He is all and all in the Punjab Assembly. He and his comrades form an overwhelming majority so much so that lately when four black bills were introduced there, no heed whatever was paid to the opposition voices. Harsh words were exchanged, but what was the result. We know that all the bills were passed by a majority of 86 to 26 or something like that and they became law notwithstanding just and loud voices against them all. Similar things are happening every day in other Provinces where Muslims are in majority. So it is not only in India that the majority wins but it is the same case everywhere and all over the world. The British Government is no exception to the rule and we hear of the untoward scenes sometimes in Parliament also. Why should they put forth the plea in case of Indian National Congress, does not stand to reason. Are the minorities pleased with majorities anywhere in England or in other European civilized countries.

If not why blame our Congress at all. We in India feel honestly that the Congress is doing injustice to the Hindus and is never leaving a stone unturned to please Muslims whenever opportunity occurs so much so that Mahatma Gandhi gets ready to issue them blank cheques with his signatures at bottom of them. But it is a pity that nothing on face of the earth is sufficient to please them. So, to my thinking, the question of minorities is no question at all and it is something else at the bottom.—Yours, etc.,

AN OBSERVER.

B. B. & C. I. Local Service

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—I thank the B. B. & C. I. Railway authorities, through your esteemed paper, for having introduced four more fast trains for Dadar and removing to a great extent the inconvenience that was being felt by the residents of Dadar. Taking into consideration the increasing population of Dadar and a bulk of the passengers coming from and going to Dadar, the authorities have acted wisely in doing so and have brought to the notice of the public that the authorities are alive to the grievances of the passengers and do their best to remove them. It is true that some more fast up-trains from Dadar are required, which, I trust will be done if and when thought necessary by the authorities concerned.—Yours, etc.

YESHWANT B. MHASALKAR.

Dadar, Dec. 4.

Tooth-Brushes

To The Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—Some of our countrymen are using costly tooth-brushes and tooth-powders and tooth-pastes when we have our own age-tried babool-twigs (datans). They are very hygienic and cheap. Besides when their top is crushed between teeth and made into brush, a juice is extracted which is very beneficial to the teeth, which quality is not possessed by any of the tooth-brushes, however costly and superfine they may be. Since the used up babool twig is thrown away every day, there is no danger of any impurity of the previous day lurking in the brush due to imperfect after-use cleaning.

If greater cleanliness is desired ordinary snuff or salt-dust may be used with them. The use of the former requires some practice step by step. It is germicide and highly purifying. Its use is recommended after the age of 40 when the teeth have weak tendency. Babool twig is a native product and its use on a larger scale will afford some earning to the poor. It is hoped our countrymen will analyse the causes as to whether our age-long "datan" is inferior before adopting a fancy-looking and costly article.—Yours etc.,

G. J. JOSHI.

POINTS FROM LETTERS

The Pentangular

ABDUL ALI says:

"In your issue of 27th instant one of your correspondents rightly criticises the inadvisability of holding 'Pentangular' cricket matches on communal lines. It is indeed deplorable. Admitedly, such segregation, no matter how temporary it might be, has in it all the elements that go to bring about communal disharmony and ill-feeling. Of all things sports should be the last field to encourage such unhealthy partition."

Mysore Congressmen

A MYSOREAN says:

"I wish you knew how Mysore looks upon "Congress leaders" after the recent exposure of their methods and how we all regret that newspapers should publish such irresponsible talks against a great State."

Insurance Cos. & Employers Certificates

To The Editor, of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—The "Employer's Certificate" method as described by the "Policy-Holder" in the "Chronicle" dated the 18th instant seems to be the outcome of a narrow mentality and nothing else. Assurance Companies ought to treat their policy holders impartially as their worthy clients, and they have no business to prescribe insulting and harassing conditions for a particular class But who is there to look after the interests of the poor employed class? Will the Policy Holder's Directors take initiative and try to get this cruel injustice removed?—Yours, etc.

"COMMONSENSE".

WEAVERS HIT BY PROFITEERING

Ranga's Wire To Ramaswami Mudaliar

MADRAS, Dec. 3

Prof. N. G. Ranga, M.L.A. (Central) has sent the following telegram to Sir A. Ramaswami Mudaliar, Commerce Member, Government of India:—

"A Press Note mentions that Government is inviting industrial representatives for Industries' Conference. We feel disappointed at the failure of the Government to invite representatives of hand-loom weavers despite earlier representations by weavers and myself for equal representations with textile interests when invited Weavers are faced with crisis due to profiteering in dyes and higher yarn prices causing unemployment. Weavers are anxious about the continuation of hand-loom and woollen subsidies. So invitations to two weavers' representatives is most essential in equity."—United Press.

Hotel Workers Urge Support To "Mahagai" Conference

A big procession of the hotel workers was taken out on Sunday night by the Lal Bavta Hotel Kamgar Union to support the "Mahagai" Conference to be held in Bombay under the auspices of the Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress and to demand the enforcement of the Shop Assistants' Act that is still pending for sanction by the Viceroy.

The procession started from the office of the Union at Kandewadi at 9-30 p.m. and passed through Lamington Road, Grant Road, Khetwadi Main Road, C. P. Tank, etc. At the end the leaders exhorted the workers to rally round the Union which is the only guarantee for their ultimate victory.

Prohibition Research Advisory Board

AHMEDABAD, December 2.

The Secretary, Prohibition Research Advisory Board, writes:—

The Board at its meeting held on the 21st of November has co-opted Sjt. Jugatram Dave as a member of the Board and appointed him Chairman of the Sub-Committee in Bardoli, and has authorized him to co-opt more members if necessary, to represent any important section or region of the dry area which may not be adequately represented by the present Sub-Committee. A research assistant has now been appointed and he is undergoing training in the office of the Board in Ahmedabad. He will be deputed for work in the Bardoli Taluka early in the new year.

Mr. T. J. Kedar, B.A., LL.B., M.L.A., Vice-Chancellor of the Nagpur University delivered a lecture on Friday on "The Ideals of a Student", in the Bronson Hall of the Indore Christian College, Indore, under the auspices of the English Literary Society.

BHARATPUR DEWAN'S "VOLTE FACE"

Prajamandal Decision To Start Satyagraha

(From Our Correspondent.)

MUTTRA, (By Mail.)

It is reliably understood that Rao Gopilal Yadav President Bharatpur Raj Praja Mandal has sent reply to the letter of Sir Richard Tottenham, the Dewan of the State, rejecting the new terms of agreement which the Dewan had sent to him as a basis of compromise for a settlement between the State and the Praja Mandal.

It will be remembered that the Praja Mandal leaders had met the Dewan of Bharatpur State on invitation on 8th and 9th November and that after a prolonged discussion the parties had arrived at a settlement and the Dewan after that asked the Praja Mandal leaders to wait for a week so that in the meantime he would get the agreement sanctioned by the Darbar.

After that the Dewan again demanded another week's time and now only four days back, he has sent a letter to the president of the Praja Mandal in which he has completely gone back upon the terms of settlement which were the basic of agreement between the State and the Praja Mandal, and has sent altogether new terms which according to the Praja Mandal people, are most unreasonable as well as humiliating. Hence, the Praja Mandal president has rejected those terms and the Satyagraha is to be started in a day or two.

TECHNICAL TRAINING IN BARODA

Millowners Offer Co-operation To State's Efforts

BARODA, December 3.

In pursuance of their policy of re-organising the Thakarda boarding houses to make education imparted in them more practical and more in line with the agricultural needs of the country, the Baroda Government have now sanctioned a scheme intended to open the avenues of technical training for them. Fifty students of these boarding houses will be taken as apprentices in mills.

The training will extend over six months and students will receive scholarship of Rs. 10 per month from the Peoples Diamond Jubilee Fund.

This has been made possible, states a Press Note, by the willing co-operation of the millowners, who have not only agreed to receive these apprentices but to take them up in service afterwards.—United Press.

Position Of Muslims In Baroda State

BARODA, December 3.

The current political problems, including the forthcoming reforms to be introduced in the State 'vis-a-vis' the position of Muslims in the State, will be the subject of discussion at a meeting of the Working Committee of the Baroda State Muslim Conference to be held here on December 8. Mr. Rasulkhan Pathan will preside.

The meeting will also consider ways and means to strengthen the organisation.—United Press.

PROTEST AGAINST "SANYAS DIKSHA NIYAMAK NIBANDH"

Ahmedabad Jains Observe "Baroda Injustice Day"

(From Our Correspondent).

AHMEDABAD, Dec. 2.

In a public meeting of the city Jains held in Sheth Hansraj Pragji Hall on November 30 under the presidentship of Sheth Bakhbhai Manilal.

Speeches, protesting against the 'Sanyas Diksha Niyamak Nibandh' passed by the Government of Baroda six years before were made by Sjts. Amritlal Kalidas, Amritlal Jeshingbhai, Chimanlal Amritlal, etc. The following resolution was unanimously passed and adopted by the meeting.

"This meeting of the Jains of Ahmedabad held here in the city to observe "Baroda Injustice Day" as a protest against S. D. Nibandh passed by the Government of Baroda records its strong protest against it as the same encroaches upon the religious freedom of the community. Further the meeting requests His Highness the Maharaja of Baroda to immediately repeal the same and pacify the grieved hearts of the Jains.

Speaking on the occasion Sheth Bakubhai made a fervent appeal to the Jains of India to unite for the common cause and to try to prevent such laws in future which obstruct the performances of our religious ceremonies.

NAZI THREAT TO NEUTRALS

(Continued from Page 6)

that well add to the safety of Leningrad and regions round it, and beyond to force an entrance into the Atlantic in a northerly way. Generally it is viewed that Russia might well hold to the course of keeping and extending a pressure on Finland with the intention of obtaining desired concessions. Between two greatly unequal Powers a "war of nerves" has a more assertive chance. A mobilisation that Finland is now forced to maintain is estimated as costing Helsinki close to forty million Finnish Marks daily. And on the conception of one can fish better in troubled waters, Moscow keeps also in association with the aim of realising aims upon Finland, care to studied support in ways to Germany. It is not felt that Russia will rush lightly to military steps which can lead to serious and unpleasant repercussions. There is an added interest in Moscow to settle with Finland, with the possible intention of assuming a more active policy in easterly and south-easterly directions. Italian press comments display much sensitiveness about Moscow getting to move to gain influence in South-eastern Europe.

★

German occupation of Poland is being maintained with the employment of extremely rigorous measures. Some of the measures introduced for the administration of occupied regions, suggest the intentions of Hitler for absorbing parts more closely, violently and flagrantly trampling over conceptions of nationality often loudly proclaimed by him. Thus for instance, the important town of Lodz has been annexed and added to Posen created now as a "Reichsgau" (German province). Lodz the leading centre of Polish textile industry has a population of 653,400. Of these, round sixty per cent. are Poles, near to thirty-four per cent. Jews, and only about six per cent. are of German nationality. Lodz which now has been converted into a "German town", is the second largest town in Poland and contains two and a half times as many inhabitants as Posen, the capital of the new German province and residence of the Governor, Greiser, the former President of the Senate of the Free City of Danzig. When one takes into consideration the whole region of Lodz, which shares the same fate as that of the town, Poles form a little over eighty per cent. Jews near to thirteen per cent. and the German minority not even fully six per cent. Hitler's intention, very similar to an avowed policy of Bismarck, apparently is, with his having his way, to destroy the Poles as a nation and to make Polish provinces German. This policy had got much deep into German mind. It was a liberal German deputy, Dr. Sattler, who in 1898 stated in the Reichstag with brutal frankness:—"The opposition between us Germans and you Poles is a natural necessity. We Germans cannot permit that another be the ruler of a territory which is at a distance of only a few hour's ride from our capital. From this point of view, you Poles must realise that we are compelled to eliminate this other nation. It is our obligation to seek not only to make loyal citizens of the Prussians of Polish nationality, but also to transform them into Germans." Hitler apparently has sustained care to a line indicated by conception of the above kind, though for a while he devoted much care and good deal of ingenuity to hide it. The residence of the principal German representative for occupied Poland newly has been removed from Warsaw to Cracow. The miserable state in which Warsaw is at present is mentioned as making it unfitted to be a place of residence for "Governor General" Frank According to some Swiss papers, behind it is as well, the plan, with Hitler left to work out his designs, of making Cracow the capital of a rump Polish State or "Protectorate" which also is indicative of a reduced and deformed form under conditions intended to be given for one such.

★

Repressive measures of the most drastic character continue to be extended in Bohemia and Moravia now styled the "protectorate". Newly in Prague several persons have been executed and thousands arrested. The official German news agency itself admits of the execution of nine. The number recently arrested, alone in Prague is, stated as being over two thousand and in the "protectorate" round fifty thousand. The steps being pushed, particularly in regard to economic and cultural spheres and the transfer of people into different regions, have led to restiveness assuming practical forms, despite many rigid restrictions already initiated. Near to twenty thousand Czech teachers it would appear, have been thrown out of employment. The persons newly executed are mainly students. The Czech University and the Czech Technical High School in Prague are guarded by armed S. S. men or the black uniformed Nazi security guards. The students' hostels are guarded by the Gestapo or the dreaded secret police of Himmler. Eloquent testimony to a cultural autonomy. In a statement this week, Benes, the former President of Czechoslovakia declared that the most repressive and ruthless of steps will not kill the will and the soil of the Czech nation and it will know to honour the persons being shot down. A good while I have spend in Czechoslovakia. Those who have come across closely with the Czechs cannot mistake a keen passion for independence of the Czechs, who certainly count among the most progressively minded of the peoples, with a great care to civil liberties.

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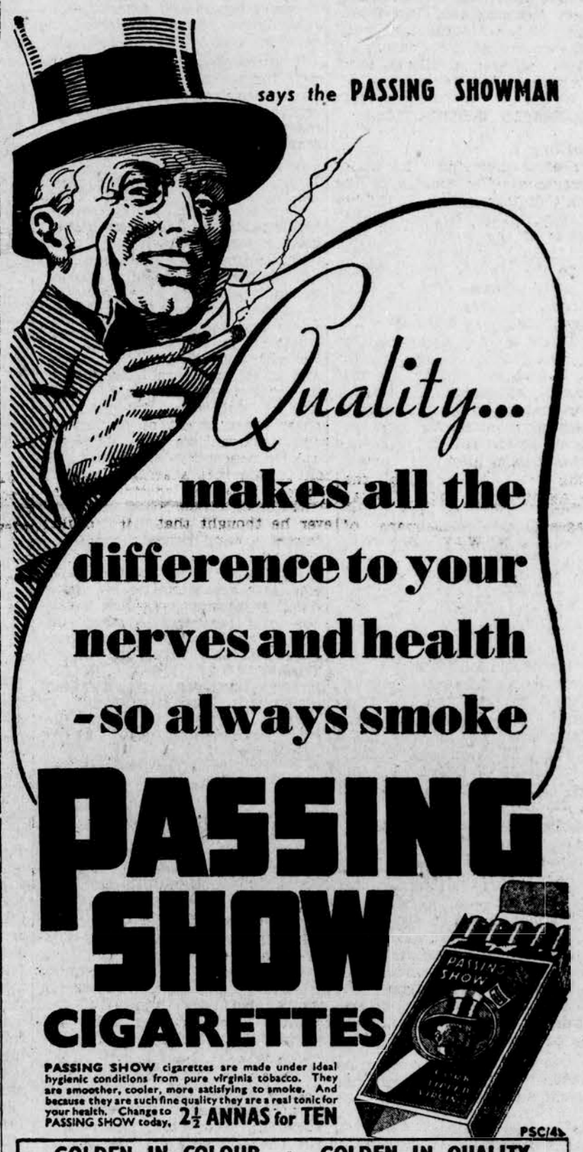

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MUSLIM CONTRIBUTION TO NEW INDIA

Ranganathan Sets Task For Osmania Graduates

HYDERABAD (Dn.), Dec. 2.

"Students have to realise that discipline is not opposed to freedom but is complementary to it, that the final aim of all discipline is the development of self-control and that without such self-control and thoughtful self direction, freedom would degenerate into licence." This observation was made by Dewan Bahadur S. Ranganathan, Vice-Chancellor of the Madras University, in the course of his Convocation Address delivered at the Osmania University this afternoon.

MEDIA OF INSTRUCTIONS

Dwelling on the great advantages of employing the major languages of the country as the media of instruction in higher education, the Dewan Bahadur was of the opinion that they would help to make knowledge real to the student, would bridge the gulf between the educated few and the vast illiterate sections of the community and would give a great impetus to the development of modern Indian languages and to the diffusion of knowledge and culture. Unfortunately what had been so successfully attempted in the State of Hyderabad was not easy of achievement in other parts of India.

There were, he said, almost insuperable difficulties in the way of replacing English immediately by the languages of the country because many of the Indian languages were yet not quite suited to serve as vehicles of modern thought.

In this connection he thought that the resolution passed at the Universities conference held in Bombay marked an important advance in educational thought in India and he had no doubt that the lead given by Hyderabad would be followed by other Universities when conditions were favourable.

METHODS OF RESEARCH

It is a matter of common experience that teaching which consists merely in the handing on of text-book information to students loses vitality and interest. It is, therefore, necessary not only that the teachers of the University should conduct research on their own lines, but that there should be organised training of students in the methods of research.

He was glad that due attention had been paid to the provision for technical education within the State.

The speaker appealed to the nobles and wealthy citizens of Hyderabad to assist the University with generous endowments.

"The greatest need of our country to-day, as every one has regretfully to admit," said the Vice-Chancellor, is the promotion of harmony and goodwill between the great Hindu and Muslim communities.

"The chief characteristic of a really civilised society is the spontaneous and willing co-operation of its members in all that concerns the well-being of the community, for such co-operation implies self-discipline, a sensitiveness to the feelings and needs of others and a readiness to subordinate personal ends to the common good.

Towards the building up of the new India, the speaker said, Hyderabad as an influential centre of Moslem culture had a most effective contribution to make.

TRIBUTE TO ISLAM

Of all Eastern civilisations, Mohamadanism had been historically the most closely in touch with Europe. It has shared with Europe the heritage of classical antiquity. On the other hand for more than twelve long centuries Islam had been in contact with Hinduism in India, affecting the thought and life of the people and in its own turn influenced by its environment. Its great doctrine of duty was intended to cover every aspect of human life and its mysticism had developed a lofty conception of Ethics. "It is, as some of its greatest modern leaders have pointed out and as is exemplified in the life of the Ruler of the State, a religion of peace, toleration and brotherhood."

Patriotism, the Vice-Chancellor said, is a great and noble virtue, but it is an emotion which is capable of being exploited for unworthy ends and sordid purposes.

HE ADVISED THE GRADUATES TO SEE THAT THEY INTERPRETED THEIR PATRIOTISM WORTHILY AND DIRECTED IT ALONG FRUITFUL CHANNELS OF SERVICE TO THEIR COUNTRY

Christian Minorities And Jinnah

NAGPUR, Dec. 3.

There is a move, it is understood, to sponsor a resolution questioning the right of Mr. M A Jinnah to represent Christian minorities at the forthcoming All-India Christian Conference to be held here from 27th December under the presidentship of Mr. H. C. Mukerjee of Calcutta.—A. P

NEW YORK (By Air Mail).—The American Naturopathic Association, New York, has conferred the diploma of "Doctor of Natural Philosophy" on Prof. S. Goswami, Dean of the Goswami Institute of Physical Culture and Yoga, Santipur, Bengal, and "Doctor of Natural Science" on Mr. D Pramanik.—United Press

Inmates of the Children's Home, Chembur, who mustered strong at the celebration of the Children's Day there on Sunday, when H. E. The Governor of Bombay paid a visit to the colony.

WHY NATIONALIST MUSLIM CONFERENCE NOW?

It Will Hinder Progress Of Congress-League Negotiations

Bombay, Dec. 4.

An appeal to the organisers of the proposed Nationalist Muslims' Conference to abandon the idea of holding it has been made by Mr. S. A. Brelvi, in the course of a statement to the press. Mr. Brelvi says:

"It was recently announced in the Press that it was proposed to hold a Nationalist Muslims' Conference in Delhi towards the end of this month.

Interviewed regarding it, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad has stated that he has no information about it nor has he been consulted about it. He has also expressed his opinion that such a conference at this juncture is not only unnecessary but will also lead to many misunderstandings. I have no doubt this view is shared by most Nationalist Muslims who, I also feel sure, will disagree with Maulana Naruddin Behari, the convenor of the proposed conference, who in his statement, says that they would "not permit the Congress to compromise with any minority and particularly with the Muslim minority", because they "do not want that the follies of 1916 should be repeated".

"Whatever may have been the defects of the Congress-League Pact of 1916, it certainly paved the way for the historic Hindu-Muslim co-operation in the great non-co-operation movement of 1920-22. Circumstances are not very much dissimilar to-day when we are once again in the midst of a war. Both the Congress and the Muslim League stand for the independence of the country. Nationalist Muslims are convinced that it is not possible to win independence without Hindu-Muslim unity the attainment of which is the biggest and most urgent task that faces the country to-day. Hence they desire nothing more ardently than an immediate, honourable and abiding Hindu-Muslim settlement. They hope that the conversations between Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru and Mr. M. A. Jinnah will soon take place and lead to such a settlement. They will help and not hinder the attainment of this happy end. The proposed conference, as Maulana Abul Kalam says, will lead to many misunderstandings. It will hinder the progress of the Congress-League negotiations, and I hope its organisers will abandon the idea of holding it".—

Gujarat P. C. C. Executive

BARODA, Dec. 3.

The Working Committee of the Gujerat Provincial Congress Committee will meet at Ahmedabad on December 13 to transact some route business. Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel will preside.—United Press.

On the occasion of the 68th birthday of His Highness the Maharaja of Kapurthala, twenty-one prisoners were released from jail before the expiry of their full term of imprisonment.

'HULLO' MAHATMA!

Shegaon Connected With Phone

NAGPUR, Dec. 3.

Mahatma Gandhi's cottage in Shegaon is now connected with the rest of the world by telephone. A trial call was put through yesterday. Mr. Jagdish Prasad, Divisional Engineer, visited Shegaon to supervise the operations.

It will be recalled that last month a Post Office was also opened in Shegaon.—A. P

C. R.'s Seven Hours' Talks With Gandhiji

WARDHA, Dec. 4.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachariar, ex-Premier of Madras, spent about seven hours at Shegaon yesterday having long talks with Gandhiji. It is understood he will be leaving for Madras on Tuesday evening by the Grand Trunk Express.

Dr. Zakir Hussain, President of the All-India Education Board, arrived here last night and will be going to Shegaon to have consultations with Mahatma Gandhi in connection with the Wardha Scheme of Education.—A.P.

CONGRESS ON TOP IN C. P. ELECTIONS

NAGPUR, Dec. 3

Congress achieved another big victory in Local Board elections at Chhindwara. For 33 seats, three Congress candidates were returned unopposed and 25 after contesting the elections.

At Amarwara also the Congress has secured a big majority in the elections.—A. P

INDUSTRIAL HEALTH

Ahmedabad Advisory Board's Decisions

AHMEDABAD, (By Mail.)

Secretary of the Industrial Health Advisory Board, Ahmedabad writes:

The second meeting of the Industrial Health Advisory Board, Ahmedabad, was held on the 29th ultimo, when the report of the Sub-Committee, appointed at the first meeting, for drafting a form for the medical examination of industrial workers, was considered and the form adopted with slight modifications.

MEDICAL EXAMINATION.

In regard to the personnel for conducting the medical examination it was resolved that the mills which have their own doctors, might be allowed to conduct the examination through those doctors, provided they were registered medical practitioners and came up to the standard of efficiency, required by the Board, that part-time workers might be engaged as suggested by the Sub-Committee, that in addition to them, full time doctors might be recruited on a salary of Rs. 50 per month, and that all the doctors should carry out the work under the guidance, supervision and control of the Board. The Chief Inspector of Factories has accorded sanction to the utilisation of the Fines Fund, available with individual mills for defraying the expenses connected with the medical examination of industrial workers.

BALANCED DIET.

Another resolution of the Board related to the study of a balanced diet and to frame the actual dietary of the industrial workers, the recommendations of the Board in this respect should be forwarded to the Textile Labour Association and the Millowners' Association, Ahmedabad, with a request that the latter body might issue a circular to its members instructing them to give effect to them by prohibiting the sale in mill restaurants of items other than those suggested by the Board and that a scheme should be drawn up for propagating the conclusions reached by the Board in regard to the dietary of workers.

MYSORE JOURNALISTS PROTEST

Against Newspapers Bill On Anvil

BANGALORE, (By Mail.)

The annual general meeting of the Mysore State Journalists' Association, Bangalore, was held at the Association premises with Rao Saheb C. Hayavadana Rao in the chair.

The Association expressed its disapproval of the Mysore Newspapers Bill now on the anvil of the Legislative Council on the ground that it was harmful to the interests of the Press in Mysore and expressed the hope that at a time when the new reforms had just been announced and extended privileges were being given to the people, the Government would see their way to withdraw the Bill.—United Press.

Prohibition In Assam

Saadulla Cabinet Not To Abandon "Late Ministry's Scheme"

SHILLONG, Dec. 4.

That the Saadulla Cabinet did not propose to make any sudden break in the policy pursued by the late Ministry in the matter of drive against illiteracy as the present Cabinet was anxious for spreading the light of education to every nook and corner of the province, was the opinion expressed by the Hon'ble Mr. Rohini Kumar Chowdhury, Minister for Revenue and Education, Assam, in the course of an interview to the "United Press".

Referring to the Government's intention about the late Ministry's Prohibition scheme Mr. Chowdhury stated that the Cabinet had tentatively decided not to abandon the scheme though it was likely that the Ministry would feel disposed to effect some alterations in the manner of its execution. These changes which were proposed to be made in the light of the reports received by the Government were largely disapproving of and discouraging the methods at present being pursued and were not likely to be finally decided upon before the subject was discussed in a full meeting of the Cabinet.—United Press.

Opium Rationing In Assam

SHILLONG, Dec. 4.

The "United Press" reliably understands that the Saadulla Cabinet have passed orders for accelerated reduction of the ration of opium in those districts where the Prohibition Scheme has not yet been put into force.—United Press.

ORISSA TENANCY LEGISLATION

Ex-Premier Answers Critics

BERHAMPORE (Ganjam), Dec. 3.

With reference to some newspapers' comments challenging certain aspects of his previous statements regarding the Orissa Tenancy Legislation Mr. Biswanath Das, ex-Premier of Orissa, in an interview to the "United Press" stated that no one need be anxious about Madras Estates Land Act (Orissa Amendment Bill), 1938. The legislation, Mr. Das observed, was to introduce the existing ryotwari assessment into zemindari areas and thus to put a stop to all maladies and miseries prevalent therein on a just and economic basis.

Interference in this legislation by the Viceroy, he continued, would only be regarded as a breach of pledge in accordance with the assurances contained in "the message to the people of India," on the basis of which the Congress decided to accept office. Interference, if any, would reduce the position of Provincial Legislative Assembly to a debating society and Mr. Das hoped that Lord Linlithgow who was the chairman of the Joint Parliamentary Committee would be the last person to be a party to such an act.—United Press.

Edgar Wallace Detective Story Day By Day

INSPECTOR WADE

THE JUG OF DEATH

AND WHAT IS HAPPENING TO BOGGS AT THE GYMNASIUM? IS HE GETTING ANY PLACE WITH CANELLI?
4-19
I BEEN WATCHIN' YOU, KID. WHAT'S YOUR NAME?
ME, MR. CANELLI? TH' NAME'S BO--- ER- I MEAN, TH' NAME IS SWAMP!
SWAMP, HUH? YEAH, I RE- MEMBER NOW-- I SPOKE TO YOU LAST WEEK!
SURE, YOU DID -- AN' BLIMEY, MR. CANELLI, I'M READY FOR H'ANYTHING!
LAST WEEK ALL YOU DID WAS TALK/ WOT H'I'M H'INTERESTED IN IS H'ACTION/
OKAY/ GET YOUR CLOTHES/ I'M TAKIN' YOU SOMEPLACE WHERE YOU'LL GET PLENTY!
THIS?
DON'T WORRY, SWAMP/ THAT NAME MEANS PLENTY OF ACTION!
4 SQUARE PROTECTIV ASSOCIATIO
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A. I. C. C. CIRCULARS TO PROVINCIAL COMMITTEES

ALLAHABAD, Dec. 4.

The A.I.C.C. Office has sent circulars to all the Provincial Congress Committees asking them to prepare the rolls of primary members and furnish the A.I.C.C. office with a statement of the same.

The A.I.C.C. office has also asked them to expedite the divisions of provinces into fixed territorial constituencies and assign delegates to them in terms of the Congress Constitution if they have not done so already.—United Press.

As a result of the loss of the liner "Terukuni Maru", off the east coast of England, N. Y. K. Shipping Company has decided to replace modernised vessels.

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